

# [MS-WSH]: Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol Specification

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## Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
04/03/2007	0.1		MCPD Milestone Longhorn Initial Availability
06/01/2007	2.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
07/03/2007	3.0	Major	MLonghorn+90
07/20/2007	4.0	Major	Made fixes to packets.
08/10/2007	4.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
09/28/2007	4.0.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
10/23/2007	4.0.3	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
11/30/2007	4.0.4	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
01/25/2008	5.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
03/14/2008	5.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
05/16/2008	5.0.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
06/20/2008	6.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
07/25/2008	6.1	Minor	Updated the technical content.
08/29/2008	6.2	Minor	Updated the technical content.
10/24/2008	6.2.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
12/05/2008	7.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
01/16/2009	8.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
02/27/2009	8.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
04/10/2009	8.0.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
05/22/2009	9.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
07/02/2009	10.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
08/14/2009	11.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
09/25/2009	11.1	Minor	Updated the technical content.
11/06/2009	12.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
12/18/2009	13.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
01/29/2010	13.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
03/12/2010	14.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
04/23/2010	15.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
06/04/2010	15.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
07/16/2010	16.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
08/27/2010	17.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
10/08/2010	18.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
11/19/2010	19.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
01/07/2011	20.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
02/11/2011	20.0	No change	No changes to the meaning, language, or formatting of the technical content.
03/25/2011	21.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
05/06/2011	22.0	Major	Significantly changed the technical content.
06/17/2011	23.0	Major	This document has been updated by The Technical Committee.

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# 1 Introduction

The Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol is included in the packet payload specified in the Statement of Health (SoH) for the Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol, as specified in [\[MS-SOH\]](#). The WSHA reports the system security health state to the WSHV, which responds with **quarantine** and **remediation** instructions if the status reported is not compliant with the defined security health policy. If the status is compliant with the security health policy, the WSHV responds by allowing the client into the network.

This document includes the following:

- How messages are transported and message syntax (section [2](#)).
- Protocol details including abstract data models, state machines, and message processing rules (section [3](#)).
- A protocol example (section [4](#)).
- Security considerations for implementers (section [5](#)).
- An appendix of Microsoft Windows® behavior (section [6](#)).
- An index (section [8](#)).

## 1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-GLOS\]](#):

**Network Access Protection (NAP)**  
**Network Access Protection (NAP) client**  
**network policy server (NPS)**  
**statement of health (SoH)**  
**statement of health response (SoHR)**

The following terms are specific to this document:

**quarantine:** The isolation of a non-compliant computer from protected network resources.

**remediation:** Bringing a non-compliant computer into a compliant state.

**security updates:** The software patches released by Microsoft to fix known security issues in released Microsoft software.

**Windows Security Center (WSC):** WSC is the service on Windows XP SP3 and Windows Vista clients that determines the firewall, antivirus, antispyware, and Automatic Updates states that are then reported by the WSHA.

**Windows Update Agent (WUA):** Provides critical operating system updates to the user, including driver updates, security fixes, and application updates.

**MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT:** These terms (in all caps) are used as specified in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

## 1.2 References

References to Microsoft Open Specification documents do not include a publishing year because links are to the latest version of the documents, which are updated frequently. References to other documents include a publishing year when one is available.

### 1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact [dochelp@microsoft.com](mailto:dochelp@microsoft.com). We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624>, as an additional source.

[MS-DTYP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Data Types](#)".

[MS-SOH] Microsoft Corporation, "[Statement of Health for Network Access Protection \(NAP\) Protocol Specification](#)".

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.rfc-editor.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

### 1.2.2 Informative References

[ITUX680] ITU-T, "Abstract Syntax Notation One (ASN.1): Specification of Basic Notation", Recommendation X.680, July 2002, <http://www.itu.int/ITU-T/studygroups/com17/languages/X.680-0207.pdf>

[MS-DHCPE] Microsoft Corporation, "[Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol \(DHCP\) Extensions](#)".

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Protocols Master Glossary](#)".

[MS-HCEP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Health Certificate Enrollment Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-PEAP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol \(PEAP\) Specification](#)".

[MS-RNAP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Vendor-Specific RADIUS Attributes for Network Access Protection \(NAP\) Data Structure](#)".

[MS-TSGU] Microsoft Corporation, "[Terminal Services Gateway Server Protocol Specification](#)".

[MS-WUSP] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Update Services: Client-Server Protocol Specification](#)".

[MSDN-INapSysHA] Microsoft Corporation, "INapSystemHealthAgentCallback Interface", [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa369655\(v=VS.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa369655(v=VS.85).aspx)

[MSDN-INapSysHV] Microsoft Corporation, "INapSystemHealthValidator Interface", [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa369692\(VS.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa369692(VS.85).aspx)

[MSDN-NAP] Microsoft Corporation, "Network Access Protection", [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa369712\(VS.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa369712(VS.85).aspx)

[MSDN-NAPAPI] Microsoft Corporation, "NAP Interfaces", [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa369705\(v=VS.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa369705(v=VS.85).aspx)



[MSDN-NapDatatypes] Microsoft Corporation, "NAP Datatypes", [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc441807\(v=VS.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/cc441807(v=VS.85).aspx)

[MSDN-WUAAPI] Microsoft Corporation, "Windows Update Agent API", [http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa387099\(VS.85\).aspx](http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa387099(VS.85).aspx)

[MSFT-MSRC] Microsoft Corporation, "Microsoft Security Response Center Security Bulletin Severity Rating System (Revised, November 2002)", November 2002, <http://www.microsoft.com/technet/security/bulletin/rating.msp>

If you have any trouble finding [MSFT-MSRC], please check [here](#).

### 1.3 Overview

The Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol uses the Statement of Health (SoH) for the Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol (as specified in [\[MS-SOH\]](#)) to transport a client's security health state to a corresponding **network policy server (NPS)** in an **SoH** message, and then to return remediation instructions to the client in a **Statement of Health Response (SoHR)** message.

For detailed information about the **Network Access Protection (NAP)** system components and developers API, see [\[MSDN-NAP\]](#).

#### 1.3.1 Network Access Protection (NAP) Application Programming Interface (API)

The Network Access Protection (NAP) API provides a set of function calls that allow SHAs from third-party vendors to register with the NAP agent to indicate system health status and to respond to queries for system health status from the NAP agent. The function calls also enable the NAP agent to pass system health remediation information. The NAP API allows SHVs from third-party vendors to register with the network policy server (NPS) to receive system health status for validation and to respond with health evaluation results and remediation information.

For information about the NAP API, see [\[MSDN-NAPAPI\]](#).

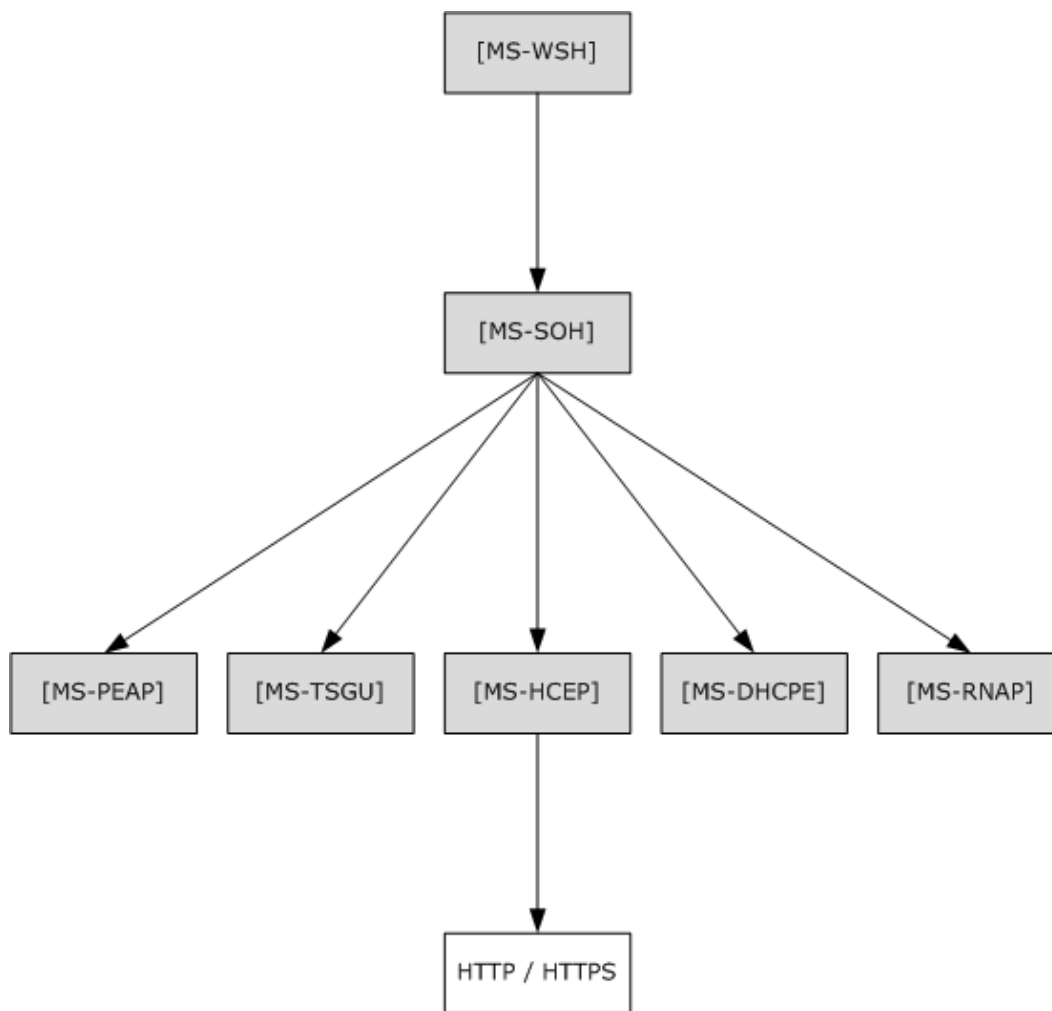
### 1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The WSHA and WSHV data is encapsulated in the SoH and SoHR messages, where the WSHA data is packaged as an **SoHReportEntry** set within SoH messages and the WSHV data is packaged as an **SoHRReportEntry** set within SoHRmessages. The exact processing rules for encapsulating WSHA and WSHV data in SoH and SoHR messages are described in [\[MS-SOH\]](#) sections [3.2](#) and [3.3](#).

The SoH or the SoHR messages can be carried in one of the following protocols:

- Health Certificate Enrollment Protocol (HCEP), as described in [\[MS-HCEP\]](#).
- Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS), as described in [\[MS-RNAP\]](#) sections [2.2.1.8](#) and [2.2.1.19](#).
- Protected Extensible Authentication Protocol (PEAP), as described in [\[MS-CEAP\]](#) [2.2.2](#).
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP), as described in [\[MS-DHCPE\]](#) section [2.2.2](#).
- Terminal Services Gateway Server Protocol, as described in [\[MS-TSGU\]](#) section [2.2.2.19](#).

This protocol relationship is demonstrated in the following diagram.



**Figure 1: Relationship to other protocols**

#### **1.4.1 Relationship with the Windows Update Client-Server Protocol [MS-WUSP]**

During operation, the Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) sends a summary of Windows Update-related information in an SoH message. The WSHA on a client retrieves the summary information by calling the Windows Update Agent API [\[MSDN-WUAPI\]](#).

The Windows Update Agent communicates with a Windows Update Server using the Windows Update Client-Server Protocol [\[MS-WUSP\]](#). To operate successfully, the Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol do not require the Windows Update Client-Server Protocol to be present and functioning.

The codes sent in the SoH message reflect the current state of the Windows Update Agent and are described in section [2.2.9](#).

The Windows Update Client-Server Protocol [MS-WUSP] is not mentioned in this section regarding the relationships to the WSHA and WSHV Protocol because this protocol operates with or without the Windows Update Client-Server Protocol and simply reports status in an agnostic manner.

## 1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

For a Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol exchange to occur, there must be a Statement of Health (SoH) for the Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol (as specified in [\[MS-SOH\]](#)) session with a suitable transport protocol established between the client and a health policy server. There must also be WSHA and WSHV client and server components running on the client and health policy server, respectively.

## 1.6 Applicability Statement

The Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol is applicable only in an environment in which NAP is being used, and the NAP service is enabled on the client computer.

## 1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

The WSHA reports its version in the SoH, as specified in section [2.2.6](#). The WSHV parses the status and enforces the policy differently, depending on the WSHA version.

Based on the implementation configuration, the Network Access Protection (NAP) client must be installed.[<1>](#)

## 1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

The Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol does not include any vendor-extensible fields.

## 1.9 Standards Assignments

The Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol has no standards assignments.

## 2 Messages

The following sections specify how Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol messages are transported and WSHA and WSHV Protocol message syntax.

This protocol references commonly used data types as defined in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#).

### 2.1 Transport

The Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol does not provide its own transport. It MUST be carried in the Statement of Health (SoH) for the Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol, as specified in [\[MS-SOH\]](#).

### 2.2 Message Syntax

The Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol is comprised of messages in the form of SoHReportEntries in the NAP SoH and SoHR, respectively, as specified in [\[MS-SOH\]](#) sections [2.2.5.3](#) and [2.2.6.3](#). The values within both packages are ASN.1-compliant TLVs. For more information on the ASN.1 notation, see [\[ITUX680\]](#).

The respective SoH and SoHR message formats are specified in the following sections.

#### 2.2.1 TLV

The following are the basic constituents of all TLVs contained in the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted, and the values MUST be specified in this order. The **M** and **R** bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. Unless otherwise noted, all TLV values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31																
Type																Length																															
Value (variable)																																															
...																																															

**Type (2 bytes):** A structure that contains the **M**, **R**, and **Type** subfields in the TLV.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M R		Type																													

**M (1 bit):** MUST be set to 0.

**R (1 bit):** A reserved field that MUST be set to 0 when sending, and ignored upon receipt.

**Type (14 bits):** Indicates the type of data contained in the **Value** field.

**Length (2 bytes):** MUST specify the length in bytes of the **Value** field.

**Value (variable):** Contains the data for the TLV specified as an array of bytes.

The SoH and SoHR are lists of TLVs concatenated one after the other.

## 2.2.2 WSHA SoH

The following subsections define the TLV constituents of the WSHA SoH packet. All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in the order in which they are presented in this specification. TLVs 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 12 MUST have at least one instance. They MAY have multiple instances, depending on how many firewall, antivirus, and antispyware products are installed. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV values are sent in network byte order, which is big-endian, except for the **Flag** field of TLV 2, the **Version** field of TLV 3, the **Security\_Updates\_DurationSinceLastSynch** field of TLV 17, and the **Security\_Updates\_UpdatesFlag** field of TLV 19, which are sent in machine byte order and are little-endian.

### 2.2.2.1 TLV 1

The following are the constituents of TLV 1 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 1 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
NAPSystemHealthID																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 2.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **NAPSystemHealthID** field.

**NAPSystemHealthID (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

### 2.2.2.2 TLV 2

The following are the constituents of TLV 2 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 2 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian, except for the **Flag** field which is sent in machine-byte order and is little-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0 <sup>1</sup>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0 <sup>2</sup>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0 <sup>3</sup>	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Flag																															
...																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 7.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (8), in bytes, of the **Flag** field.

**Flag (8 bytes):** Eight bytes, as specified in section [2.2.5](#).

### 2.2.2.3 TLV 3

The following are the constituents of TLV 3 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 3 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian, except for the **Version** field which is sent in machine-byte order and is little-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Version																															
...																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 7.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (8), in bytes, of the **Version** field.

**Version (8 bytes):** Eight bytes, as specified in section [2.2.6](#).

### 2.2.2.4 TLV 4

The following are the constituents of TLV 4 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R

bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 4 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Firewall_HealthClassID																															

- M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.
- R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.
- TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 8.
- Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Firewall\_HealthClassID** field.
- Firewall\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

2.2.2.5 TLV 5

The following are the constituents of TLV 5 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. TLV 5 MUST have at least one instance and MAY have multiple instances depending on how many firewall, antivirus, and antispyware products are installed. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 5 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Firewall_ProductName (variable)																															
...																															

- M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.
- R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.
- TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 10.
- Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length, in bytes, of the **Firewall\_ProductName** field.
- Firewall\_ProductName (variable):** A string, as specified in section [2.2.8](#).

### 2.2.2.6 TLV 6

The following are the constituents of TLV 6 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values **MUST** be present, unless otherwise noted. The values **MUST** be in this order. TLV 6 **MUST** have at least one instance and **MAY** have multiple instances depending on how many firewall, antivirus, and antispyware products are installed. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 6 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Firewall_ClientStatusCode																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit **MUST** be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and **MUST** be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that **MUST** be set to 11.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that **MUST** indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Firewall\_ClientStatusCode** field.

**Firewall\_ClientStatusCode (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.9](#).

### 2.2.2.7 TLV 7

The following are the constituents of TLV 7 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values **MUST** be present, unless otherwise noted. The values **MUST** be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 7 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Antivirus_HealthClassID																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit **MUST** be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and **MUST** be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that **MUST** be set to 8.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that **MUST** indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Antivirus\_HealthClassID** field.

**Antivirus\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).



### 2.2.2.8 TLV 8

The following are the constituents of TLV 8 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. TLV 8 MUST have at least one instance and MAY have multiple instances depending on how many firewall, antivirus, and antispyware products are installed. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 8 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Antivirus_ProductName (variable)																															
...																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 10.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length of the string, in bytes, of the **Antivirus\_ProductName** field.

**Antivirus\_ProductName (variable):** A string, as specified in section [2.2.8](#).

### 2.2.2.9 TLV 9

The following are the constituents of TLV 9 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. TLV 9 MUST have at least one instance and MAY have multiple instances depending on how many firewall, antivirus, and antispyware products are installed. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 9 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Antivirus_ClientStatusCode																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 11.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Antivirus\_ClientStatusCode** field.

**Antivirus\_ClientStatusCode (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.9](#).

### 2.2.2.10 TLV 10

The following are the constituents of TLV 10 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 10 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	1					
M	R	TLV_Type														Length																				
Antispyware_HealthClassID																																				

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 8.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Antispyware\_HealthClassID** field.

**Antispyware\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

### 2.2.2.11 TLV 11

The following are the constituents of TLV 11 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. TLV 11 MUST have at least one instance and MAY have multiple instances depending on how many firewall, antivirus, and antispyware products are installed. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 11 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Antispyware_ProductName (variable)																															
...																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 10.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length of the string, in bytes, of the **Antispyware\_ProductName** field.

**Antispyware\_ProductName (variable):** A string, as specified in section [2.2.8](#).

### 2.2.2.12 TLV 12

The following are the constituents of TLV 12 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. TLV 12 MUST have at least one instance and MAY have multiple instances depending on how many firewall, antivirus, and antispyware products are installed. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 12 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Antispyware_ClientStatusCode																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 11.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Antispyware\_ClientStatusCode** field.

**Antispyware\_ClientStatusCode (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.9](#).

### 2.2.2.13 TLV 13

The following are the constituents of TLV 13 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 13 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

									1									2										3			
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Automatic_Updates_HealthClassID																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 8.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Automatic\_Updates\_HealthClassID** field.

**Automatic\_Updates\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

#### 2.2.2.14 TLV 14

The following are the constituents of TLV 14 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 14 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Automatic_Updates_ClientStatusCode																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 11.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Automatic\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode** field.

**Automatic\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.9](#).

#### 2.2.2.15 TLV 15

The following are the constituents of TLV 15 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 15 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

										1										2												3			
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1				
M		R		TLV_Type												Length																			
Security_Updates_HealthClass ID																																			

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 8.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Security\_Updates\_HealthClassID** field.

**Security\_Updates\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

### 2.2.2.16 TLV 16

The following are the constituents of TLV 16 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 16 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Security_Updates_ClientStatusCode																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 11.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode** field.

**Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.9](#).

### 2.2.2.17 TLV 17

The following are the constituents of TLV 17 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 17 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian, except for the **Security\_Updates\_DurationSinceLastSynch** field which is sent in machine-byte order and is little-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M (optional)		R (optional)		TLV_Type (optional)												Length (optional)															

Security_Updates_DurationSinceLastSynch (optional)
...

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 7.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (8), in bytes, of the **Security\_Updates\_DurationSinceLastSynch** field.

**Security\_Updates\_DurationSinceLastSynch (8 bytes):** Eight bytes, as specified in section [2.2.10](#). Not used if an error is returned in the Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode (see section [2.2.9](#)).

**Note** If Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode is an error, TLV 17 will not be present. For more information about Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode, see section [2.2.9](#).

### 2.2.2.18 TLV 18

The following are the constituents of TLV 18 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 18 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
M (optional)	R (optional)	TLV_Type (optional)														Length (optional)															
Security_Updates_WSUSServerName (variable)																															
...																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 7.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length of the string, in bytes, of the **Security\_Updates\_WSUSServerName** field.

**Security\_Updates\_WSUSServerName (variable):** Four bytes followed by a variable-length string, as specified in section [2.2.11](#). Not used if an error is returned in the Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode (see section [2.2.9](#)).

**Note** If Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode is an error, TLV 18 will not be present. For more information about Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode, see section [2.2.9](#).

### 2.2.2.19 TLV 19

The following are the constituents of TLV 19 of the WSHA SoH packet (section [2.2.2](#)). All of the values **MUST** be present, unless otherwise noted. The values **MUST** be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHV upon receipt. All TLV 19 values are sent in network-byte order, which is big-endian, except for the **Security\_Updates\_UpdatesFlag** field which is sent in machine-byte order and is little-endian.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
M (optional)	R (optional)	TLV_Type (optional)														Length (optional)															
Security_Updates_UpdatesFlag (optional)																															
...																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit **MUST** be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and **MUST** be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that **MUST** be set to 7.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that **MUST** indicate the length (8), in bytes, of the **Security\_Updates\_UpdatesFlag** field.

**Security\_Updates\_UpdatesFlag (8 bytes):** Eight bytes, as specified in section [2.2.12](#). Not used if an error is returned in the Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode (see section [2.2.9](#)).

**Note** If Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode is an error, TLV 19 will not be present. For more information about Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode, see section [2.2.9](#).

### 2.2.3 WSHV SoHR

The following sections are the TLV constituents of the WSHV SoHR packet. All of the values **MUST** be present, unless otherwise noted. The values **MUST** be in the order in which they are presented in this specification. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

#### 2.2.3.1 TLV 1

The following are the constituents of TLV 1 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values **MUST** be present, unless otherwise noted. The values **MUST** be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
NAPSystemHealthID																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 2.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **NAPSystemHealthID** field.

**NAPSystemHealthID (4 bytes):** A 32-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.4](#).

### 2.2.3.2 TLV 2

The following are the constituents of TLV 2 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Firewall_HealthClassID																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 8.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Firewall\_HealthClassID** field.

**Firewall\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

### 2.2.3.3 TLV 3

The following are the constituents of TLV 3 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.



0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Firewall_ComplianceCode																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 4.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Firewall\_ComplianceCode** field.

**Firewall\_ComplianceCode (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.13](#).

#### 2.2.3.4 TLV 4

The following are the constituents of TLV 4 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

										1									2											3					
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1				
M (option al)	R (option al)	TLV_Type (optional)														Length (optional)																			
Firewall_ComplianceCode (optional)																																			

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** The **TLV Type** MUST be set to 14.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 1.

**Firewall\_ComplianceCode (1 byte):** An 8-bit field that MUST be set to 2.

#### 2.2.3.5 TLV 5

The following are the constituents of TLV 5 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Antivirus_HealthClassID																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 8.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Antivirus\_HealthClassID** field.

**Antivirus\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

### 2.2.3.6 TLV 6

The following are the constituents of TLV 6 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Antivirus_ComplianceCode_1																															
Antivirus_ComplianceCode_2 (optional)																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 4.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Antivirus\_ComplianceCode\_1** field if only the **Antivirus\_ComplianceCode\_1** is used, or length (8) if the **Antivirus\_ComplianceCode\_2** is also present.

**Antivirus\_ComplianceCode\_1 (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.13](#).

**Antivirus\_ComplianceCode\_2 (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.14](#).

### 2.2.3.7 TLV 7

The following are the constituents of TLV 7 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R

bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
M (optional)	R (optional)	TLV_Type (optional)														Length (optional)															
Antivirus_FailureCategory (optional)																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** The **TLV Type** MUST be set to 14.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 1.

**Antivirus\_FailureCategory (1 byte):** An 8-bit field that MUST be set to 2.

### 2.2.3.8 TLV 8

The following are the constituents of TLV 8 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Antispyware_HealthClassID																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 8.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Antispyware\_HealthClassID** field.

**Antispyware\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

### 2.2.3.9 TLV 9

The following are the constituents of TLV 9 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R

bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	20	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	30	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Antispyware_ComplianceCode_1																															
Antispyware_ComplianceCode_2																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 4.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Antispyware\_ComplianceCode\_1** field if only the **Antispyware\_ComplianceCode\_1** is used, or length (8) if the **Antispyware\_ComplianceCode\_2** is also present.

**Antispyware\_ComplianceCode\_1 (4 bytes):** A DWORD value, as specified in section [2.2.13](#).

**Antispyware\_ComplianceCode\_2 (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.14](#).

### 2.2.3.10 TLV 10

The following are the constituents of TLV 10 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
M (optional)	R (optional)	TLV_Type (optional)														Length (optional)															
Antispyware_FailureCategory (optional)																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to 0 and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** The **TLV Type** MUST be set to 14.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 1.

**Antispyware\_FailureCategory (1 byte):** An 8-bit field that MUST be set to 2.

### 2.2.3.11 TLV 11

The following are the constituents of TLV 11 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values **MUST** be present, unless otherwise noted. The values **MUST** be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

										1										2												3	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1		
M	R	TLV_Type														Length																	
Automatic_Updates_HealthClas sID																																	

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit **MUST** be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and **MUST** be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that **MUST** be set to 8.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that **MUST** indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Automatic\_Updates\_HealthClassID** field.

**Automatic\_Updates\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

### 2.2.3.12 TLV 12

The following are the constituents of TLV 12 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values **MUST** be present, unless otherwise noted. The values **MUST** be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Automatic_Updates_ComplianceCode																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit **MUST** be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and **MUST** be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that **MUST** be set to 4.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that **MUST** indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Automatic\_Updates\_ComplianceCode** field.

**Automatic\_Updates\_ComplianceCode (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.13](#).

### 2.2.3.13 TLV 13

The following are the constituents of TLV 13 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

										1										2										3		
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	
M (optional)	R (optional)	TLV_Type (optional)														Length (optional)																
Automatic_Updates_FailureCategory (optional)																																

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** The **TLV Type** MUST be set to 14.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 1.

**Automatic\_Updates\_FailureCategory (1 byte):** An 8-bit field that MUST be set to 2.

### 2.2.3.14 TLV 14

The following are the constituents of TLV 14 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

										1										2										3		
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	
M	R	TLV_Type														Length																
Security_Updates_HealthClass ID																																

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 8.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (1), in bytes, of the **Security\_Updates\_HealthClassID** field.

**Security\_Updates\_HealthClassID (1 byte):** An 8-bit unsigned integer, as specified in section [2.2.7](#).

### 2.2.3.15 TLV 15

The following are the constituents of TLV 15 for the WSHV SoHR packet (section [2.2.3](#)). All of the values MUST be present, unless otherwise noted. The values MUST be in this order. The M and R bits are defined in the Statement of Health for Network Access Protection (NAP) Protocol [\[MS-SOH\]](#) and are ignored by the WSHA upon receipt.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
M	R	TLV_Type														Length															
Security_Updates_ComplianceCode_1																															
Security_Updates_ComplianceCode_2																															

**M (1 bit):** The **M** bit MUST be set to zero.

**R (1 bit):** The **R** bit is reserved, and MUST be set to zero when sent and ignored on receipt.

**TLV\_Type (14 bits):** A 14-bit unsigned integer that MUST be set to 4.

**Length (2 bytes):** A 16-bit unsigned integer in network-byte order that MUST indicate the length (4), in bytes, of the **Security\_Updates\_ComplianceCode\_1** field if only the **Security\_Updates\_ComplianceCode\_1** is used, or length (8) if the **Security\_Updates\_ComplianceCode\_2** is also present.

**Security\_Updates\_ComplianceCode\_1 (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.13](#).

**Security\_Updates\_ComplianceCode\_2 (4 bytes):** A DWORD, as specified in section [2.2.14](#).

### 2.2.4 NAPSystemHealthID

NAPSystemHealthID is a 32-bit unsigned integer that is assigned by NAP. This NAPSystemHealthID is used to differentiate the [WSHA SoH](#) packets and [WSHV SoHR](#) packets from those of other security health agents. The NAPSystemHealthID value for the WSHA and the WSHV MUST be set to 0x00013780 (79744) which is the NAP assigned ID for WSHA and WSHV.

### 2.2.5 Flag

This consists of eight bytes. The first four bytes are the VendorID and MUST be 0x00013780. The second four bytes are a DWORD that is incremented for each new SoH. It is used to determine if the SoH is a duplicate.

### 2.2.6 Version

This consists of eight bytes. The first four bytes are the VendorID and MUST be 0x00013780. The second four bytes are a DWORD that differentiates the WSHA client version so that the WSHV knows how to handle client version-specific messages. The Microsoft Windows® client versions are as follows:

Value	Meaning
0x00050001	Windows® XP operating system WSHA
0x00060000	Windows Vista® operating system WSHA
0x00060001	Windows Vista® operating system with Service Pack 1 (SP1)WSHA, and subsequent operating systems at this time.

### 2.2.7 HealthClassID

This is an 8-bit field that specifies to which security health class the data in the following fields pertains.

The WSHA and the WSHV HealthClassIDs are as follows.

Value	Meaning
0x00	Firewall
0x01	Antivirus
0x02<2>	Antispyware
0x03	Automatic Updates
0x04	<b>Security Updates</b>

### 2.2.8 ProductName

This is a variable-length, null-terminated Unicode string that contains the product name reported for each health class. This name is passed to the WSHA by **Windows Security Center (WSC)**. When the ClientStatusCode for firewall, antivirus, or antispyware is 0xC0FF0002 (Product Not Installed), then there will be no corresponding ProductName TLV. If the ClientStatusCode for firewall, antivirus, or antispyware is 0xC0FF0003 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_DOWN) or 0x00FF0008 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_NOT\_STARTED\_SINCE\_BOOT), then the ProductName TLV MUST NOT be present. There can be multiple ProductName TLVs.

### 2.2.9 ClientStatusCode

This is a DWORD that reports the specific status for each health class on the client.

The WSHA either provides the specific status for that health class or provides an error if the WSHA was unable to determine the status for that health class. If there is no error condition, the WSHA reports the status of the firewall, antivirus, antispyware, and automatic updates using the last four bits of the DWORD. This status is obtained from the WSC.

ClientStatusCode status names that begin with "E\_" are errors. An error condition is also indicated when the Value begins with 0xC0. An exception to this convention is the ClientStatusCode status E\_MSSHAV\_WUA\_SERVICE\_NOT\_STARTED\_SINCE\_BOOT, which starts with 0x00FF but indicates an error.



### 2.2.9.1 Windows Update Agent (WUA) Error Codes and Security Update Status Codes

Security update codes are obtained from the windows Update Agent (WUA) error codes and security update status codes, as follows.

Value	ClientStatusCode status	Applicable health classes	Meaning
0x00FF0005	S_MSSHA_NO_MISSING_UPDATES	Security updates	The WUA reports that the client is not missing any updates.
0x00FF0006	S_MSSHA_MISSING_UPDATES	Security updates	The WUA reports that the client is missing security updates.
0xC0FF000C	E_MSSHAV_NO_WUS_SERVER	Security updates	The WUA reports that the client is configured for Microsoft Windows® Server Update Services (WSUS), but no WSUS server has been specified.
0xC0FF000D	E_MSSHAV_NO_CLIENT_ID	Security updates	The WUA reports that the client is configured for WSUS but does not have a valid client ID.
0xC0FF000E	E_MSSHAV_WUA_SERVICE_DISABLED	Security updates	The WUA service on the client has been disabled.
0xC0FF000F	E_MSSHAV_WUA_COMM_FAILURE	Security updates	The WUA service is running, but the WSHA is unable to communicate with it to get security update status.

Value	ClientStatusCode status	Applicable health classes	Meaning
0xC0FF0010	E_MSSHAV_UPDATES_INSTALLED_REQUIRE_REBOOT	Security updates	The WUA reports that the client requires being restarted to complete the installation of required security updates.
0x00FF0008	E_MSSHAV_WUA_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT	Security updates	The WUA on the client has not started since the computer started.

### 2.2.9.2 Windows Security Center (WSC) Error Codes

The following table represents Windows Security Center (WSC) error codes.

Value	ClientStatusCode status	Applicable health classes	Meaning
0xC0FF0002	E_MSSHAV_PRODUCT_NOT_INSTALLED	Firewall, antivirus, and antispyware	WSC reports that a firewall, antivirus, or antispyware application is not installed.
0xC0FF0003	E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_DOWN	Firewall, antivirus, antispyware, and automatic updates	The WSC service is not available to report status.
0xC0FF0018	E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT	Firewall, antivirus, antispyware, and automatic updates	The WSC service on the client has not started since the computer started.

### 2.2.9.3 Antivirus and Antispyware Status Codes

The following table represents the possible states for antivirus and antispyware.

Condition	Binary representation (B3,B2,B1,B0)	Hex representation
Microsoft product enabled and up to date, and not snoozed.	0111	0x7
Microsoft product not enabled and not up to date.	0100	0x4
Microsoft product not enabled but up to date.	0110	0x6
Microsoft product enabled but not up to date and not snoozed.	0101	0x5
Microsoft product enabled but not up to date and snoozed.	1101	0xD
Microsoft product enabled and up to date, but snoozed.	1111	0xF
Non-Microsoft product enabled and up to date, and not snoozed.	0011	0x3
Non-Microsoft product not enabled and not up to date.	0000	0x0
Non-Microsoft product not enabled but up to date.	0010	0x2
Non-Microsoft product enabled but not up to date and not snoozed.	0001	0x1
Non-Microsoft product enabled but not up to date and snoozed.	1001	0x9
Non-Microsoft product enabled and up to date, but snoozed.	1011	0xB

#### 2.2.9.4 Firewall Status Codes

The following table represents the possible states for firewall.

Condition	Binary representation (B3,B2,B1,B0)	Hex representation
Microsoft product enabled and not snoozed.	0101	0x5
Microsoft product not enabled.	0100	0x4
Microsoft product enabled and snoozed.	1101	0xD
Non-Microsoft product enabled and not snoozed.	0001	0x1
Non-Microsoft product not enabled.	0000	0x0
Non-Microsoft product enabled and snoozed.	1001	0x9

### 2.2.9.5 Automatic Update Status Codes

Automatic updates are handled differently. The following table represents the possible states for automatic updates (AUs).

Condition	Binary representation (B3,B2,B1,B0)	Hex representation
AUs not enabled.	0001	0x1
AUs enabled, but check only for updates.	0010	0x2
AUs enabled, and download updates.	0011	0x3
AUs enabled, and download and install updates.	0100	0x4
AUs never configured.	0101	0x5

Independent of the above states, the last bit of the third byte of the AU ClientStatusCode can take the value 1 if the AU settings on the client are controlled by policy. So the ClientStatusCode can be of either of the following two forms (where 'X' is described by the preceding table):

- 0x0000000X – Not configured by policy
- 0x0000010X – Configured by policy

### 2.2.9.6 ClientStatusCode Packet

The ClientStatusCode Packet is structured as follows.

[illegible]

**Ignore (28 bits):** This field MUST be ignored on receipt.

**B3 (1 bit):** Product snoozed: This bit is set if the product has been temporarily placed into a "snoozed" state. This applies to firewall, antivirus, and antispyware. For automatic updates, this bit is ignored.

**B2 (1 bit):** Microsoft product: This bit is set if the product being reported in that health class is a Microsoft product. For automatic updates, this bit is ignored.

**B1 (1 bit):** Product up to date: This bit is set if the product reports that it has the current applicable signature definitions. This applies to antivirus and antispyware. For firewall and automatic updates, this bit is ignored.

**BO (1 bit):** Product enabled: This bit is set if the product reports that it is enabled. This applies to firewall, antivirus, antispyware, and automatic updates.

A product within a health class may have more than one state, but because each product can be reported only once in each health class, there is a hierarchy of precedence for which condition will

trigger the compliance code in the WSHV. The following table lists the health class status that will take precedence. (This does not apply to AUs.)

Value
0x7
0x3
0x4, 0x5, 0x6, 0xD, or 0xF
0x1
0x2 or 0xB
0x0 or 0x9

## 2.2.10 DurationSinceLastSynch

This is comprised of eight bytes. The first four bytes are the VendorID and MUST be 0x00013780. The second four bytes are a DWORD that contains the time in seconds since the client last scanned for updates. If the Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode is an error, then this TLV is not used. [<3>](#)

## 2.2.11 WSUSServerName

This consists of four bytes plus a variable-length single-byte string. The first four bytes are the Vendor ID and MUST be 0x0013780. The string reports the name of the Windows Server Update Services (WSUS) server with which the client is enlisted. This TLV is optional, depending on whether the client is using WSUS for security updates. If Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode is an error, this TLV is not used. If the client is not registered with WSUS, the Vendor ID MUST be followed by a single byte of zeros (0x00) rather than a variable-length string.

## 2.2.12 UpdatesFlag

This consists of eight bytes. The first four bytes are the VendorID and MUST be 0x00013780. The second four bytes are a DWORD that reports specific information on the security update status of the client. [<4>](#) This status is given by setting bits to flag the severity rating and the accepted sources. The values of the flags are listed in the following tables. If the Security\_Updates\_ClientStatusCode is an error, then this TLV is not used.

Value	Severity rating
0x00000040	Unspecified
0x00000080	Low
0x00000100	Moderate
0x00000200	Important
0x00000400	Critical

Value	Source enlistments
0x00004000	Windows Update
0x00010000	WSUS
0x00020000	Microsoft Update

### 2.2.13 ComplianceCode1

This is a DWORD that returns to the client whether or not each health class is compliant.

ComplianceCode names that begin with "E\_" are errors. An error condition is also indicated when the value begins with 0xC0.

Value	ComplianceCode name	Applicable health classes	Meaning
0x00000000	S_OK	All	The status reported for a particular health class is acceptable.
0xC0FF000C	E_MSSHAV_NO_WUS_SERVER	Security updates	The WUA reports that the client is configured for WSUS, but no WSUS server has been specified.
0xC0FF000D	E_MSSHAV_NO_CLIENT_ID	Security updates	The WUA reports that the client is configured for WSUS, but it does not have a valid client ID.
0xC0FF000E	E_MSSHAV_WUA_SERVICE_DISABLED	Security updates	The WUA service on the client has been disabled.
0xC0FF000F	E_MSSHAV_WUA_COMM_FAILURE	Security updates	The WUA service is running, but the WSHA is unable to communicate with it to get

Value	ComplianceCode name	Applicable health classes	Meaning
			security update status.
0xC0FF0007	E_MSSHV_SYNC_AND_INSTALL_UPDATES	Security updates	The client has missing required security updates, or it has exceeded the maximum allowable time since it last synched with an update server.
0xC0FF0010	E_MSSHAV_UPDATES_INSTALLED_REQUIRE_REBOOT	Security updates	The WUA reports that the client requires restarting to complete the installation of required security updates.
0xC0FF0012	E_MSSHV_WUS_SHC_FAILURE	Security updates	The WSHV is unable to process the security updates health class received in the SoH.
0x00FF0008	E_MSSHAV_WUA_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT	Security updates	The WUA on the client has not started since the computer started.
0xC0FF0001	E_MSSHV_PRODUCT_NOT_ENABLED	Firewall, antivirus, and antispyware	A Microsoft antivirus or antispyware product is installed, but not enabled.
0xC0FF0047	E_MSSHV_THIRD_PARTY_PRODUCT_NOT_ENABLED	Firewall, antivirus, and	A non-Microsoft antivirus or

Value	ComplianceCode name	Applicable health classes	Meaning
		antispysware	antispysware product is installed, but not enabled.
0xC0FF0002	E_MSSHAV_PRODUCT_NOT_INSTALLED	Firewall, antivirus, and antispysware	WSC reports that a firewall, antivirus, or antispysware application is not installed.
0xC0FF0003	E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_DOWN	Firewall, antivirus, antispysware, and automatic updates	TheWSC service is not available to report status.
0xC0FF0018	E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT	Firewall, antivirus, antispysware, and automatic updates	The WSC service on the client has not started since the computer started.
0xC0FF004E	E_MSSHAV_BAD_UPDATE_SOURCE_MU	Security updates	The WSHV policy requires clients to get their security updates from Microsoft Update, but the client is getting them from a different source.
0xC0FF004F	E_MSSHAV_BAD_UPDATE_SOURCE_WUMU	Security updates	The WSHV policy requires clients to get their security updates from Microsoft Update or Windows Update, but the client is getting them from a different



Value	ComplianceCode name	Applicable health classes	Meaning
			source.
0xC0FF0050	E_MSSHAV_BAD_UPDATE_SOURCE_MUWSUS	Security updates	The WSHV policy requires clients to get their security updates from Microsoft Update or a Windows Server Updates Services server, but the client is getting them from a different source.
0xC0FF0051	E_MSSHAV_NO_UPDATE_SOURCE	Security updates	The WSHV policy requires clients to have up-to-date security updates, but the client is not configured to get updates from any source.

## 2.2.14 ComplianceCode2

This is a DWORD that returns additional information for antivirus, antispyware, and security updates. This compliance code is not used for antivirus and anti-spyware if an error is reported in [ComplianceCode1 \(section 2.2.13\)](#).

### 2.2.14.1 Antivirus and Antispyware

The following codes are used to echo the antivirus and antispyware signature definition status.

ComplianceCode names that begin with "E\_" are errors. An error condition is also indicated when the value begins with 0xC0.

Value	ComplianceCode name	Meaning
0xC0FF0004	E_MSSHV_PRODUCT_NOT_UPTODATE	A Microsoft antivirus or antispyware product is installed and enabled, but not up to date.

Value	ComplianceCode name	Meaning
0xC0FF0048	E_MSSHV_THIRD_PARTY_PRODUCT_NOT_UPTODATE	A non-Microsoft antivirus or antispyware product is installed and enabled, but not up to date.

### 2.2.14.2 Security Updates

For the security updates health class, this contains the minimum Microsoft Security Response Center severity rating (as specified in [\[MSFT-MSRC\]](#)) for updates required by the server. The severity ratings are defined as follows.

Rating	Definition
Critical	A vulnerability whose exploitation could allow the propagation of an Internet worm without user action.
Important	A vulnerability whose exploitation could result in compromise of the confidentiality, integrity, or availability of users' data, or of the integrity or availability of processing resources.
Moderate	Exploitability is mitigated to a significant degree by factors such as default configuration, auditing, or difficulty of exploitation.
Low	A vulnerability whose exploitation is extremely difficult or whose impact is minimal.

The status is given by setting bits to flag the severity ratings. If the [ClientStatusCode](#) sent in the SoH for Security Updates is S\_MSSHA\_NO\_MISSING\_UPDATES (0x00FF0005) or S\_MSSHA\_MISSING\_UPDATES (0x00FF0006), then the value returned for ComplianceCode2 in the SoHR is 0x00000000.

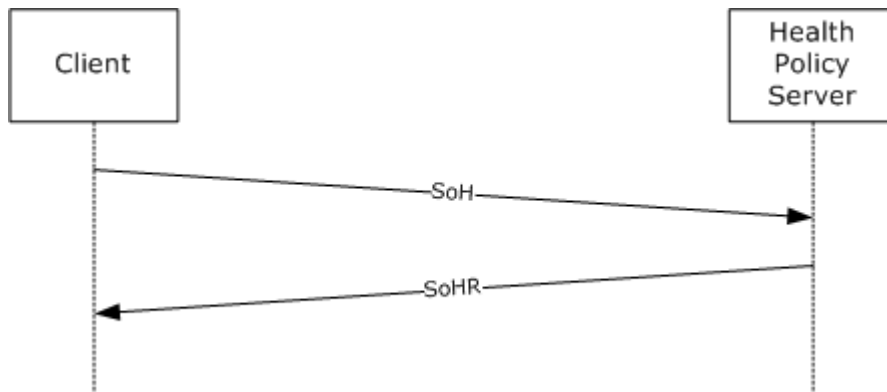
Value	Severity rating
0x00000040	Unspecified
0x00000080	Low
0x00000100	Moderate
0x00000200	Important
0x00000400	Critical

## 3 Protocol Details

The following sections specify details of the Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol, including abstract data models, state machines, and message processing rules.

### 3.1 Common Details

This is a simple protocol with a single exchange. The party seeking access to a network resource sends the SoH and receives an SoHR. It is represented graphically in the following diagram.



**Figure 2: Client SOH request and Health Policy Server response**

The WSHA provides status in the form of an SoHReportEntry in the SoH. The WSHV provides a response to that status in the form of an SoHReportEntry in the SoHR.

#### 3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

The abstract data model in sections [3.2.1](#) and [3.3.1](#) describes a conceptual model of possible data organization that an implementation maintains to participate in this protocol. The described organization is provided to facilitate the explanation of how the protocol behaves. This document does not mandate that implementations adhere to this model as long as their external behavior is consistent with what is described in this document.

The Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol consist of a single exchange. The following should be noted:

- The WSHA reports the client's security health status, and the WSHV compares that status to a policy and returns a quarantine determination.
- The client does not maintain policy information, and the server does not maintain client state information.

The common WSHA and WSHV ADM elements are described in the following table:

Name	Type	Description
<a href="#">NAPSystemHealthID (section 2.2.4)</a>	DWORD	The WSHA and WSHV set the value of the NAPSystemHealthID field to 0x13780 for both the SoH and SoHR messages. This value is used to identify the messages that were sent by either the WSHA or WSHV

Name	Type	Description
		to ensure that the message is received correctly by the corresponding WSHA or WSHV. For more information about the <b>NAPSystemHealthID</b> ADM element, see section <a href="#">2.2.4</a> .
<a href="#">Flag (section 2.2.5)</a>	8 BYTES	The WSHA uses a flag in the SoH to ensure the WSHV recognizes whether the SoH is new or is a duplicate of a previously received SoH. <a href="#">&lt;5&gt;</a> The WSHA initializes the flag's value to 0 when the service is started on the client, and then increments that value for each SoH sent. The service is restarted when the client is rebooted or when the NAP Agent service on the client is restarted. For more information about the Flag ADM element, see section <a href="#">2.2.5</a> .
<a href="#">Version (section 2.2.6)</a>	8 BYTES	The WSHA sets this value for the WSHV to differentiate the WSHA client version so that the WSHV recognizes how to handle client version-specific messages. For more information about the Version ADM element, see section <a href="#">2.2.6</a> .
<a href="#">HealthClassID (section 2.2.7)</a>	BYTE	The WSHA uses the HealthClassID to specify which security health class data is being referred to. For more information about the HealthClassID ADM element, see section <a href="#">2.2.7</a> .

### 3.1.1.1 ProductInformation

The **ProductInformation** ADM data type contains the following attributes describing the installed products related to system health:

**ClientStatusCode:** Client status code as specified in section [2.2.9](#).

**ProductName:** A string that is the name of the product. See section [2.2.8](#).

### 3.1.2 Timers

None.

### 3.1.3 Initialization

None.

### 3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

### 3.1.5 Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

#### 3.1.5.1 Setting the NAP System Health ID Field

The [NAPSystemHealthID \(section 2.2.4\)](#) is used to differentiate the [WSHA SoH](#) packets and the [WSHV SoHR](#) packets from those of other security health agents. The NAPSystemHealthID01 value for the WSHA SoH packets and the WSHV SoHR packets MUST always be set to 0x00013780

(79744), which is the NAP assigned ID for WSHA and WSHV. The processing rules for setting the NAPSystemHealthID01 value in the WSHA SoH packets or the WSHV SoHR packets are called in the following scenarios:

- For WSHA, the NAPSystemHealthID01 value is set whenever a WSHA SoH packet is created. Creation of the WSHA SoH packet is triggered during creation of an SoH, as specified in [\[MS-SOH\]](#) section 3.2.5. When processing an SoHR packet, the NAPSystemHealthID01 value MUST equal 0x00013780 (79744) prior to passing the packet to WSHA, as specified in [\[MS-SOH\]](#) section 3.2.5.4.
- For WSHV, the NAPSystemHealthID01 value is set whenever a WSHV SoHR packet is created. Creation of the WSHV SoHR packet is triggered during creation of an SoHR, as specified in [\[MS-SOH\]](#) section 3.3.5.3. When processing an SoH packet, the NAPSystemHealthID01 value MUST equal 0x00013780 (79744) prior to passing the packet to WSHV, as specified in [\[MS-SOH\]](#) section 3.3.5.2.

### 3.1.6 Timer Events

None.

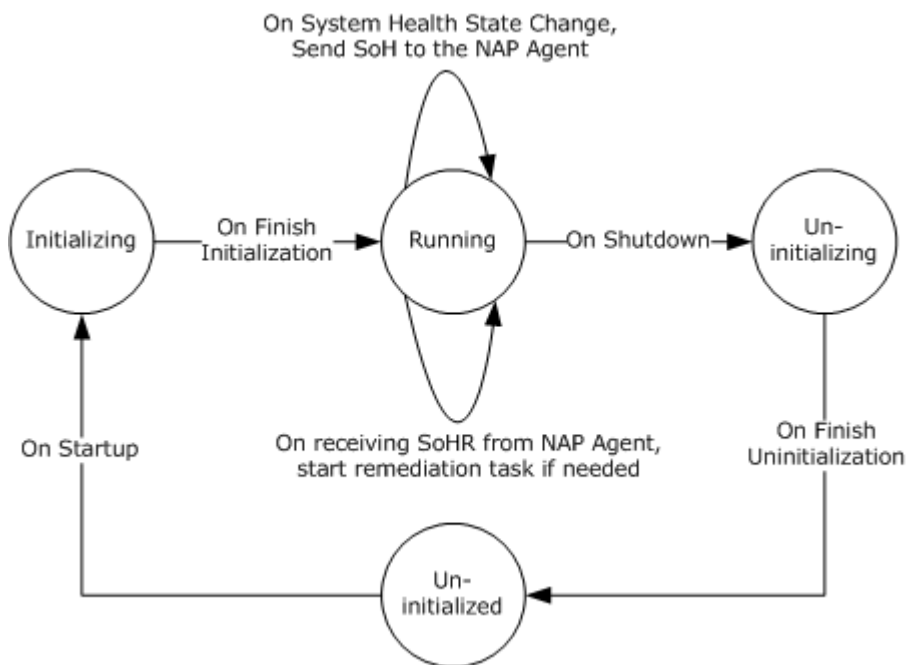
### 3.1.7 Other Local Events

None.

## 3.2 WSHA (Client) Specific Details

### 3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

The following is a state diagram for the WSHA:



**Figure 3: WSHA state**

- If the WSHA is running but the WSHV is not running (or it is not applied to an NPS policy), the WSHA will send its payload in the SoH, but then NPS server will ignore it. This is handled by the [\[MS-SOH\]](#) protocol and does not involve the [\[MS-WSH\]](#) protocol.
- The WSHA is stateless, so when it sends an SoH, it does not actively wait for an SoHR. If the client sends an SoH, the client will not send a new SoH unless the security health status changes or a new SoH is requested by the NAP agent.

ADM elements are defined for the WSHA as follows:

**FirewallStatus:** This element stores the WSC status for firewall as described in section [2.2.9.2](#).

**NumberOfFirewallProducts:** This element stores the number of firewall products that are installed in the system.

**FirewallProductsInformation:** This element describes all firewall products that are installed in the system. It contains an array of **ProductInformation** structures as defined in section [3.1.1.1](#).

**AntivirusStatus:** This element stores the WSC status for antivirus as described in section [2.2.9.2](#).

**NumberOfAntivirusProducts:** This ADM element stores the number of antivirus products that are installed in the system.

**AntivirusProductsInformation:** This element describes all antivirus products that are installed in the system. It contains an array of **ProductInformation** structures as defined in section [3.1.1.1](#).

**AntispywareStatus:** This element stores the WSC status for antispyware as described in section [2.2.9.2](#).

**NumberOfAntispywareProducts:** This element stores the number of antispyware products that are installed on the client.

**AntispywareProductsInformation:** This element describes all antispyware products that are installed in the system. It contains an array of **ProductInformation** structures as defined in section [3.1.1.1](#).

**AutomaticUpdatesStatusCode:** This element describes the status of the automatic updates feature of Windows Security Center (WSC).

Refer to section [2.2.9.5](#) for information about possible values for this ADM element.

**SohFlag:** This element holds the value of the **Flag** as described in section [2.2.5](#).

**ClientVersion:** This element holds the value of the **Version** as described in section [2.2.6](#).

### 3.2.1.1 SUStatus

The **SUStatus** ADM element describes the status of software updates. It contains the following four fields:

**ClientStatusCode:** The status of software updates as specified in section [2.2.9](#).

**DurationSinceLastSynch:** Time, in seconds, since last synchronization, as specified in section [2.2.10](#).

**WSUSServerName:** The name of the Windows Server Update Services (WSUS) server with which the client is enlisted as specified in section [2.2.11](#).

**UpdatesFlag:** Reports specific information about the security update status of the client as specified in section [2.2.12](#).

This ADM is initialized by calling to the abstract interface **GetSecurityUpdatesStatus**, described in section [3.2.4.9](#).

### 3.2.2 Timers

None.

### 3.2.3 Initialization

The WSHA MUST register with the SoH client to expose its Health ID and a callback reference to allow the SoH client to call the **GetSoHRequestEntry** and **ProcessSoHResponseEntry** callback functions. The **GetSoHRequestEntry** callback function is used by the SoH client to collect the WSHA SoHAttributes for evaluation by the WSHV. The **ProcessSoHResponseEntry** callback is used by the SoH client to submit the WSHV evaluation results to the WSHA for remediation.

To register with the SoH client, the WSHA MUST call the following abstract interface:

```
HRESULT Initialize(  
    [in] System-Health-ID,  
    [in] SHAobjectReference);
```

The System-Health-ID and a reference to the WSHA will be used to populate an entry in the SoH client **ShaTable** ADM element. A SHA System-Health-ID is a static number that never changes for a given SHA. The interface SHOULD return ERROR\_SUCCESS (0x00000000) upon success, or any other value upon failure.

In addition to register with the SoH client, the WSHA MUST implement the following data initialization.

All the ADM elements specified in section [3.2.1](#) are initialized to zero. Then the following initialization steps occur.

**Firewall:** The **FirewallStatus** and **NumberOfFirewallProducts** ADM elements are initialized by calling the **GetNumberOfFirewallProducts** abstract interface (section [3.2.4.2](#)) as follows.

The **FirewallProductsInformation** ADM element is initialized by a call to the **GetFirewallProductsInformation** abstract interface (section [3.2.4.3](#)).

**Antivirus:** The **AntivirusStatus** and **NumberOfAntivirusProducts** ADM elements are initialized by a call to the **GetNumberOfAntivirusProducts** abstract interface (section [3.2.4.4](#)) as follows.

The **AntivirusProductsInformation** ADM element is initialized by a call to the **GetAntivirusProductsInformation** abstract interface (section [3.2.4.5](#)).

**Antispyware:** The **AntispywareStatus** and **NumberOfAntispywareProducts** ADM elements are initialized by a call to the **GetNumberOfAntispywareProducts** abstract interface (section [3.2.4.6](#)) as follows.

The **AntispywareProductsInformation** ADM element is initialized by a call to the **GetAntispywareProductsInformation** abstract interface (section [3.2.4.7](#)).

**Automatic updates:** The **AutomaticUpdatesStatusCode** ADM element is initialized by a call to the **GetAutomaticUpdatesStatusCode** abstract interface (section [3.2.4.8](#)) as follows.

**Security updates:** The **SUStatus** ADM element is initialized by a call to the **GetSecurityUpdatesStatus** abstract interface (section [3.2.4.9](#)).

**SoH flag:** The **SohFlag** ADM element is set during system initialization as follows.

The DWORD at index 0 is set to the value of the [NAPSystemHealthID](#) (0x00013780), and the DWORD at index 1 is initialized to 0. NAPSystemHealthID is specified in section [2.2.4](#).

**Client version:** The **ClientVersion** ADM element is set during system initialization as described in section [2.2.6](#).

## 3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

### 3.2.4.1 SendMessageToUI Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called by the client processing rules to present the user with a text-based message.

#### Arguments

**message:** The message to be presented to the user.

### 3.2.4.2 GetNumberOfFirewallProducts Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to initialize the **FirewallStatus** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#) and the **NumberOfFirewallProducts** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#).

#### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

**NumberOfFirewallProducts:** The number of firewall products in the system.

#### Result Code:

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The number of installed firewall products was successfully returned in the <i>NumberOfFirewallProducts</i> parameter.
E_MSSHAV_PRODUCT_NOT_INSTALLED (0xC0FF0002)	No firewall products are installed. No value was returned in the <i>NumberOfFirewallProducts</i> parameter.
E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_DOWN (0xC0FF0003)	The WSC service is not available to report status. No value was returned in the <i>NumberOfFirewallProducts</i> parameter.
E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT	The WSC service on the client has not



Value	Description
(0xC0FF0018)	started since the computer started. No value was returned in the <i>NumberOfFirewallProducts</i> parameter.

### 3.2.4.3 GetFirewallProductsInformation Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to initialize the **FirewallProductsInformation** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#).

#### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

**FirewallProductsInformation:** An array of **ProductInformation** structures as described in section [3.1.1.1](#).

#### Result Code:

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The product information was successfully returned in the <i>FirewallProductsInformation</i> parameter.
E_OUTOFMEMORY (0x80000002)	The interface failed to retrieve the information about the firewall products. No values were set in the <i>FirewallProductsInformation</i> parameter.

### 3.2.4.4 GetNumberOfAntivirusProducts Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to initialize the **AntivirusStatus** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#) and the **NumberOfAntivirusProducts** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#).

#### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

**NumberOfAntivirusProducts:** The number of antivirus products in the system.

#### Result Code:

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The number of installed antivirus products was successfully returned in the <i>NumberOfAntivirusProducts</i> parameter.
E_MSSHAV_PRODUCT_NOT_INSTALLED (0xC0FF0002)	No antivirus products are installed. No value was returned in the <i>NumberOfAntivirusProducts</i> parameter.
E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_DOWN (0xC0FF0003)	The WSC service is not available to report status. No value was returned in the

Value	Description
	<i>NumberOfAntivirusProducts</i> parameter.
E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT (0xC0FF0018)	The WSC service on the client has not started since the computer started. No value was returned in the <i>NumberOfAntivirusProducts</i> parameter.

### 3.2.4.5 GetAntivirusProductsInformation Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to initialize the **AntivirusProductsInformation** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#).

#### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

**AntivirusProductsInformation:** An array of **ProductInformation** structures as described in section [3.1.1.1](#).

#### Result Code:

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	Product information was successfully returned in the <i>AntivirusProductsInformation</i> array parameter.
E_OUTOFMEMORY (0x80000002)	The interface failed to retrieve the information about the antivirus products. No values were returned in the <i>AntivirusProductsInformation</i> parameter.

### 3.2.4.6 GetNumberOfAntispywareProducts Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to initialize the **AntispywareStatus** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#) and the **NumberOfAntispywareProducts** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#).

#### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

**NumberOfAntispywareProducts:** The number of antispyware products in the system.

#### Result Code:

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The number of installed antispyware products was successfully returned in the <i>NumberOfAntispywareProducts</i> parameter.
E_MSSHAV_PRODUCT_NOT_INSTALLED (0xC0FF0002)	No antispyware products are installed. No value was returned in the <i>NumberOfAntispywareProducts</i> parameter.

Value	Description
E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_DOWN (0xC0FF0003)	The WSC service is not available to report status. No value was returned in the <i>NumberOfAntispywareProducts</i> parameter.
E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT (0xC0FF0018)	The WSC service on the client has not started since the computer started. No value was returned in the <i>NumberOfAntispywareProducts</i> parameter.

### 3.2.4.7 GetAntispywareProductsInformation Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to initialize the **AntispywareProductsInformation** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#).

#### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

**AntispywareProductsInformation:** An array of **ProductInformation** structures as described in section [3.1.1.1](#).

#### Result Code:

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The product information was successfully returned in the <i>AntispywareProductsInformation</i> array parameter.
E_OUTOFMEMORY (0x80000002)	The interface failed to retrieve the information about the antispyware products. No value was returned in the <i>AntispywareProductsInformation</i> parameter.

### 3.2.4.8 GetAutomaticUpdatesStatusCode Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to initialize the **AutomaticUpdatesStatusCode** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#).

#### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

**AutomaticUpdatesStatusCode:** The automatic updates status code.

#### Result Code:

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The automatic updates status code was successfully returned in the <i>AutomaticUpdatesStatusCode</i> parameter.
E_FAIL	The interface failed to retrieve the automatic updates status code. No value was

Value	Description
(0x80004005)	returned in the <i>AutomaticUpdatesStatusCode</i> parameter.

#### 3.2.4.9 GetSecurityUpdatesStatus Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to initialize the **SUStatus** ADM element described in section [3.2.1.1](#).

##### Arguments

None.

##### Return Values

**SecurityUpdatesStatus:** A SecurityUpdateStatus (section [3.2.1.1](#)) element reflecting the status of security updates.

##### Result Code:

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The security updates status was successfully returned in the <i>SecurityUpdatesStatus</i> parameter.
E_OUTOFMEMORY (0x80000002)	The interface failed to retrieve the security updates status. No values were returned in the <i>SecurityUpdatesStatus</i> parameter.

#### 3.2.4.10 GetClientVersion Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to initialize the **ClientVersion** ADM element described in section [3.2.1](#).

##### Arguments

None.

##### Return Values

**ClientVersion:** An array of two [DWORD](#) elements that receive the client version value as described in section [2.2.6](#).

#### 3.2.4.11 ClientVersion ADM Initialization

During system initialization, the **ClientVersion** ADM element is initialized as described in section [3.2.1](#).

#### 3.2.4.12 SohFlag ADM initialization

During system initialization, the **SohFlag** ADM element is initialized as described in section [3.2.1](#).

#### 3.2.4.13 RemediateFirewall Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to activate the firewall.

##### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000):	Firewall activation has started.
E_FAIL (0x80004005)	The firewall activation failed.

#### 3.2.4.14 RemediateAntispyware Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called either to activate the spyware software or to update the spyware software signatures.

##### Arguments

**activate:** If set to TRUE, this interface activates the spyware software. If set to FALSE, this interface updates the spyware signatures.

#### Return Values

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The operation has started. Either spyware is being enabled or signatures are being updated, depending on the value of the <i>activate</i> parameter.
E_FAIL (0x80004005)	The operation failed.

#### 3.2.4.15 RemediateAutomaticUpdates Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to activate software updates.

##### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The automatic updates feature has been activated.
E_FAIL (0x80004005)	Automatic updates activation failed.

#### 3.2.4.16 StartWSCService Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to activate the WSC service.

##### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The WSC service is activated.
E_FAIL (0x80004005)	WSC service activation failed.

### 3.2.4.17 DoOnlineScan Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to start an online scan by Windows Update Services. The online scan is performed to get an indication of whether there are pending security updates that need to be installed on the client.

#### Arguments

None.

#### Return Values

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	Online scan started.
E_FAIL (0x80004005)	Online scan failed to start.

### 3.2.4.18 DoSecuritySoftwareUpdate Abstract Interface

This abstract interface is called to update the client with pending security updates.

#### Arguments

**SeverityLevel:** The severity level of security updates to be performed. The possible values are as follows.

Value	Meaning
0x00000080	All Low, Moderate, Important, and Critical software updates are to be installed.
0x00000100	All Moderate, Important, and Critical software updates are to be installed.
0x00000200	All Important and Critical software updates are to be installed.
0x00000400	All Critical software updates are to be installed.

#### Return Values

Value	Description
S_OK (0x00000000)	The security update has started.
E_FAIL (0x80004005)	The security update failed to start.

## 3.2.5 Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

### 3.2.5.1 General Problems

The WSHA is stateless, so when it sends an SoH, it does not actively wait for an SoHR. If the client sends an SoH, it will not send a new SoH unless the security health status changes or a new SoH is requested by the NAP agent.

### 3.2.5.2 Constructing an SoH

The SoH message is constructed by creating each of the TLVs described in section [2.2.2](#) and appending each TLV to the SoH message using the **INapSoHConstructor** interface described in [\[MSDN-NAPAPI\]](#). The TLVs are created in the following order and set with values according to the following procedure. The ADM elements used in this procedure are defined in section [3.2.1](#).

#### 1. Initialization:

1.1. Initialize the **FirewallStatus** ADM element and the **NumberOfFirewallProducts** ADM element by calling the **GetNumberOfFirewallProducts** abstract interface described in section [3.2.4.2](#).

1.2. If the **FirewallStatus** ADM element is set to S\_OK, initialize the **FirewallProductsInformation** ADM element by calling the **GetFirewallProductsInformation** abstract interface described in section [3.2.4.3](#).

1.3. If the **GetFirewallProductsInformation** abstract interface returns a value other than S\_OK, stop processing. Then set the process return code to the value that was returned by **GetFirewallProductsInformation**.

1.4. Initialize the **AntivirusStatus** ADM element and the **NumberOfAntivirusProducts** ADM element by calling the **GetNumberOfAntivirusProducts** abstract interface described in section [3.2.4.4](#).

1.5. If the **AntivirusStatus** ADM element is set to S\_OK, initialize the **AntivirusProductsInformation** ADM element by calling the **GetAntivirusProductsInformation** abstract interface described in section [3.2.4.5](#).

1.6. If the **GetAntivirusProductsInformation** abstract interface returns a value other than S\_OK, stop processing and set the process return code to the value that was returned by **GetAntivirusProductsInformation**.

1.7. If the **ClientVersion** ADM element indicates that the client is running on Windows® XP operating system, go to step 1.11.

1.8. Initialize the **AntispywareStatus** ADM element and the **NumberOfAntispywareProducts** ADM element by calling the **GetNumberOfAntispywareProducts** abstract interface described in section [3.2.4.6](#).

1.9. If the **AntispywareStatus** ADM element is set to S\_OK, initialize the **AntispywareProductsInformation** ADM element by calling the **GetAntispywareProductsInformation** abstract interface described in section [3.2.4.7](#).

1.10. If the **GetAntispywareProductsInformation** abstract interface returns a value other than S\_OK, stop processing. Then set the process return code to the value that was returned by **GetAntispywareProductsInformation**.

- 1.11. Initialize the **AutomaticUpdatesStatusCode** ADM element by calling the **GetAutomaticUpdatesStatusCode** abstract interface described in section [3.2.4.8](#).
- 1.12. If the **GetAutomaticUpdatesStatusCode** abstract interface returns a value other than S\_OK, stop processing. Then set the process return code to the value that was returned by **GetAutomaticUpdatesStatusCode**.
- 1.13. Initialize the **SUStatus** ADM element by calling the **GetSecurityUpdatesStatus** abstract interface described in section [3.2.4.9](#).
- 1.14. If the **GetSecurityUpdatesStatus** abstract interface returns a value other than S\_OK, stop processing. Set the process return code to the value that was returned by **GetSecurityUpdatesStatus**.
- 1.15. Add 1 to the **SohFlag[1]** ADM element.
2. Construct TLV 1 using the value in section [2.2.4](#) and the structure described in section [2.2.2.1](#), and append it to the SoH.
3. Construct TLV 2 using the value of the **SohFlag** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.2](#), and append it to the SoH.
4. Construct TLV 3 using the value of the **ClientVersion** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.3](#), and append it to the SoH.
5. Construct TLV 4 using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for the firewall and the structure in section [2.2.2.4](#), and append it to the SoH.
6. If the value of the **FirewallStatus** ADM element is not S\_OK, construct TLV 6 using the value of the **FirewallStatus** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.6](#), and append it to the SoH.
7. If the value of the **FirewallStatus** ADM element is S\_OK, do the following:
  - 7.1. Set **ProductIndex** to 0.
  - 7.2. If **ProductIndex** is equal to **NumberOfFirewallProducts**, go to step 8.
  - 7.3. Construct TLV 5 using the value of the **FirewallProductsInformation[ProductIndex].pi\_productName** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.5](#), and append it to the SoH.
  - 7.4. Construct TLV 6 using the value of the **FirewallProductsInformation[ProductIndex].pi\_clientStatusCode** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.6](#), and append it to the SoH.
  - 7.5. Increment **ProductIndex** by 1.
  - 7.6. Go to step 7.2.
8. Construct TLV 7 by using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for antivirus and the structure described in section [2.2.2.7](#), and append it to the SoH.
9. If the value of the **AntivirusStatus** ADM element is not S\_OK, construct TLV 9 using the value of the **AntivirusStatus** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.9](#). Append it to the SoH.



- 10.If the value of the **AntivirusStatus** ADM element is S\_OK, do the following:
- 10.1. Set **ProductIndex** to 0.
  - 10.2. If **ProductIndex** equals the **NumberOfAntivirusProducts** ADM element, go to step 11.
  - 10.3. Construct TLV 8 using the value of the **AntivirusProductsInformation[ProductIndex].pi\_productName** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.8](#), and append it to the SoH.
  - 10.4. Construct TLV 9 using the value of the **AntivirusProductsInformation[ProductIndex].pi\_clientStatusCode** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.9](#), and append it to the SoH.
  - 10.5. Increment **ProductIndex** by 1.
  - 10.6. Go to step 10.2.
- 11.If the **ClientVersion** ADM element indicates that the client is running on Windows XP, go to step 15.
- 12.Construct TLV 10 using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for antispyware and the structure described in section [2.2.2.10](#), and append it to the SoH.
- 13.If the value of the **AntispywareStatus** ADM element is not S\_OK, construct TLV 12 using the value of the **AntispywareStatus** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.12](#), and append it to the SoH.
- 14.If the value of the **AntispywareStatus** ADM element is S\_OK, do the following:
- 14.1. Set **ProductIndex** to 0.
  - 14.2. If **ProductIndex** equals the **NumberOfAntispywareProducts** ADM element, go to step 15.
  - 14.3. Construct TLV 11 using the value of the **AntispywareProductsInformation[ProductIndex].pi\_productName** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.11](#), and append it to the SoH.
  - 14.4. Construct TLV 12 using the value of the **AntispywareProductsInformation[ProductIndex].pi\_clientStatusCode** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.12](#), and append it to the SoH.
  - 14.5. Increment **ProductIndex** by 1.
  - 14.6. Go to step 14.2.
- 15.Construct TLV 13 using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for automatic updates and the structure described in section [2.2.2.13](#), and append it to the SoH.
- 16.Construct TLV 14 using the value of the **AutomaticUpdatesStatusCode** ADM element. Create the structure described in section [2.2.2.14](#), and append it to the SoH.

17. Construct TLV 15 using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for security updates and the structure described in section [2.2.2.15](#), and append it to the SoH.
18. Construct TLV 16 using the value of the **ClientStatusCode** field of the **SUStatus** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.16](#), and append it to the SoH.
19. If the value of TLV 16 is not 0x00FF0005 (S\_MSSHA\_NO\_MISSING\_UPDATES) and not 0x00FF0006 (S\_MSSHA\_MISSING\_UPDATES), go to step 23.
20. Construct TLV 17 using the value of the **DurationSinceLastSynch** field of the **SUStatus** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.17](#), and append it to the SoH.
21. Construct TLV 18 using the value of the **WSUSServerName** field of the **SUStatus** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.18](#), and append it to the SoH.
22. Construct TLV 19 using the value of the **UpdatesFlag** field of the **SUStatus** ADM element and the structure described in section [2.2.2.19](#), and append it to the SoH.
23. Return S\_OK as the process exit code.

The process exit code is used by the Statement of Health for NAP Protocol ([\[MS-SOH\]](#)) as an indication of the success or failure of the SoH construction, and the SoH protocol then acts accordingly.

### 3.2.5.3 Processing an SoHR

The following procedure describes how the SoHR is processed.

1. Initialization:
  - 1.1. Set **TLV-index** to 1.
  - 1.2. If the value of the 'f' bit ([\[MS-SOH\]](#) section 2.2.4.2) is 1, set **RemediationRequired** to TRUE. Else set **RemediationRequired** to FALSE.
2. If the **TLV-Index** value is larger than the number of TLVs in the SoHR, stop processing.
3. If **TLV-Index** points to a health class ID TLV (that is, TLV\_Type is set to 8), do the following:
  - 3.1. Store the value of the health class ID TLV in **HealthClassId**.
  - 3.2. Increment **TLV-Index** by 1.
  - 3.3. If **TLV-Index** is larger than the number of TLVs, stop processing.
  - 3.4. If **TLV-Index** does not point to a compliance result code TLV (that is, TLV\_Type does not equal 4), go to step 4.
  - 3.5. For each **ComplianceCode** (up to two compliance codes) in the TLV, do the following:
    - 3.5.1. If **ComplianceCode** is equal to S\_OK, do the following.

HealthClassId	Action
Firewall (0)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Firewall is OK.").

HealthClassId	Action
Antivirus (1)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antivirus is OK.").
Antispyware (2)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antispyware is OK.").
Automatic Updates (3)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Automatic updates feature is OK.").
Security Updates (4)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("No required software updates.").

3.5.2. If **ComplianceCode** is equal to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0001), do the following.

HealthClassId	RemediationRequired == TRUE	RemediationRequired == FALSE
Firewall (0)	Call the <b>RemediateFirewall</b> abstract interface (section <a href="#">3.2.4.13</a> ). If successful, call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Firewall activation in progress."), else call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Firewall activation failed. Firewall should be activated by administrator.").	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Firewall should be activated by administrator.").
Antivirus (1)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antivirus should be activated by administrator.").	
Antispyware (2)	Call the <b>RemediateAntispyware</b> abstract interface (section <a href="#">3.2.4.14</a> ) with the parameter set to TRUE. If successful, call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antispyware activation in progress."), else call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antispyware activation failed. Antispyware should be activated by administrator.").	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antispyware should be activated by administrator.").
Automatic Updates (3)	Call the <b>RemediateAutomaticUpdates</b> abstract interface (section <a href="#">3.2.4.15</a> ). If successful, call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Automatic updates activation is in progress."), else call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Automatic updates activation failed. Automatic updates should be enabled by administrator.").	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Automatic updates should be enabled by administrator.").

3.5.3. If **ComplianceCode** is equal to E\_MSSHAV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_INSTALLED (0xC0FF0002), do the following.

HealthClassId	Action
Firewall (0)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Firewall is not installed.").
Antivirus (1)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antivirus is not installed.").
Antispyware (2)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antispyware is not installed.").

3.5.4. If **ComplianceCode** is equal to E\_MSSHV\_THIRD\_PARTY\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0047), do the following.

HealthClassId	Action
Firewall (0)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Third party firewall is not enabled.").
Antivirus (1)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Third party antivirus is not enabled.").
Antispyware (2)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Third party antispyware is not enabled.").

3.5.5. If **ComplianceCode** equals E\_MSSHV\_THIRD\_PARTY\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0048), do the following.

HealthClassId	Action
Antivirus (1)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Third party antivirus is not up-to-date").
Antispyware (2)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Third party spyware is not up-to-date").

3.5.6. If **ComplianceCode** equals E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_DOWN (0xC0FF0003), do the following:

3.5.6.1. If **RemediationRequired** equals TRUE, do the following:

3.5.6.1.1. Call the **StartWSCService** abstract interface (section [3.2.4.16](#)).

3.5.6.1.2. If successful, call **SendMessageToUI**("Windows Security Center service is starting"), else call **SendMessageToUI**("Windows Security Center service failed to start. Windows Security Center service should be started by administrator.").

3.5.6.2. If **RemediationRequired** equals FALSE, Call **SendMessageToUI**("Windows Security Center service should be started by administrator").

3.5.7. If **ComplianceCode** equals E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0004), do the following:

HealthClassId	RemediationRequired == TRUE	RemediationRequired == FALSE
Antivirus (1)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antivirus signatures should be updated by administrator").	
Antispyware (2)	Call <b>RemediateAntispyware</b> abstract interface (section <a href="#">3.2.4.14</a> ) with the parameter set	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antispyware signatures should be updated by

HealthClassId	RemediationRequired == TRUE	RemediationRequired == FALSE
	to FALSE. If successful, call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antispyware signatures update in progress"), else call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Antispyware signatures update failed. Antispyware signatures should be updated by administrator").	administrator.>").

3.5.8. If **ComplianceCode** equals one of the following values, do the action as described in the following table.

ComplianceCode	RemediationRequired == TRUE	RemediationRequired == FALSE
E_MSSHV_NO_CLIENT_ID (0xC0FF000D)	Call the <b>DoOnlineScan</b> abstract interface (section <a href="#">3.2.4.17</a> ). If successful, call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Windows is scanning for security updates."), else call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Windows failed to scan for security updates. An administrator must synchronize this computer with the Windows Server Update Services server.").	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("An administrator must synchronize this computer with the Windows Server Update Services server.").
E_MSSHV_SYNC_AND_INSTALL_UPDATES (0xC0FF0007)	Call the <b>DoSecuritySoftwareUpdate</b> abstract interface (section <a href="#">3.2.4.18</a> ) with the parameter set to ComplianceCode2. If successful, call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Windows is installing the required security updates."), else call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Windows failed to install the required security updates. An administrator must install required security updates.").	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("An administrator must install required security updates.").

<b>ComplianceCode</b>	<b>RemediationRequired == TRUE</b>	<b>RemediationRequired == FALSE</b>
E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT (0xC0FF0018)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Windows will update the security state of this computer automatically once the services have started.").	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("An administrator must update the security state of the system once system initialization is completed.").
E_MSSHAV_WUS_SHC_FAILURE (0xC0FF0012L)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("The Network Policy Server was unable to validate the security update status of this computer.").	
E_MSSHAV_NO_WUS_SERVER (0xC0FF000C)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("The Windows Update Agent on this computer is not configured to synchronize with a Windows Server Update Services server.").	
E_MSSHAV_UPDATES_INSTALLED_REQUIRE_REBOOT (0xC0FF0010)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("Security updates have been installed and require this computer to be restarted.").	
E_MSSHAV_WUA_SERVICE_DISABLED (0xC0FF000E)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("The Windows Update Agent startup is manual or disabled.").	
E_MSSHAV_WUA_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT (0x00FF0008)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("The Windows Server Update Services has not started.").	
E_MSSHAV_WUA_COMM_FAILURE (0xC0FF000F)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("The periodic scan of this computer for security updates failed.").	
E_MSSHAV_BAD_UPDATE_SOURCE_MU (0xC0FF004E)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("An administrator must configure the Windows Update Agent service to receive updates from Microsoft Update.").	
E_MSSHAV_BAD_UPDATE_SOURCE_WUMU (0xC0FF004)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("An administrator must configure the Windows Update Agent service to receive updates from Windows Update or Microsoft Update.").	
E_MSSHAV_BAD_UPDATE_SOURCE_MUWSUS (0xC0FF0050)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("An administrator must configure the Windows Update Agent service to receive updates from Windows Server Update Services or Microsoft Update.").	
E_MSSHAV_NO_UPDATE_SOURCE (0xC0FF0051)	Call <b>SendMessageToUI</b> ("An administrator must configure the Windows Update Agent service.").	

#### 4. Increment **TLV-Index** by 1.

5. Go to step 2.

### 3.2.6 Timer Events

None.

### 3.2.7 Other Local Events

The following abstract interfaces are called by the NAP Agent to respectively build a SoH message and process a SoH response. Both abstract interfaces MUST be implemented as callback functions. These functions are exposed to the SoH client through the WSHA registration that happens during initialization. The data types that are used with the NAP interfaces are described in [\[MSDN-NapDatatypes\]](#).

#### 3.2.7.1 GetSoHRequestEntry

The following abstract interface MUST be called by the SoH client to create a SoHReportEntry and append it to the body of the SoH message [<6>](#):

```
HRESULT GetSoHRequestEntry(  
    [in]    SoH *soHRequest);
```

Upon receiving the call, the WSHA MUST build a SoHReportEntry containing the set of SoHAttributes pertaining to WSHA and append it in the soHRequest parameter.

The interface SHOULD return ERROR\_SUCCESS (0x00000000) upon success, or any other value upon failure.

#### 3.2.7.2 ProcessSoHResponseEntry

The following abstract interface MUST be called by the SoH client to process the SoHReportEntry pertaining to WSHA [<7>](#):

```
HRESULT ProcessSoHResponseEntry(  
    [in]    SoH *soHRequest);
```

Upon receiving the call, the WSHA MUST read the set of SoHAttributes pertaining to its SoHReportEntry and apply the appropriate remediation based on the health evaluation information returned by the WSHV. The interface SHOULD return ERROR\_SUCCESS (0x00000000) upon success, or any other value upon failure.

#### 3.2.7.3 SoH Construction Interface

When the WSHA has to construct an SoH, it calls the public interface INapSoHConstructor described in [\[MSDN-NAPAPI\]](#).

#### 3.2.7.4 SoH Change Notifications

WSHA registers with the Windows Services Manager to receive any change in the state of the Windows Security Center service and the Windows Updates service.

WSHA registers with Windows Security Center (WSC) to receive any change in the state of the firewall, antivirus, antispyware, and automatic updates.

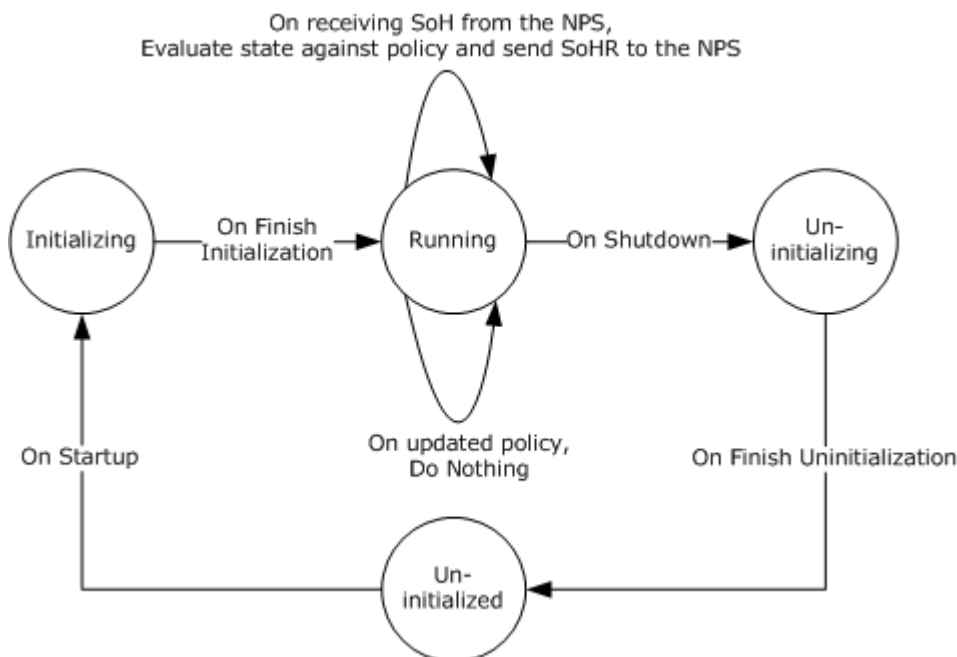
WSHA registers with the Windows Updates service to receive any change in the state of required software updates.

After WSHA receives an indication of change in state of one of the above, it signals the Network Access Protection (NAP) client by calling the **INapSystemHealthAgentBinding::NotifySoHChange** public method (described in [\[MSDN-NAPAPI\]](#)) to initiate a new health assessment cycle.

### 3.3 WSHV (Server) Specific Details

#### 3.3.1 Abstract Data Model

The following is a state diagram for the WSHV:



**Figure 4: WSHV state**

- When the WSHV is running and the NPS receives an SoH from a client that does not have the WSHA running, the NPS returns an error code to the client indicated that it is missing a particular SHA. This is handled by the [\[MS-SOH\]](#) protocol, and does not involve the [\[MS-WSH\]](#) protocol.
- The health policy configuration ADM elements used by the WSHV are stored in the registry. [<8>](#) The health policy is used to evaluate the SoH sent by the client to the WSHV as described in section [3.3.7.3](#). The values for the ADM elements are as follows:

Name	Type	Description
<b>MaxDurationSinceLastSync</b>	DWORD	Specifies the maximum number of seconds allowed since software updates were last synchronized. The maximum value is 259,200 seconds (72 hours).
<b>AntiVirusUpToDate</b>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 1, the client is required to have antivirus signatures that are up-to-date.



Name	Type	Description
		When the value is 0, the client can have antivirus signatures that are not up-to-date.
<b>AntiVirusRealTime</b>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 1, the client is required to have the antivirus software enabled. When the value is 0, the client can have the antivirus software disabled or not installed.
<b>AutoUpdate</b>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 1, the client is required to have the Automatic Updates feature enabled. When the value is 0, the client can have the Automatic Updates feature disabled.
<b>WUAllowed</b>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 1, the WSHA can query Microsoft Windows® Update for software updates. When the value is 0, the WSHA should not query Windows Update.
<b>EnforceUpdates</b>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 1, the WSHA enforces software updates on the client. When the value is 0, the WSHA does not enforce software updates on the client.
<b>WSUSAllowed</b>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 1, the WSHA can query Windows Software Updates Services for software updates. When the value is 0, the WSHA should not query Windows Software Update Services for software updates.
<b>MinimumSeverityRating</b>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 0x80, the client is required to have all Low, Moderate, Important, and Critical software updates installed. When the value is 0x100, the client is required to have all Moderate, Important, and Critical software updates installed. When the value is 0x200, the client is required to have all Important and Critical software updates installed. When the value is 0x400, the client is required to have all Critical software updates installed.
<b>Firewall</b>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 1, the client is required to have a firewall enabled. When the value is 0, the client can have the firewall disabled.
<b>AntiSpywareScanEnabled</b> <9>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 1, the client is required to have antispyware software enabled. When the value is 0, the client can have antispyware software disabled or not installed.
<b>AntiSpywareUptoDate</b> <10>	DWORD	When the value of this ADM element is 1, the client is required to have antispyware signatures that are up-to-date. When the value is 0, the client can have antispyware signatures that are not up-to-date.

### 3.3.2 Timers

None.

### 3.3.3 Initialization

The WSHV MUST register with the SoH server to expose its Health ID and a callback reference to allow the SoH server to call the **Validate** callback function. The **Validate** callback function will be used by the SoH server to submit the WSHA statement of health for evaluation.

To register with the SoH server, the WSHV MUST call the following abstract interface:

```
HRESULT RegisterSystemHealthValidator(  
    [in] System-Health-ID,  
    [in] SHVobjectReference);
```

The System-Health-ID and a reference to the WSHV will be used to populate an entry in the SoH server **ShvTable** ADM element. The SHV System-Health-ID is a static number that never changes for a given SHV. The interface SHOULD return ERROR\_SUCCESS (0x00000000) upon success, or any other value upon failure.

All ADM elements described in section [3.3.1](#) are set by an administrative application that enables the server administrator to set those ADM elements according to the corporate policy.

The default values for the ADM elements are as follows.

Name	Default value	Meaning
<b>MaxDurationSinceLastSync</b>	79200	Maximum 22 hours since last security updates synchronization.
<b>AntiVirusUptoDate</b>	1	The client is required to have up-to-date antivirus signatures.
<b>AntiVirusRealTime</b>	1	The client is required to have antivirus software enabled.
<b>AutoUpdate</b>	1	The client is required to have the Automatic Updates feature enabled.
<b>WUAllowed</b>	1	WSHA can query Windows Update for software updates.
<b>EnforceUpdates</b>	0	WSHA does not enforce security updates on the client.
<b>WSUSAllowed</b>	0	WSHA should not query Windows Software Update Services for security updates.
<b>MinimumSeverityRating</b>	0x200	The client is required to have all Important and Critical security updates installed.
<b>Firewall</b>	1	The client is required to have a firewall enabled.
<b>AntiSpywareScanEnabled</b> <a href="#">&lt;11&gt;</a>	1	The client is required to have antispyware software enabled.
<b>AntiSpywareUptoDate</b> <a href="#">&lt;12&gt;</a>	1	The client is required to have up-to-date antispyware signatures.

### 3.3.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

None.

### 3.3.5 Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

#### 3.3.5.1 General Problems

If the WSHV is unable to process the security updates health class received in the WSHA SoH, or if the WSHV is unable to interpret or evaluate the received WSHA SoH, the WSHV MUST return the error code `E_MSSHV_WUS_SHC_FAILURE` in the SoHR. Examples of this include, but are not limited to, when the received WSHA SoH is not formatted properly or when the WSHV cannot access its policy store.

#### 3.3.5.2 Constructing an SoHR from an SoH

The SoHR message is constructed by creating each of the TLVs described in section [2.2.3](#) and appending each TLV to the SoHR message using the **INapSoHConstructor** interface described in [\[MSDN-NAPAPI\]](#). The TLVs are created in the following order, with values set as follows.

1. Initialization: Set **SOH\_TLV\_Index** to 4.
2. If the SoH has fewer than 4 TLVs, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
3. Construct SoHR TLV 1 using the value described in section [2.2.4](#) and the structure described in section [2.2.3.1](#), and append it to the SoHR.
4. Construct SoHR TLV 2 using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for the firewall and the structure described in section [2.2.3.2](#), and append it to the SoHR.
5. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class TLV (that is, if **TLV\_Type** is not 8) or if the health class value is not 0 (for firewall), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
6. If the firewall is not required, as defined by the **Firewall** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode** to `S_OK` and go to step 21.
7. Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
8. If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
9. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is a health class status TLV (that is, if **TLV\_Type** is 11), do the following:
  1. If the health class status is not set to `0xC0FF0002` (`E_MSSHAV_PRODUCT_NOT_INSTALLED`), `0xC0FF0003` (`E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_DOWN`), or `0x00FF0008` (`E_MSSHAV_WSC_SERVICE_NOT_STARTED_SINCE_BOOT`), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  2. Construct SoHR TLV 3 using the value of the health class status and the structure described in section [2.2.3.3](#), and append it to the SoHR.
  3. Construct SoHR TLV 4 using the structure described in section [2.2.3.4](#), and append it to the SoHR.
  4. Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.

5. If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
6. Go to step 23.
10. Set **ComplianceCode** to E\_MSSHV\_THIRD\_PARTY\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0047).
11. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a product name TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 10), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
12. Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
13. If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
14. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class status TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 11), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
15. If the value of the health class status is 1, 5, 9, or 13, set **ComplianceCode** to S\_OK and go to step 21.
16. If the value of the health class status is 4, set **ComplianceCode** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0001).
17. Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
18. If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
19. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is a health class TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is 8), decrement **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1 and go to step 21.
20. Go to step 11.
21. Construct SoHR TLV 3 using the value of **ComplianceCode** and the structure described in section [2.2.3.3](#), and append it to the SoHR.
22. Advance **SOH\_TLV\_Index** to point to the next TLV of health class type (that is, point to the next TLV with TLV\_Type of 8). If there is no such TLV, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
23. Construct SoHR TLV 5 using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for antivirus and the structure described in section [2.2.3.5](#), and append it to the SoHR.
24. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 8), or if the health class value is not equal to 1 (for antivirus), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
25. If antivirus is not required, as defined by the **AntiVirusRealTime** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode1** and **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK and go to step 47.
26. Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
27. If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
28. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is a health class status TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is 11), do the following:

1. If the health class status is not set to either 0xC0FF0002 (E\_MSSHAV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_INSTALLED), 0xC0FF0003 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_DOWN), or 0x00FF0008 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_NOT\_STARTED\_SINCE\_BOOT), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  2. Construct SoHR TLV 6 by setting **Antivirus\_ComplianceCode\_1** to the health code status and **Antivirus\_ComplianceCode\_2** to S\_OK; use the structure described in section [2.2.3.6](#). Append it to the SoHR.
  3. Construct SoHR TLV 7 by creating the structure described in section [2.2.3.7](#). Append it to the SoHR.
  4. Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
  5. If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  6. Go to step 49.
29. Set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_THIRD\_PARTY\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0047) and set **ComplianceCode2** to E\_MSSHV\_THIRD\_PARTY\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0048).
  30. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a product name TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not set to 10), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  31. Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
  32. If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  33. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class status TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not set to 11), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  34. If the value of the health class status is 3, 7, 11, or 15, set **ComplianceCode1** and **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK and go to step 47.
  35. If the value of the health class status is set to 4, do the following:
    1. Set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0001).
    2. If the antivirus is required to be up to date, as defined by the **AntiVirusUptoDate** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode2** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0004). Else set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
  36. If the value of the health class status is either 5 or 13, do the following.
    1. Set **ComplianceCode1** to S\_OK.
    2. If antivirus is required to be up to date, as defined by the **AntiVirusUptoDate** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode2** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0004). Else set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
  37. If the value of the health class status is 6, set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0001) and set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
  38. If the value of the health class status is 13, set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0004) and set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.

- 39.If the value of the health class status is 0 and antivirus is not required to be up to date (as defined by the **AntiVirusUptoDate** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#)), set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
- 40.If the value of the health class status is either 1 or 9, do the following:
1. Set **ComplianceCode1** to S\_OK.
  2. If antivirus is not required to be up to date, as defined by the **AntiVirusUptoDate** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
- 41.If the value of the health class status is 2, set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
- 42.If both **ComplianceCode1** and **ComplianceCode2** are set to S\_OK, go to step 47.
- 43.Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
- 44.If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 45.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is a health class TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is 8), decrement **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1 and go to step 47.
- 46.Go to step 30.
- 47.Construct SoHR TLV 6 by setting **Antivirus\_ComplianceCode\_1** to **ComplianceCode1** and **Antivirus\_ComplianceCode\_2** to **ComplianceCode2**; use the structure described in section [2.2.3.6](#). Append it to the SoHR.
- 48.Advance **SOH\_TLV\_Index** to point to the next TLV of health class type (that is, advance it to point to the next TLV with TLV\_Type set to 8). If there is no such TLV, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 49.If the value of SoH TLV 3 is 0x00050001 (for Windows® XP operating system), go to step 77.
- 50.Construct SoHR TLV 8 by using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for antispyware and the structure described in section [2.2.3.8](#), and append it to the SoHR.
- 51.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 8), or if the health class value is not equal to 2 (for antispyware), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 52.If antispyware is not required, as defined by the **AntiSpywareScanEnabled** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode1** and **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK and go to step 74.
- 53.Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
- 54.If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 55.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is a health class status TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is 11), do the following:
1. If the health class status is not set to 0xC0FF0002 (E\_MSSHAV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_INSTALLED), 0xC0FF0003 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_DOWN), or 0x00FF0008 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_NOT\_STARTED\_SINCE\_BOOT), stop processing and abandon the SoH.

2. Construct SoHR TLV 9 with **Antispyware\_ComplianceCode\_1** set to the value of the health class status and with **Antispyware\_ComplianceCode\_2** set to S\_OK; use the structure described in section [2.2.3.9](#). Append it to the SoHR.
  3. Construct SoHR TLV 10 by creating the structure described in section [2.2.3.10](#), and append it to the SoHR.
  4. Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
  5. If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  6. Go to step 76.
56. Set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_THIRD\_PARTY\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0047) and set **ComplianceCode2** to E\_MSSHV\_THIRD\_PARTY\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0048).
  57. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a product name TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 10), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  58. Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
  59. If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  60. If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class status TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 11), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
  61. If the value of the health class status is set to 3, 7, 11, or 15, set **ComplianceCode1** and **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK and go to step 74.
  62. If the value of the health class status is set to 4, do the following:
    1. Set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0001)
    2. If antivirus is required to be up to date, as defined by the **AntiSpywareUptoDate** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode2** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0004). Else set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
  63. If the value of the health class status is either 5 or 13, do the following:
    1. Set **ComplianceCode1** to S\_OK.
    2. If antivirus is required to be up to date, as defined by the **AntiSpywareUptoDate** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode2** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0004), else set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
  64. If the value of the health class status is 6, set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0001) and set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
  65. If the value of the health class status is 13, set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_UPTODATE (0xC0FF0004) and set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
  66. If the value of the health class status is 0 and the antivirus is not required to be up to date as defined by the **AntiSpywareUptoDate** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.

- 67.If the value of the health class status is set to either 1 or 9, do the following:
1. Set **ComplianceCode1** to S\_OK.
  2. If antivirus is not required to be up to date, as defined by the **AntiSpywareUptoDate** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
- 68.If the value of the health class status is set to 2, set **ComplianceCode1** to S\_OK.
- 69.If both **ComplianceCode1** and **ComplianceCode2** are set to S\_OK, go to step 74.
- 70.Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
- 71.If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 72.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is a health class TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is 8), decrement TLV\_SoH\_Index by 1 and go to step 74.
- 73.Go to step 57.
- 74.Construct SoHR TLV 9 by setting **Antispyware\_ComplianceCode\_1** to **ComplianceCode1** and **Antispyware\_ComplianceCode\_2** to **ComplianceCode2**; use the structure described in section [2.2.3.9](#). Append it to the SoHR.
- 75.Advance **SOH\_TLV\_Index** to point to the next TLV of health class type (that is, advance to the next TLV with TLV\_Type set to 8). If there is no such TLV, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 76.Construct SoHR TLV 11 using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for automatic updates and the structure described in section [2.2.3.11](#), and append it to the SoHR.
- 77.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 8), or if the health class value is not equal to 3 (for automatic updates), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 78.Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
- 79.If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 80.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class status TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 11), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 81.If automatic updates are not required, as defined by the **AutoUpdate** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), go to step 87.
- 82.If health class status is not equal to 1, 5, 0xC0FF0003 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_DOWN), or 0x00FF0008 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_NOT\_STARTED\_SINCE\_BOOT), go to step 87.
- 83.If health class status equals 0xC0FF0003 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_DOWN) or 0x00FF0008 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_NOT\_STARTED\_SINCE\_BOOT), set **ComplianceCode** to the value of the health class status, else set **ComplianceCode** to E\_MSSHV\_PRODUCT\_NOT\_ENABLED (0xC0FF0001).
- 84.Construct SoHR TLV 12 by using the value of **ComplianceCode** and the structure described in section [2.2.3.12](#), and append it to the SoHR.



- 85.If health class status equals 0x00FF0008 (E\_MSSHAV\_WSC\_SERVICE\_NOT\_STARTED\_SINCE\_BOOT), construct SoHR TLV 13 by creating the structure described in section [2.2.3.13](#) and append it to the SoHR.
- 86.Go to step 88.
- 87.Construct SoHR TLV 12 by using the value S\_OK and the structure described in section [2.2.3.12](#), and append it to the SoHR.
- 88.Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
- 89.If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 90.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 8), or if the health class value is not equal to 4 (for security updates), stop processing and abandon the SoH.
- 91.Construct SoHR TLV 14 using the value described in section [2.2.7](#) for security updates and the structure described in section [2.2.3.14](#), and append it to the SoHR.
- 92.Set **ComplianceCode1** and **ComplianceCode2** to S\_OK.
- 93.If security updates are not required, as defined by the **EnforceUpdates** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), go to step 114.
- 94.Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
- 95.If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_WUS\_SHC\_FAILURE and go to step 114.
- 96.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a health class status TLV (that is, if TLV\_Type is not 11), set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_WUS\_SHC\_FAILURE and go to step 114.
- 97.Set **HealthStatus** to the value of the health class status TLV.
- 98.If **HealthStatus** is not equal to 0x00FF0006 (S\_MSSHA\_MISSING\_UPDATES) or 0x00FF0005 (S\_MSSHA\_NO\_MISSING\_UPDATES), set **ComplianceCode1** to **HealthStatus** and go to step 114.
- 99.Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 1.
- 100.If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_WUS\_SHC\_FAILURE and go to step 114.
- 101.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a vendor-specific TLV (that is, TLV\_Type is not 7), set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_WUS\_SHC\_FAILURE and go to step 114.
- 102.Set **DurationSinceLastSync** to the value stored in the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index**.
- 103.Increment **SOH\_TLV\_Index** by 2 (the **WSUSServerName** TLV is skipped).
- 104.If the number of SoH TLVs is less than the value of **SOH\_TLV\_Index**, set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_WUS\_SHC\_FAILURE and go to step 114.

- 105.If the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index** is not a vendor-specific TLV (that is, TLV\_Type is not 7), set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_WUS\_SHC\_FAILURE and go to step 114.
- 106.Set **MinSeverityRating** to the value stored in the SoH TLV pointed to by **SOH\_TLV\_Index**.
- 107.If the value of SoH TLV 3 is set to 0x00060000 (for Windows Vista® operating system) and **HealthStatus** is set to S\_MSSHA\_NO\_MISSING\_UPDATES, set **MinSeverityRating** to zero and go to step 111.
- 108.If bit 16 (0x00010000) is set in **MinSeverityRating**, do the following:
- If querying Windows Software Updates Services is not allowed as specified by the **WSUSAllowed** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), do the following:
    1. If querying Windows Update is not allowed as specified by the **WUAllowed** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHAV\_BAD\_UPDATE\_SOURCE\_MU. Else set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHAV\_BAD\_UPDATE\_SOURCE\_WUMU.
    2. Go to step 114.
- 109.If bit 14 (0x00004000) is set in **MinSeverityRating**, do the following:
- If querying Microsoft Windows Update is not allowed as specified by the **WUAllowed** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), do the following:
    1. If querying Windows Software Updates Services is not allowed as specified by the **WSUSAllowed** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHAV\_BAD\_UPDATE\_SOURCE\_MUWSUS, else set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHAV\_BAD\_UPDATE\_SOURCE\_MU.
    2. Go to step 114.
- 110.If bits 17, 16, and 14 (0x00034000) are all clear in **MinSeverityRating**, set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHAV\_NO\_UPDATE\_SOURCE and go to step 114.
- 111.If **DurationSinceLastSync** is greater than the value in the **MaxDurationSinceLastSync** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_SYNC\_AND\_INSTALL\_UPDATES.
- 112.If **HealthStatus** is equal to S\_MSSHA\_MISSING\_UPDATES and (**MinSeverityRating** & 0xFF0) is greater than the value in the **MinimumSeverityRating** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#), set **ComplianceCode1** to E\_MSSHV\_SYNC\_AND\_INSTALL\_UPDATES.
- 113.If **ComplianceCode1** is not equal to S\_OK, set **ComplianceCode2** to the value stored in the **MinimumSeverityRating** ADM element specified in section [3.3.1](#).
- 114.Construct SoHR TLV 15 by setting **Security\_Updates\_ComplianceCode\_1** to **ComplianceCode1** and **Security\_Updates\_ComplianceCode\_2** to **ComplianceCode2**; use the structure described in section [2.2.3.15](#). Append it to the SoHR.
- If the steps described above lead to stopped processing and the SoH is abandoned, no SoHR is sent to the client. The SoHR is only sent to the client if the processing of the SoH is successful and the SoHR is successfully constructed.

### 3.3.6 Timer Events

None.

### 3.3.7 Other Local Events

The following **Validate** abstract interface is called by the SoH server to evaluate the health information in the SoHAttributes found the WSHA SoHReportEntry. This abstract interface **MUST** be implemented as a callback function. This function is exposed to the SoH server through the WSHV registration performed during the initialization. The data types that are used with the NAP interfaces are described in [\[MSDN-NapDatatypes\]](#).

#### 3.3.7.1 Validate

The following abstract interface **MUST** be called by the SoH server to submit a WSHA SoHReportEntry to the WSHV for evaluation [<13>](#):

```
HRESULT Validate(  
    [in] SoH    *sohRequest  
    [out] SoHR   *sohResponse,  
    [in] callback *OnComplete);
```

Upon receiving the call, from the sohRequest parameter, the WSHA **MUST** locate the SoHReportEntry pertaining to the WSHA and evaluate the set of SoHAttributes. After the evaluation is complete, the WSHV **MUST** construct a set of SoHAttributes as a SoHRRReportEntry and append it in the sohResponse parameter.

If the WSHV requires the use of a backend server during the evaluation, it **MUST** continue the evaluation on a separate thread and return immediately from the call using E\_PENDING as a returned value to notify the SoH server that the completion of the evaluation will be asynchronous.

The interface **SHOULD** return S\_OK upon success, E\_PENDING upon pending completion or any other value upon failure.

When the WSHV returned the E\_PENDING value to the SoH server and the evaluation is finally complete, the WSHV **MUST** construct a set of SoHAttributes as a SoHRRReportEntry and append it in the sohResponse parameter before calling the **OnComplete** callback function to notify the SoH server that the results are ready. The WSHV calls the OnComplete abstract interface as follow:

```
HRESULT OnComplete(  
    [in] System-Health-ID  
    [in] errorCode);
```

The System-Health-ID parameter corresponds to the WSHV Health ID and the errorCode parameter indicates either ERROR\_SUCCESS (0x00000000) or the reason why the validation could not be performed.

#### 3.3.7.2 SoHR Construction Interface

When the WSHV has to construct an SoHR, it calls the public interface INapSoHConstructor described in [\[MSDN-NAPAPI\]](#).

### 3.3.7.3 SoH Processing Interface

When the WSHV has to process an SoH sent from the WSHA, it uses the public interface INapSoHProcessor. The INapSoHProcessor interface, and its use, are described in [\[MSDN-NAPAPI\]](#).

## 4 Protocol Example

The Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol is a simple protocol with a single exchange. The party seeking access to a network resource sends the SoH, and then receives a SoHR. For a given compliance code for a given security health class, there is a set of responses that the server can return based on the defined policy.

For example:

1. A policy requires the client to have antivirus software enabled with up-to-date virus definitions.
2. The client reports in the SoH that the antivirus application is enabled, but the definitions are out-of-date.
3. The WSHV makes the determination that the client is out of compliance, and then returns the appropriate error code in the SoHR.
4. The client receives the SoHR, and then places itself in quarantine.
5. After the virus definitions are updated, a new SoH is sent showing that the client is in compliance with policy.
6. The WSHV returns an S\_OK in the SoHR, and then the client is taken out of quarantine.

## 5 Security

The following sections specify security considerations for implementers of the Windows Security Health Agent (WSHA) and Windows Security Health Validator (WSHV) Protocol.

### 5.1 Security Considerations for Implementers

None.

### 5.2 Index of Security Parameters

None.

## 6 Appendix A: Product Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following Microsoft products or supplemental software. References to product versions include released service packs:

- Windows® XP operating system
- Windows Vista® operating system
- Windows Vista® operating system with Service Pack 1 (SP1)
- Windows Server® 2008 operating system
- Windows® 7 operating system
- Windows Server® 2008 R2 operating system

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. If a service pack or Quick Fix Engineering (QFE) number appears with the product version, behavior changed in that service pack or QFE. The new behavior also applies to subsequent service packs of the product unless otherwise specified. If a product edition appears with the product version, behavior is different in that product edition.

Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification that is prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies product behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that the product does not follow the prescription.

[<1> Section 1.7:](#) When the implementation is configured with Windows XP, the Network Access Protection (NAP) client must be installed.

[<2> Section 2.2.7:](#) This class is implemented in Windows Vista and Windows 7. An SoH from a Windows XP client will not include the antispysware TLVs. Similarly, an SoHR back to a Windows XP client will not include the antispysware TLVs. The WSHV uses the Version field in the SoH to determine whether the client is a Windows XP, Windows Vista, or Windows 7 client. If it is from a Windows XP client, the WSHV will not expect any antispysware data to be present.

[<3> Section 2.2.10:](#) In Windows Vista and Windows 7, the DurationSinceLastSynch TLV is updated only when the statement of health (SoH) has changed.

[<4> Section 2.2.12:](#) For Windows Vista clients, the field contains the maximum severity rating of the security updates that it knows about. For Windows XP, Windows Vista SP1, and Windows 7 clients, it also contains the security update source that the client is enlisted in.

[<5> Section 3.1.1:](#) Implemented in Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2. The WSHV on Windows Server 2008 and Windows Server 2008 R2 does not evaluate the flag value, and therefore, will process any SoH it receives, even if the flag is a duplicate of the flag in an SoH that was received earlier.

[<6> Section 3.2.7.1:](#) In the Windows implementation, the SoH client queries the WSHA for an SoH by calling the public NAP interface INapSystemHealthAgentCallback::GetSoHRequest described in [\[MSDN-INapSysHA\]](#).

[<7> Section 3.2.7.2:](#) In the Windows implementation, the SoH client queries the WSHA to process a SoH by calling the public NAP interface INapSystemHealthAgentCallback::ProcessSoHResponse described in [\[MSDN-INapSysHA\]](#).

[<8> Section 3.3.1:](#) The policy for Windows XP clients is stored in the registry key path "HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Windows System Health Validator\{51fec48-263c-4ea2-b304-47a3b5136809}". The policy for all clients other than Windows XP is stored in the registry key path "HKEY\_LOCAL\_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Microsoft\Windows NT\CurrentVersion\Windows System Health Validator\{d40a68da-831c-4ca3-a273-1ac569205353}". These registry keys are consumed by the WSHV.

[<9> Section 3.3.1:](#) The **AntiSpywareScanEnabled** ADM element is used only with Windows Vista and Windows 7 clients.

[<10> Section 3.3.1:](#) The **AntiSpywareUptoDate** ADM element is used only with Windows Vista and Windows 7 clients.

[<11> Section 3.3.3:](#) The **AntiSpywareScanEnabled** ADM element is used only with Windows Vista and Windows 7 clients.

[<12> Section 3.3.3:](#) The **AntiSpywareUptoDate** ADM element is used only with Windows Vista and Windows 7 clients.

[<13> Section 3.3.7.1:](#) In the Windows implementation, the SoH server requests the WSHV to validate a SoH and create the corresponding SoHR by calling the public NAP interface INapSystemHealthValidator::Validate described in [\[MSDN-INapSysHV\]](#).



## 7 Change Tracking

This section identifies changes that were made to the [MS-WSH] protocol document between the May 2011 and June 2011 releases. Changes are classified as New, Major, Minor, Editorial, or No change.

The revision class **New** means that a new document is being released.

The revision class **Major** means that the technical content in the document was significantly revised. Major changes affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of major changes are:

- A document revision that incorporates changes to interoperability requirements or functionality.
- An extensive rewrite, addition, or deletion of major portions of content.
- The removal of a document from the documentation set.
- Changes made for template compliance.

The revision class **Minor** means that the meaning of the technical content was clarified. Minor changes do not affect protocol interoperability or implementation. Examples of minor changes are updates to clarify ambiguity at the sentence, paragraph, or table level.

The revision class **Editorial** means that the language and formatting in the technical content was changed. Editorial changes apply to grammatical, formatting, and style issues.

The revision class **No change** means that no new technical or language changes were introduced. The technical content of the document is identical to the last released version, but minor editorial and formatting changes, as well as updates to the header and footer information, and to the revision summary, may have been made.

Major and minor changes can be described further using the following change types:

- New content added.
- Content updated.
- Content removed.
- New product behavior note added.
- Product behavior note updated.
- Product behavior note removed.
- New protocol syntax added.
- Protocol syntax updated.
- Protocol syntax removed.
- New content added due to protocol revision.
- Content updated due to protocol revision.
- Content removed due to protocol revision.
- New protocol syntax added due to protocol revision.

- Protocol syntax updated due to protocol revision.
- Protocol syntax removed due to protocol revision.
- New content added for template compliance.
- Content updated for template compliance.
- Content removed for template compliance.
- Obsolete document removed.

Editorial changes are always classified with the change type **Editorially updated**.

Some important terms used in the change type descriptions are defined as follows:

- **Protocol syntax** refers to data elements (such as packets, structures, enumerations, and methods) as well as interfaces.
- **Protocol revision** refers to changes made to a protocol that affect the bits that are sent over the wire.

The changes made to this document are listed in the following table. For more information, please contact [protocol@microsoft.com](mailto:protocol@microsoft.com).

Section	Tracking number (if applicable) and description	Major change (Y or N)	Change type
<a href="#">1.2 References</a>	Added explanatory statement regarding the removal of the publishing year from Microsoft Open Specification document references.	N	Content updated.
Global	Revised document for technical clarity and comprehensiveness.	Y	Content updated.

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