

[MS-DFSRH]: DFS Replication Helper Protocol Specification

Intellectual Property Rights Notice for Protocol Documentation

- This protocol documentation is covered by Microsoft copyrights. Regardless of any other terms that are contained in the terms of use for the Microsoft website that hosts this documentation, you may make copies of it in order to develop implementations of the protocols, and may distribute portions of it in your implementations of the protocols or your documentation as necessary to properly document the implementation. This permission also applies to any documents that are referenced in the protocol documentation.
- Microsoft does not claim any trade secret rights in this documentation.
- Microsoft has patents that may cover your implementations of the protocols. Neither this notice nor Microsoft's delivery of the documentation grants any licenses under those or any other Microsoft patents. If you are interested in obtaining a patent license, please contact protocol@microsoft.com.
- The names of companies and products contained in this documentation may be covered by trademarks or similar intellectual property rights. This notice does not grant any licenses under those rights.
- All other rights are reserved, and this notice does not grant any rights other than specifically described above, whether by implication, estoppel, or otherwise.

This protocol documentation is intended for use in conjunction with publicly available standard specifications, network programming art, and Microsoft Windows distributed systems concepts, and assumes that the reader either is familiar with the aforementioned material or has immediate access to it.

A protocol specification does not require the use of Microsoft programming tools or programming environments in order for you to develop an implementation. If you have access to Microsoft programming tools and environments you are free to take advantage of them.

Revision Summary

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
03/14/2007	1.0	Major	Updated and revised the technical content.
04/10/2007	1.1	Minor	Updated the technical content.
05/18/2007	1.2	Minor	Minor edits
06/08/2007	1.3	Minor	Updated the technical content.
07/10/2007	1.3.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.

Date	Revision History	Revision Class	Comments
08/17/2007	1.3.2	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.
09/21/2007	1.4	Minor	Revised IDL to include MS-DTYP content.
10/26/2007	2.0	Major	Revised the technical content in response to Trustee feedback.
01/25/2008	2.0.1	Editorial	Revised and edited the technical content.

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	6
1.1	Glossary	6
1.2	References	7
1.2.1	Normative References	7
1.2.2	Informative References	8
1.3	Protocol Overview (Synopsis)	8
1.4	Relationship to Other Protocols	9
1.5	Prerequisites/Preconditions	9
1.6	Applicability Statement	9
1.7	Versioning and Capability Negotiation	9
1.8	Vendor-Extensible Fields	10
1.9	Standards Assignments.....	10
2	Messages	11
2.1	Transport	11
2.2	Message Syntax	11
2.2.1	Common Data Types.....	11
2.2.1.1	DfsrHelperErrorsEnum	11
2.2.1.2	DfsrReportingFlags	12
2.2.1.3	AdAttributeData	12
2.2.1.4	VersionVectorData	13
2.2.1.5	Server Health Report XML	14
2.2.1.5.1	xs Namespace.....	14
2.2.1.5.2	timestamp Element.....	14
2.2.1.5.3	folder Element	15
2.2.1.5.4	dfsrStats Element.....	16
2.2.1.5.5	transactions Element	17
2.2.1.5.6	file Element	18
2.2.1.5.7	affectedFileSet Element.....	19
2.2.1.5.8	set Element	20
2.2.1.5.9	serviceInfo Element	22
2.2.1.5.10	server Element.....	23
2.2.1.5.11	serverInfo Element	26
2.2.1.5.12	drive Element	27
2.2.1.5.13	affectedContentSets Element	28
2.2.1.5.14	ref Element.....	29
2.2.1.5.15	errorReferences Element	30
2.2.1.5.16	error Element	30
2.2.1.5.17	Types of DFS Replication Error	31
2.2.1.5.17.1	EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_INTERNAL_ERROR Message	32
2.2.1.5.17.2	EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_RESUME_FAILED_AFTER_BACKUP_RESTORE Message	32
2.2.1.5.17.3	EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_FAILED_PROCESSING_RESTORE_VOLUME_LI ST Message.....	32
2.2.1.5.17.4	EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_INTERNAL_ERROR Message	32
2.2.1.5.17.5	EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_RPC_LISTENER_ERROR Message	33
2.2.1.5.17.6	EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_DEBUG_LOG_STOP Message	33
2.2.1.5.17.7	EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_LOG_INITIALIZATION_FAILED Message	33
2.2.1.5.17.8	EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_ERROR Message.....	34
2.2.1.5.17.9	EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_JOURNAL_WRAP Message	34
2.2.1.5.17.10	EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_DATABASE_ERROR Message	35

2.2.1.5.17.11	EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_JOURNAL_LOSS Message	35
2.2.1.5.17.12	EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_JOURNAL_RECOVERY_FAILED Message	35
2.2.1.5.17.13	EVENT_DFSR_CS_ERROR Message	36
2.2.1.5.17.14	EVENT_DFSR_CS_DISABLED Message	36
2.2.1.5.17.15	EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_CLEANUP_STARTED Message	36
2.2.1.5.17.16	EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_CLEANUP_FAILED Message	37
2.2.1.5.17.17	EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_EXCEEDED_SIZE Message	38
2.2.1.5.17.18	EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_INACCESSIBLE Message	38
2.2.1.5.17.19	EVENT_DFSR_CS_SHARING_VIOLATION_LOCAL Message	39
2.2.1.5.17.20	EVENT_DFSR_CS_SHARING_VIOLATION_SERVING Message	39
2.2.1.5.17.21	EVENT_DFSR_CS_SHARING_VIOLATION_WALKING Message	40
2.2.1.5.17.22	EVENT_DFSR_CS_UNSUPPORTED_ENCRYPTED_FILES Message	40
2.2.1.5.17.23	EVENT_DFSR_CS_UNSUPPORTED_REPARSE_TAG Message	41
2.2.1.5.17.24	EVENT_DFSR_CS_DISK_FULL Message	41
2.2.1.5.17.25	EVENT_DFSR_CONNECTION_ERROR Message	42
2.2.1.5.17.26	EVENT_DFSR_CONNECTION_SERVICE_UNREACHABLE Message	42
2.2.1.5.17.27	EVENT_DFSR_CONNECTION_UNRECOGNIZED Message	43
2.2.1.5.17.28	EVENT_DFSR_INCOMPATIBLE_VERSION Message	43
2.2.1.5.17.29	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_INVALID_DATA Message	44
2.2.1.5.17.30	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_DUPLICATE_DATA Message	44
2.2.1.5.17.31	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_INCONSISTENT_DATA Message	45
2.2.1.5.17.32	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR Message	45
2.2.1.5.17.33	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_INVALID_PARAMETER_WARNING Message	45
2.2.1.5.17.34	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_INVALID_SCHEMA_VERSION Message	46
2.2.1.5.17.35	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_UPDATE_FAILED Message	46
2.2.1.5.17.36	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_WMI_PROVIDER_REGISTRATION_FAILED Message	47
2.2.1.5.17.37	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_VOLUME_NOT_SUPPORTED Message	47
2.2.1.5.17.38	EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING Message	47
2.2.1.5.17.39	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_CS_ROOT_INVALID Message	48
2.2.1.5.17.40	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_CS_ROOT_STALE Message	48
2.2.1.5.17.41	EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING_WITH_FRS1 Message	49
2.2.1.5.17.42	EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING_WITH_SYSTEM Message	49
2.2.1.5.17.43	EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING_WITH_LOG Message	50
2.2.1.5.17.44	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_VOLUME_CONSISTENCY_CHECK_FAILED Message	50
2.2.1.5.17.45	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_NO_CONNECTIONS_ENABLED Message	51
2.2.1.5.17.46	EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_NO_CONNECTIONS_EXIST Message	51
3	Protocol Details	52
3.1	Server Role Details	52
3.1.1	Abstract Data Model	52
3.1.2	Timers	52
3.1.3	Initialization	52
3.1.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events	52
3.1.5	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	52
3.1.5.1	Methods with Prerequisites	52
3.1.5.2	IADProxy Interface	52
3.1.5.2.1	CreateObject Method (Opnum 3)	53
3.1.5.2.2	DeleteObject Method (Opnum 4)	54
3.1.5.2.3	ModifyObject Method (Opnum 5)	56
3.1.5.3	IADProxy2 Interface	57
3.1.5.3.1	CreateObject Method (Opnum 6)	57
3.1.5.3.2	DeleteObject Method (Opnum 7)	59
3.1.5.3.3	ModifyObject Method (Opnum 8)	59

3.1.5.4	IServerHealthReport Interface	60
3.1.5.4.1	GetReport Method (Opnum 3)	61
3.1.5.4.2	GetCompressedReport Method (Opnum 4)	63
3.1.5.4.3	GetRawReportEx Method (Opnum 5)	64
3.1.5.4.4	GetReferenceVersionVectors Method (Opnum 6)	65
3.1.5.4.5	GetMemberVersionVectorsAndBacklogCounts Method (Opnum 7)	65
3.1.5.4.6	GetReferenceBacklogCount Method (Opnum 8)	66
3.1.6	Timer Events	66
3.1.7	Other Local Events	66
3.2	Client Role Details	67
3.2.1	Abstract Data Model	67
3.2.2	Timers	67
3.2.3	Initialization	67
3.2.4	Higher-Layer Triggered Events	67
3.2.5	Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules	67
3.2.5.1	Methods with Prerequisites	67
3.2.6	Timer Events	67
3.2.7	Other Local Events	67
4	Protocol Examples	68
4.1	Example of Messages Between a Client and Server	68
4.2	Example of the Server Health Report in XML Format	68
5	Security	71
6	Appendix A: Full IDL	72
7	Appendix B: Windows Behavior	75
8	Index	79

1 Introduction

The Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol is a set of DCOM interfaces for configuring and monitoring the Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol on a server.

1.1 Glossary

The following terms are defined in [\[MS-GLOS\]](#):

Active Directory
Computer Object
Connection
Content Set
Distinguished Name (DN)
Endpoint
Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP)
Machine Account
Member
NetBIOS Name
Opnum
Replicated Folder
Replication Group
RPC Protocol Sequence
RPC Transport
Universal Unique Identifier (UUID) or Globally Unique Identifier (GUID)
Update Sequence Number (USN)
Version Vector
Volume

The following terms are specific to this document:

DFS Replication Health Report, Replication Health Report, or Health Report: A report that displays information about the operation of the **DFS-Replication (DFS-R)** service on computers in a **replication group**. The following information is included in the health report: file transfer statistics, the number of files in the **replicated folders**, disk space use, and replication errors and warnings.

Distributed File System-Replication (DFS-R): A file replication technology that is included in Windows Server and is used to replicate files, folders, attributes, and file metadata.

File Lock: An operating system mechanism that prevents a file that is used in one process from being accessed, modified, or deleted from another process.

Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN): In the context of this document, FQDNs do not include the "ldap/" prefix.

Partner: A computer that is participating in **DFS-R** file replication.

Replication Issue: A possible error condition that is relevant to the health report. The possible replication issues are:

Sharing - A **sharing violation** occurred.

Filtered - The file was filtered from replication on the basis of an implementation-specific filter that was set in the **DFS-R** service. [<1>](#)

Replication Member: See **member**.

Sharing Violation: The failure by a process to read, modify, or delete a file because another process holds the **file lock** for this file.

USN Journal: A sequence of **USN records**. The **USN** journal can be read as a file on NTFS.

USN Record: A record that contains information such as time stamps, file names, file attributes, and parent directory information, per file change.

MAY, SHOULD, MUST, SHOULD NOT, MUST NOT: These terms (in all caps) are used as described in [\[RFC2119\]](#). All statements of optional behavior use either MAY, SHOULD, or SHOULD NOT.

1.2 References

1.2.1 Normative References

We conduct frequent surveys of the normative references to assure their continued availability. If you have any issue with finding a normative reference, please contact dochelp@microsoft.com. We will assist you in finding the relevant information. Please check the archive site, <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/E4BD6494-06AD-4aed-9823-445E921C9624>, as an additional source.

[C706] The Open Group, "DCE 1.1: Remote Procedure Call", C706, August 1997, <http://www.opengroup.org/public/pubs/catalog/c706.htm>

[MS-ADTS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Active Directory Technical Specification](#)", July 2006.

[MS-DCOM] Microsoft Corporation, "[Distributed Component Object Model \(DCOM\) Remote Protocol Specification](#)", July 2006.

[MS-DRSR] Microsoft Corporation, "[Directory Replication Service \(DRS\) Remote Protocol Specification](#)", July 2006.

[MS-FRS1] Microsoft Corporation, "File Replication Service Protocol Specification", July 2006.

[MS-FRS2] Microsoft Corporation, "[SD Microsoft Distributed File System Replication Protocol Specification](#)", July 2006.

[MS-GLOS] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Protocols Master Glossary](#)", March 2007.

[MS-RPCE] Microsoft Corporation, "[Remote Procedure Call Protocol Extensions](#)", July 2006.

[RFC1001] Network Working Group, "Protocol Standard for a NetBIOS Service on a TCP/UDP Transport: Concepts and Methods", RFC 1001, March 1987, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1001.txt>

[RFC1002] Network Working Group, "Protocol Standard for a NetBIOS Service on a TCP/UDP Transport: Detailed Specifications", RFC 1002, March 1987, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1002.txt>

[RFC2119] Bradner, S., "Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels", BCP 14, RFC 2119, March 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2119.txt>

[RFC2251] Wahl, M., Howes, T., and Kille, S., "Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (v3)", RFC 2251, December 1997, <http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2251.txt>

[UNICODE4.0] The Unicode Consortium, "Unicode 4.0.0",
<http://www.unicode.org/versions/Unicode4.0.0/>

[XML10] World Wide Web Consortium, "Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Third Edition)", February 2004, <http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml>

[XMLSCHEMA0] Fallside, D., Ed. and Walmsley, P., Ed., "XML Schema Part 0: Primer, Second Edition", W3C Recommendation, October 2004, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2004/REC-xmlschema-0-20041028/>

[XMLSCHEMA1] Thompson, H.S., Ed., Beech, D., Ed., Maloney, M., Ed., and Mendelsohn, N., Ed., "XML Schema Part 1: Structures", W3C Recommendation, May 2001, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/REC-xmlschema-1-20010502/>

[XMLSCHEMA2] Biron, P.V., Ed. and Malhotra, A., Ed., "XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes", W3C Recommendation, May 2001, <http://www.w3.org/TR/2001/REC-xmlschema-2-20010502/>

1.2.2 Informative References

[LDAP] Microsoft Corporation, "About Lightweight Directory Access Protocol",
<http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa366075.aspx>

If you have any trouble finding [LDAP], please check [here](#).

[LDAP-ERR] Microsoft Corporation, "Return Values", <http://msdn2.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa367014.aspx>

[MS-WMI] Microsoft Corporation, "[Windows Management Instrumentation Remote Protocol Specification](#)", July 2006.

[SAFEARRAY] Ames, A., "SAFEARRAYs Made Easier", May 2000,
<http://dn.codegear.com/article/22016>

1.3 Protocol Overview (Synopsis)

The Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol provides a set of DCOM interfaces for configuring and monitoring **Distributed File System–Replication (DFS-R)** on a server, as specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#). The server end of the protocol is a DCOM service that implements the DCOM interface. The client end of the protocol is an application that invokes method calls on the interface to make DFS-R configuration changes and monitor the status of the DFS-R service on the server.

The first part of the Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol consists of interfaces for changing, modifying, and deleting configuration objects in **Active Directory** by using the **machine account** of the server.

For all **replication members**, the configuration related to a **member** is stored in the **computer object** for the local machine in Active Directory. It is common for system components that are unrelated to DFS-R to set permissions on the computer object that will prevent modification of the object by some users and still permit modification by using the credentials for the computer. Therefore, a server implementation uses the credentials of the local machine account when it sends commands to update Active Directory objects.

If a user has sufficient privileges to connect to the server that is running the DFS-R Helper Protocol and to invoke methods implemented by the DFS-R Helper Protocol interfaces, the server works as a proxy for making configuration changes on behalf of the client application that is running under the user's account. [<2>](#)

The client sends the server the information about the Active Directory operation that it is trying to accomplish. The server then attempts to execute the command by using the machine account and returns information about the status of the operation.

The second part of the Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol is an interface for monitoring DFS-R on the computer and collecting various statistics about the DFS-R operation.

The information that is collected by using the Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol includes, among other types of information, the following statistics:

- Information about replication errors that are encountered by DFS-R on the server.
- The count and size of replicated files on the server.
- Disk use on the server.
- Information about **replicated folders** on the server.
- Replication backlog—the number of files that are not yet fully replicated.

Sections [2](#) and [3](#) specify the Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol and define protocol messages, their parameters, and the XML format of the **health report**.

1.4 Relationship to Other Protocols

The Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol relies on the [Distributed Component Object Model \(DCOM\) Remote Protocol](#) (as specified in [MS-DCOM], which uses RPC as its transport. For more information, see [\[MS-RPCE\]](#).

1.5 Prerequisites/Preconditions

This protocol is implemented over DCOM and RPC. Therefore, it has the prerequisites that are specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) and [\[MS-RPCE\]](#) as common to the DCOM and RPC interfaces.

The Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol assumes that a client has obtained the name of a server that supports this protocol suite before the protocol is invoked.[<3>](#)

1.6 Applicability Statement

This protocol is applicable when an application needs to modify the DFS-R configuration by using the credentials of the server computer. The client also uses this protocol to get health information for the DFS-R service on the remote server.

1.7 Versioning and Capability Negotiation

Supported Transports: This protocol MUST use the [Distributed Component Object Model \(DCOM\) Remote Protocol](#) (as specified in [MS-DCOM]), which in turn uses RPC over TCP, as its only transport, as specified in section [2.1](#).

Protocol Version: This protocol includes three DCOM interfaces, all of which are version 0.0. A client MUST use one or more of the following interfaces when it communicates with a Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol server:

- [IADProxy](#)
- [IADProxy2](#)

- [IServerHealthReport](#)

The **IADProxy2** interface supersedes the **IADProxy** interface and contains new functionality that is related to server clusters. [<4>](#)

Security and Authentication Methods: For more information, see [MS-DCOM] and [\[MS-RPCE\]](#). The client MUST have administrator rights on the server computer to use either the **IADProxy** interface or the **IADProxy2** interface.

1.8 Vendor-Extensible Fields

This protocol does not define any vendor-extensible fields.

1.9 Standards Assignments

The Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol has no standards assignments. It uses the following **UUIDs** to identify its interfaces.

Parameter	Value
RPC interface UUID for the IADProxy interface.	4BB8AB1D-9EF9-4100-8EB6-DD4B4E418B72
RPC interface UUID for the IADProxy2 interface.	C4B0C7D9-ABE0-4733-A1E1-9FDEDF260C7A
RPC interface UUID for the IServerHealthReport interface.	E65E8028-83E8-491b-9AF7-AAF6BD51A0CE

2 Messages

2.1 Transport

This protocol MUST use the [DCOM Remote Protocol](#), as specified in [MS-DCOM], as its transport. On its behalf, the DCOM Remote Protocol uses the following **RPC protocol sequence**: RPC over TCP, as specified in [\[MS-RPCE\]](#).

To access an interface, the client MUST request a DCOM **connection** to its well-known object UUID **endpoint** on the server, as specified in section [1.9](#).

The RPC version number for all interfaces MUST be 0.0.

An implementation of DFS Replication Helper MAY configure its DCOM implementation or underlying **RPC transport** with authentication parameters to allow clients to connect, or it MAY choose to not set these parameters. The details of this are implementation-specific. [<5>](#)

The DFS Replication Helper interfaces make use of the underlying DCOM security framework, as specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#), and rely upon it for access control. DCOM differentiates between launch and access operations and also decides whether to deny or grant access for these operations.

An implementation of DFS Replication Helper MAY choose to restrict access to the interfaces. [<6>](#)

2.2 Message Syntax

In addition to the RPC base types and the definitions that are specified in [\[C706\]](#) and [\[MS-DTYP\]](#), the sections that follow use the definitions of BSTR, GUID, SAFEARRAY, VARIANT, VARIANT_BOOL, and DWORD, as specified in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#) [Appendix A](#) and in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#). The **IServerHealthReport** interface returns its report as XML. For more information about XML, see [\[XML10\]](#), [\[XMLSCHEMA0\]](#), [\[XMLSCHEMA1\]](#), and [\[XMLSCHEMA2\]](#).

2.2.1 Common Data Types

2.2.1.1 DfsrHelperErrorsEnum

The **DfsrHelperErrorsEnum** enumeration defines error codes that are specific to the [IADProxy](#) and [IADProxy2](#) interfaces.

The UUID for this enumeration is {9009D654-250B-4e0d-9AB0-ACB63134F69F}.

```
typedef enum DfsrHelperErrorsEnum
{
    dfsrHelperErrorNotLocalAdmin = 0x80042001,
    dfsrHelperErrorCreateVerifyServerControl = 0x80042002,
    dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase = 0x80043000
} DfsrHelperErrorsEnum;
```

dfsHelperErrorNotLocalAdmin: The user does not have sufficient privileges on the server.

dfsHelperErrorCreateVerifyServerControl: Cannot create LDAP_SERVER_VERIFY_NAME_OID control for the **LDAP** command.

For more information about this LDAP control command, see [\[MS-ADTS\]](#) section 3.1.1.3.4.1.16.

dfsHelperLdapErrorBase: This is the base value for LDAP errors. When the server has to forward information about an error that occurred in the LDAP protocol, the server MUST send the error by using the following value:

dfsHelperLdapErrorBase + [Actual LDAP error].

2.2.1.2 DfsrReportingFlags

The **DfsrReportingFlags** enumeration represents the options for generating health reports, which are used in the [IServerHealthReport](#) interface. The UUID for this enumeration is {CEB5D7B4-3964-4f71-AC17-4BF57A379D87}.

The following enumeration values MAY be combined to create a bitmask by using a bitwise OR operation.

```
typedef enum DfsrReportingFlags
{
    REPORTING_FLAGS_NONE = 0,
    REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG = 1,
    REPORTING_FLAGS_FILES = 2
} DfsrReportingFlags;
```

REPORTING_FLAGS_NONE: Default report options. This value MUST NOT return any optional information.

REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG: In addition to the default reporting information, this value MUST return the count of backlogged transactions.

REPORTING_FLAGS_FILES: In addition to the default reporting information, this value MUST return the information about the count and cumulative size of files in the replicated folders.

2.2.1.3 AdAttributeData

The **AdAttributeData** structure provides information about an Active Directory operation. This structure describes the Active Directory operation that is requested by the client. The UUID for this structure is {D3766938-9FB7-4392-AF2F-2CE8749DBBD0}.

```
typedef
[uuid(D3766938-9FB7-4392-AF2F-2CE8749DBBD0)]
struct {
    long operation;
    BSTR attributeName;
    BSTR attributeValue;
    VARIANT_BOOL isString;
    long length;
} _AdAttributeData;
```

operation: Specifies the LDAP operation that MUST be executed for the attribute that is specified by the *attributeName* parameter. This value MUST be specified by using rules for the

operation field of the LDAP ModifyRequest. For information about ModifyRequest, see [\[RFC2251\]](#) section 4.6.

attributeName: MUST be the name of the attribute on which to execute the LDAP operation that is specified by the *operation* parameter.

attributeValue: The value of the attribute that is specified by the *attributeName* parameter. The value of this parameter MUST be built by using the following rules:

- If the value can be represented as a string, the *attributeValue* field MUST contain the string representation of the value.
- If the value contains raw binary data, the *attributeValue* field MUST contain the binary data encoded in the **BSTR** according to the following rules:
 - The length, in bytes, of the **BSTR** buffer MUST be greater than or equal to the value of the size of the binary data that is to be encoded.
 - The **BSTR** buffer MUST be filled by the bytes that compose the in-memory representation of the binary data that is being encoded. The part of the buffer between offsets 0 and "length - 1" MUST be passed to the LDAP protocol by the server. The remainder of the **BSTR** buffer, if any, MUST be ignored by the server.

isString: Specifies whether the value that is passed in the *attributeValue* field is a string. The value of this field MUST be VARIANT_FALSE if the *attributeValue* field contains a binary value. Otherwise, the value MUST be VARIANT_TRUE.

length: For a binary value, the length, in bytes, of the value MUST be provided in this field. For string data, this field MUST be set to the length, in bytes, of the **Unicode** string.

2.2.1.4 VersionVectorData

The **VersionVectorData** structure provides information about the DFS-R **version vector**. The DFS-R version vector is an array of identifiers and versions of modified files in a replicated folder. The version vector is specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.1.4.1. The UUID for this structure is {7A2323C7-9EBE-494a-A33C-3CC329A18E1D}.

```
typedef
[uuid(7A2323C7-9EBE-494a-A33C-3CC329A18E1D)]
struct VersionVectorData {
    long uncompressedSize;
    long backlogCount;
    BSTR contentSetGuid;
    VARIANT versionVector;
} _VersionVectorData;
```

uncompressedSize: MUST be the number of bytes in the uncompressed version vector. The version vector is defined by FRS_ASYNC_VERSION_VECTOR_RESPONSE, as specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.1.4.12.

backlogCount: MUST be the number of backlogged transactions for the replicated folder on the server.

contentSetGuid: MUST be a string representation of the GUID of the replicated folder.

versionVector: MUST be the version vector for the replicated folder whose GUID is specified by the **contentSetGuid** field.

The version vector is either compressed (that is, an encoded field whose format is specified by the Windows Server 2003 decompression algorithm in [\[MS-DRSR\]](#) or uncompressed. The version vector MUST be represented by a VARIANT field that has a VT_BSTR variant type.

The client MUST determine whether the version vector is compressed by applying the following rules:

- If the sum of the number of characters, including the terminating NULL character in the **BSTR**, multiplied by the size, in bytes, of a Unicode character (the size MUST be 2) is less than the value of the **uncompressedSize** field, the version vector is sent in compressed form.
- Otherwise, the version vector is uncompressed.

The compressed or uncompressed version vector MUST be encoded in a **BSTR** and passed by using the **versionVector.bstrVal** field.

The compressed or uncompressed version vector buffer MUST be encoded in a **BSTR** by applying the following rules:

- The length, in bytes, of the **BSTR** buffer MUST be greater than or equal to the value of the size of the binary data that is to be encoded.
- The part of the **BSTR** buffer between offsets 0 and "length - 1" MUST be filled by the compressed or uncompressed data, as specified previously. The remainder of the **BSTR** buffer (if any) MUST be ignored by the server.

2.2.1.5 Server Health Report XML

The server health report is an XML document that contains the data that is related to DFS-R service health.

2.2.1.5.1 xs Namespace

The xs namespace that is used in subsections of section [2.2.1.5](#) refers to the XMLSchema namespace that is specified in [\[XMLSCHEMA0\]](#), [\[XMLSCHEMA1\]](#), and [\[XMLSCHEMA2\]](#).

2.2.1.5.2 timestamp Element

The **timestamp** XML element represents the time in a specific time zone.

```
<xs:element name="timestamp">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="fileTime"
        type="xs:long"
      />
      <xs:element name="systemTime"
        type="xs:string"
        minOccurs="0"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="timezone"
```

```

        type="xs:int"
      />
    </xs:complexType>
  </xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
fileTime	xs:long	MUST be the time, in FILETIME format, as specified in the [MS-DTYP] Appendix A . Because the FILETIME is provided in Coordinated Universal Time (UTC), the daylight time adjustment MUST NOT be included in this field. Instead, the adjustment MUST be included in the timezone field.
systemTime	xs:string	An implementation-specific textual representation of the date and time. <7>

Attributes

Name	Type	Description
timezone	xs:int	MUST be the difference, in minutes, between the time in the server time zone and Coordinated Universal Time (UTC). This field SHOULD account for the daylight time adjustment.

2.2.1.5.3 folder Element

The **folder** XML element represents a folder on the disk.

```

<xs:element name="folder">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="path"
        type="xs:string"
      />
      <xs:element name="fileCount"
        type="xs:long"
      />
      <xs:element name="folderCount"
        type="xs:long"
      />
      <xs:element name="size"
        type="xs:long"
      />
      <xs:element name="configSize"
        type="xs:long"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="type">
      <xs:simpleType>
        <xs:restriction
          base="xs:string"
        >
          <xs:enumeration
            value="root"

```

```

        />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="conflict"
        />
        <xs:enumeration
            value="staging"
        />
    </xs:restriction>
</xs:simpleType>
</xs:attribute>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
path	xs:string	MUST be the path of the folder on the disk, in the format {drive letter} + ":" + "\" + {path on disk}.
fileCount	xs:long	MUST be the number of files in the folder and all subfolders, or -1 if the file number information is not included in the report.
folderCount	xs:long	MUST be the number of all direct subfolders of the folder, or -1 if the folder number information is not included in the report.
size	xs:long	MUST be the cumulative size, in bytes, of all files in the folder and all subfolders, or -1 if the file size information is not included in the report.
configSize	xs:long	MUST be the maximum size, in bytes, of the folder if the folder has a type of "conflict" or "staging." The value of this element MUST be -1 for folders of type "root."

Attributes

Name	Type	Description								
type	enumeration	The type of the folder. The value of this element MUST be one of the following strings:								
		<table><tr><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>root</td><td>The folder element represents the root of a DFS-R replicated folder.</td></tr><tr><td>conflict</td><td>The folder element represents a conflict folder for a DFS-R replicated folder.</td></tr><tr><td>staging</td><td>The folder element represents a staging folder for a DFS-R replicated folder.</td></tr></table>	Value	Description	root	The folder element represents the root of a DFS-R replicated folder.	conflict	The folder element represents a conflict folder for a DFS-R replicated folder.	staging	The folder element represents a staging folder for a DFS-R replicated folder.
		Value	Description							
		root	The folder element represents the root of a DFS-R replicated folder.							
		conflict	The folder element represents a conflict folder for a DFS-R replicated folder.							
staging	The folder element represents a staging folder for a DFS-R replicated folder.									

2.2.1.5.4 dfsrStats Element

The **dfsrStats** XML element represents efficiency statistics for the DFS-R Helper Protocol.


```

<xs:element name="dfsStats">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="sizeOfFilesReceived"
        type="xs:long"
      />
      <xs:element name="totalBytesReceived"
        type="xs:long"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
sizeOfFilesReceived	xs:long	MUST be the total uncompressed size, in bytes, of all files or partial files that are received by the server from other members since the DFS Replication service started.
totalBytesReceived	xs:long	MUST be the total compressed size, in bytes, of all data that is received by the server from other members that participate in the same replication group over a network in order to transfer files or partial files.

2.2.1.5.5 transactions Element

The **transactions** XML element represents file transfer statistics.

```

<xs:element name="transactions">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="recvdfiles"
        type="xs:long"
      />
      <xs:element name="backlogInbound"
        type="xs:long"
      />
      <xs:element name="backlogOutbound"
        type="xs:long"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
recvdfiles	xs:long	MUST be the total number of new or updated files that are received by the server from other members since the DFS Replication service started.

Element	Type	Description
backlogInbound	xs:long	<p>MUST be the number of inbound backlogged transactions relative to the version vector that were provided as a parameter to the server. This number MUST be calculated by comparing the version of each file in the version vector that is sent by the client with the version of the file that exists on this computer. It MUST be calculated by counting the number of files whose version numbers are lower on this computer than on the caller's computer and counting the files that are present in the version vector but not on this computer.</p> <p>The client is responsible for getting the version vector from another server that is participating in the replication group. The client MAY use the IServerHealthReport::GetReferenceVersionVectors method to get this version vector from another server. The client MAY also use a different implementation-specific way of getting the version vectors. <8></p>
backlogOutbound	xs:long	<p>MUST be the number of outbound backlogged transactions relative to the reference member. This number MUST be calculated by comparing the version of each file in the version vector that is sent by the caller's computer with the version of the file that exists on this computer. It is calculated by counting the number of files whose version numbers are higher on this computer than on the caller's computer and counting the files that are present on this computer but not in the version vector.</p> <p>The client is responsible for getting the version vector from another server that is participating in the replication group. The client MAY use the IServerHealthReport::GetReferenceVersionVectors method to get this version vector from another server. The client MAY also use a different implementation-specific way of getting the version vectors. <9></p>

2.2.1.5.6 file Element

The **file** XML element represents information about a file.

```
<xs:element name="file">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="name"
        type="xs:string"
      />
      <xs:element name="path">
        <xs:simpleType>
          <xs:restriction
            base="xs:string"
          >
            <xs:enumeration
              value=""
            />
          </xs:restriction>
        </xs:simpleType>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="size"
        type="xs:long"
        minOccurs="0"
      />
      <xs:element
        minOccurs="0"
        ref="timestamp"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

```

    />
  </xs:sequence>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
name	xs:string	MUST be the path of the file that is relative to the replicated folder root. The path MUST begin with a folder name, followed by a backslash (\) and then by the name of each folder in the order in which they are opened; the folder names are separated by using a backslash.
path	N/A	This element MUST be an empty string. The element SHOULD be ignored by the client.
size	xs:long	The server MAY choose to populate this element with the original size, in bytes, of the file; or it MAY set this field to 0, which means that the size is not provided in the health report; or it MAY exclude this field from the file element. <10>
timestamp	timestamp	The server MAY choose to populate this field with the time stamp of the file. The server MAY also exclude this element from the file element. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.2 .

2.2.1.5.7 affectedFileSet Element

The **affectedFileSet** XML element represents information about the files that are involved in **replication issues**.

```

<xs:element name="affectedFileSet">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element
        minOccurs="0"
        maxOccurs="unbounded"
        ref="file"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="folder">
      <xs:simpleType>
        <xs:restriction
          base="xs:string"
        >
          <xs:enumeration
            value="sharing"
          />
          <xs:enumeration
            value="filtered"
          />
        </xs:restriction>
      </xs:simpleType>
    </xs:attribute>
  </xs:complexType>

```

</xs:element>

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
file	file	MUST be the information about the files that are involved in a specific replication issue. The format of this element is specified in 2.2.1.5.6 .

Attributes

Name	Type	Description						
folder	enumeration	<p>The type of replication issue in which the file was involved. The value MUST be one of the values listed in the following table.</p> <table><tr><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>sharing</td><td>A sharing violation occurred.</td></tr><tr><td>filtered</td><td>The file was filtered from replication on the basis of an implementation-specific filter that was set in the DFS Replication service.The DFS-R service excludes the following files from replication: Files that have a temporary flag. Specific types of reparse points that are not supported by DFS-R. Supported and unsupported reparse points that are specified in [MS-FRS2]. Encrypted files.</td></tr></table>	Value	Description	sharing	A sharing violation occurred.	filtered	The file was filtered from replication on the basis of an implementation-specific filter that was set in the DFS Replication service.The DFS-R service excludes the following files from replication: Files that have a temporary flag. Specific types of reparse points that are not supported by DFS-R. Supported and unsupported reparse points that are specified in [MS-FRS2]. Encrypted files.
Value	Description							
sharing	A sharing violation occurred.							
filtered	The file was filtered from replication on the basis of an implementation-specific filter that was set in the DFS Replication service.The DFS-R service excludes the following files from replication: Files that have a temporary flag. Specific types of reparse points that are not supported by DFS-R. Supported and unsupported reparse points that are specified in [MS-FRS2]. Encrypted files.							

2.2.1.5.8 set Element

The **set** XML element represents information about a replicated folder.

```
<xs:element name="set">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="status">
        <xs:simpleType>
          <xs:restriction
            base="xs:int"
          >
            <xs:enumeration
              value="0"
            />
            <xs:enumeration
              value="1"
            />
            <xs:enumeration
              value="2"
            />
            <xs:enumeration
              value="3"
            />
            <xs:enumeration
```

```

        value="4"
      />
      <xs:enumeration
        value="5"
      />
      <xs:enumeration
        value="6"
      />
      <xs:enumeration
        value="7"
      />
    </xs:restriction>
  </xs:simpleType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="fileFilter"
  type="xs:string"
/>
<xs:element name="directoryFilter"
  type="xs:string"
/>
<xs:element
  minOccurs="0"
  maxOccurs="3"
  ref="folder"
/>
<xs:element
  minOccurs="0"
  ref="dfsrStats"
/>
<xs:element
  minOccurs="0"
  ref="transactions"
/>
<xs:element
  minOccurs="0"
  maxOccurs="2"
  ref="affectedFileSet"
/>
</xs:sequence>
<xs:attribute name="name"
  type="xs:string"
/>
<xs:attribute name="guid"
  type="xs:string"
/>
</xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
status	N/A	The status of the replicated folder. This MUST be one of the values that are listed in the following table.

Element	Type	Description
fileFilter	xs:string	A file filter mask that MUST specify the mask of files that are excluded from replication. The format of the filter mask is specified in [MS-FRS2] .
directoryFilter	xs:string	A directory filter mask that MUST specify the mask of directories that are excluded from replication. The format of the filter mask is specified in [MS-FRS2] .
folder	folder	The set element MAY have zero to three sub-elements of type "folder", one for each of the following folder types: "root", "staging", and "conflict". The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.3.<12>
dfsrStats	dfsrStats	MUST be the compression statistics for this replicated folder. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.4 .
transactions	transactions	MUST be the file transactions statistics for this <i>replicated folder</i> . The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.5 .
affectedFileSet	affectedFileSet	Information about the files that experienced replication issues that are sharing violations and filtered content, as described below. The server's file system MAY support file-sharing semantics, which would allow denial of shared-read access when opening a file or shared-delete access when deleting a file. There can be 0, 1, or 2 occurrences of this element. If, and only if, sharing violations were detected by the server, the set element MUST contain one affectedFileSet element with the folder element set to "sharing". If, and only if, filtered content was detected by the server, the set element MUST contain one affectedFileSet element with the folder element set to "filtered". The format of the affectedFileSet element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.7.<13>

Attributes

Name	Type	Description
name	xs:string	MUST be the name of the replicated folder.
guid	xs:string	MUST be the unique identifier of the replicated folder.

2.2.1.5.9 serviceInfo Element

The **serviceInfo** XML element represents information about the DFS Replication service on the server.

```
<xs:element name="serviceInfo">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="state"
        type="xs:int"
      />
      <xs:element name="version"
        type="xs:string"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

```

        ref="timestamp"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description																
state	xs:int	The state of the service. This MUST be one of the values listed in the following table.																
		<table><tr><th>Value</th><th>Meaning</th></tr><tr><td>0</td><td>Stopped</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Start pending</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Stop pending</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>Running</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>Continue pending</td></tr><tr><td>5</td><td>Pause pending</td></tr><tr><td>6</td><td>Paused</td></tr></table>	Value	Meaning	0	Stopped	1	Start pending	2	Stop pending	3	Running	4	Continue pending	5	Pause pending	6	Paused
		Value	Meaning															
		0	Stopped															
		1	Start pending															
		2	Stop pending															
		3	Running															
		4	Continue pending															
		5	Pause pending															
6	Paused																	
version	xs:string	MUST be the implementation-specific version of the DFS Replication service. <14>																
timestamp	timestamp	MUST be the date and time when the DFS Replication service starts. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.2 .																

2.2.1.5.10 server Element

The **server** XML element represents a list of replicated folders that are affected by a particular error.

```

<xs:element name="server">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element ref="serviceInfo" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element ref="serverInfo" minOccurs="0"/>
      <xs:element name="contentSets" minOccurs="0">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element ref="set" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="disks" minOccurs="0">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element ref="drive" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

```

        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="serverErrors" minOccurs="0">
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element ref="error" minOccurs="0" maxOccurs="unbounded"/>
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="name" type="xs:string" />
    <xs:attribute name="dns" type="xs:string" />
    <xs:attribute name="domain" type="xs:string" />
    <xs:attribute name="ipAddress" type="xs:string" />
    <xs:attribute name="site" type="xs:string" />
    <xs:attribute name="ServerReportVersion" type="xs:string" />
    <xs:attribute name="dfsHelperVersion" type="xs:string" />
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

<xs:element name="server">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element
        minOccurs="0"
        ref="serviceInfo"
      />
      <xs:element
        minOccurs="0"
        ref="serverInfo"
      />
      <xs:element name="contentSets"
        minOccurs="0"
      >
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element
              minOccurs="0"
              maxOccurs="unbounded"
              ref="set"
            />
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="disks"
        minOccurs="0"
      >
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element
              minOccurs="0"
              maxOccurs="unbounded"
              ref="drive"
            />
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
      <xs:element name="serverErrors"
        minOccurs="0"
      >

```



```

        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:sequence>
            <xs:element
              minOccurs="0"
              maxOccurs="unbounded"
              ref="error"
            />
          </xs:sequence>
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="name"
      type="xs:string"
    />
    <xs:attribute name="dns"
      type="xs:string"
    />
    <xs:attribute name="domain"
      type="xs:string"
    />
    <xs:attribute name="ipAddress"
      type="xs:string"
    />
    <xs:attribute name="site"
      type="xs:string"
    />
    <xs:attribute name="ServerReportVersion"
      type="xs:string"
    />
    <xs:attribute name="dfsHelperVersion"
      type="xs:string"
    />
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
serviceInfo	serviceInfo	MUST contain information about the DFS Replication service on the server. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.9 .
serverInfo	serverInfo	MUST contain information about the server. For information about the format of this element, see section 2.2.1.5.11 .
contentSets	N/A	MUST contain information about replicated folders on the server.
set	set	MUST contain information about a single replicated folder. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.8 .
disks	N/A	MUST contain information about volumes on the server.
drive	drive	MUST contain information about a single volume. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.12 .
serverErrors	N/A	MUST contain information about errors on the server.

Element	Type	Description
error	error	MUST contain information about a single error. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.16 .

Attributes

Name	Type	Description
name	xs:string	MUST be the NetBIOS name of the server.
dns	xs:string	MUST be the fully qualified DNS name of the server.
domain	xs:string	MUST be the FQDN of the domain to which the server belongs.
ipAddress	xs:string	MUST be the IP addresses of the server. If the server has more than one IP address, the addresses MUST be delimited by "; " (semicolon followed by a space).
site	xs:string	MUST be the Active Directory site of the server, as returned from a domain controller. <15>
ServerReportVersion	xs:string	The version of the report schema. This attribute MUST be set to "1.0".
dfsHelperVersion	xs:string	MUST be the implementation-specific version of the DFS-R Helper Protocol server. <16>

2.2.1.5.11 serverInfo Element

The **serverInfo** XML element represents information about the server.

```

<xs:element name="serverInfo">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="referenceDC"
        maxOccurs="unbounded"
      >
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:attribute name="dnsName"
            type="xs:string"
          />
          <xs:attribute name="domain"
            type="xs:string"
          />
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
referenceDC	N/A	MUST be the FQDN of the domain controller that provided the latest configuration information to the server. The FQDN MUST be a DNS name. It MUST NOT be a dotted-quad format IP address. If the server also is a DNS server, it is possible for the referenceDC and dnsName fields to contain the same FQDN.

Attributes

Name	Type	Description
dnsName	xs:string	MUST be the fully qualified DNS name of the server.
domain	xs:string	MUST be the name of the domain to which this server belongs. Either the FQDN or the NetBIOS name of the domain MAY be used. <17>

2.2.1.5.12 drive Element

The **drive** XML element represents information about a volume on the server.

```

<xs:element name="drive">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="totalSpace"
        type="xs:long"
      />
      <xs:element name="freeSpace"
        type="xs:long"
      />
      <xs:element name="journalSize"
        type="xs:long"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="letter"
      type="xs:string"
    />
    <xs:attribute name="volumeGuid"
      type="xs:string"
    />
    <xs:attribute name="name"
      type="xs:string"
    />
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
totalSpace	xs:long	MUST be the total space, in bytes, on the volume.
freeSpace	xs:long	MUST be the free space, in bytes, on the volume.
journalSize	xs:long	MUST be the size, in bytes, of the changes journal on the volume. DFS-R

Element	Type	Description
		implementations that do not use a change journal MUST report 0. <18>

Attributes

Name	Type	Description
letter	xs:string	MUST be the drive letter in the format {the drive letter} + ":" or the path of the volume mount point, in the format {the drive letter} + ":" + "\" + {the path on disk}.
volumeGuid	xs:string	MUST be the implementation-specific, unique identifier of the volume. <19>
name	xs:string	MUST be the implementation-specific, human-readable name of the volume. <20>

2.2.1.5.13 affectedContentSets Element

The **affectedContentSets** XML element represents a list of replicated folders that are affected by a specific error.

```
<xs:element name="affectedContentSets">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element name="set"
        minOccurs="0"
        maxOccurs="unbounded"
      >
        <xs:complexType>
          <xs:attribute name="name"
            type="xs:string"
          />
        </xs:complexType>
      </xs:element>
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="sets">
      <xs:simpleType>
        <xs:restriction
          base="xs:string"
        >
          <xs:enumeration
            value="all"
          />
        </xs:restriction>
      </xs:simpleType>
    </xs:attribute>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
set	N/A	MUST be the element that corresponds to a single replicated folder.

Attributes

Name	Type	Description				
name	xs:string	MUST be the name of the replicated folder as defined in the "name" attribute of the "msDFSRR-ContentSet" configuration object in Active Directory. The "msDFSRR-ContentSet" configuration object is specified in [MS-FRS2] section 2.2.3.7.				
sets	enumeration	<p>MUST specify whether the affected content set consists of all replicated folders on the server. If all replicated folders on the server are affected by the problem, the server MUST set the value of this element to "all"; otherwise, this element MUST NOT be present in the affectedContentSets element.</p> <table><tr><th>Value</th><th>Description</th></tr><tr><td>all</td><td></td></tr></table>	Value	Description	all	
Value	Description					
all						

2.2.1.5.14 ref Element

The **ref** XML element represents information about an error parameter. Depending on what the error is, specific named parameters MUST be defined. For more information about errors and their mandatory parameters, see section [2.2.1.5.17](#).

```

<xs:element name="ref"
  nillable="true"
>
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:simpleContent>
      <xs:extension
        base="xs:string"
      >
        <xs:attribute name="refId"
          type="xs:string"
        />
      </xs:extension>
    </xs:simpleContent>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Attributes

Name	Type	Description
refId	xs:string	MUST be the name of the error parameter.

extension: MUST be the value of the error parameter that is associated with this refId.

2.2.1.5.15 errorReferences Element

The **errorReferences** XML element represents information about all parameters of an error.

```
<xs:element name="errorReferences">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element ref="ref" maxOccurs="unbounded" />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
<xs:element name="errorReferences">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element
        maxOccurs="unbounded"
        ref="ref"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
ref	ref	MUST be one or more error references. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.14 .

2.2.1.5.16 error Element

The **error** XML element represents information about an error on the server.

```
<xs:element name="error">
  <xs:complexType>
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element
        ref="timestamp"
      />
      <xs:element
        minOccurs="0"
        ref="affectedContentSets"
      />
      <xs:element
        minOccurs="0"
        ref="errorReferences"
      />
    </xs:sequence>
    <xs:attribute name="id"
      type="xs:string"
    />
    <xs:attribute name="type"
      type="xs:string"
    />
  </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>
```

```

    </xs:complexType>
</xs:element>

```

Child Elements

Element	Type	Description
timestamp	timestamp	MUST be the time when the error occurred. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.2 .
affectedContentSets	affectedContentSets	MUST be information about content sets that are affected by this problem. The type of information contained in this field MUST be as specified in the section 2.2.1.5.13 .
errorReferences	errorReferences	MUST be the error parameters. The format of this element is specified in section 2.2.1.5.15 . Depending on the error ID, specific named parameters MUST be defined. For more information about errors and their mandatory parameters, see section 2.2.1.5.17 .

Attributes

Name	Type	Description						
id	xs:string	MUST be the error identifier. For more information about errors and their identifiers, see section 2.2.1.5.17 .						
type	xs:string	<div>The error type. This element MUST be one of the values listed in the following table.</div> <table><tr><th>Value</th><th>Meaning</th></tr><tr><td>Error</td><td>This error message represents a replication error.</td></tr><tr><td>Warning</td><td>This error message represents a replication warning.</td></tr></table>	Value	Meaning	Error	This error message represents a replication error.	Warning	This error message represents a replication warning.
Value	Meaning							
Error	This error message represents a replication error.							
Warning	This error message represents a replication warning.							

2.2.1.5.17 Types of DFS Replication Error

This section specifies errors that the server MAY choose to detect and return to the client as part of the [error](#) XML element. The server MAY also choose to ignore any error condition that is described below. The server MUST send a RefID that is defined in one of the following Error Parameters tables.

Some of the error conditions that are specified in this section are very specific to the Windows implementation of the DFS Replication service, and therefore, might be inapplicable to other implementations of DFS Replication. If an error is different in another implementation of the DFS Replication service, such an error condition MAY be mapped to an implementation-specific error. The recommended way is to append the error code to the method name without any processing. If the error condition is inapplicable, the server SHOULD NOT include this error in the health report. [<21>](#)

Some of the errors described below include implementation-specific information about a failure in the form of an implementation-specific error code and an implementation-specific error string. The implementation MUST use these parameters to provide more information about the error. [<22>](#)

When the server detects any of the errors that are described below, it MUST add a new **error** element to the [server](#) element. The **error** element MUST have an **id** field that contains the value that is specified in the Error ID section for that error. The format of the **error** element is specified in section [2.2.1.5.16](#).

For each error message, the server MUST supply the listed number of parameters. For each parameter, the server MUST add the [errorReferences](#) element to the **error** element. The value of each parameter MUST be an XML string and SHOULD correspond to that provided in the subsections of Types of DFS Replication Error, as specified in section 2.2.1.5.17. The client MUST NOT make any assumptions about the format of the data within the strings. [<23>](#)

2.2.1.5.17.1 EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_INTERNAL_ERROR Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service has stopped because of an internal error from which it cannot recover. No content is replicating to or from this server. [<24>](#)

Error ID: 1010

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
1	The name of the implementation-specific source file where the error occurred.
2	The implementation-specific line number where the error occurred.
3	The service restart time.

2.2.1.5.17.2 EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_RESUME_FAILED_AFTER_BACKUP_RESTORE Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to restart after a backup or restore operation.

Error ID: 1106

Error parameters: This error does not have any parameters.

2.2.1.5.17.3 EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_FAILED_PROCESSING_RESTORE_VOLUME_LIST Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to process the list of restored volumes. This failure can occur if the service encounters errors while accessing the list.

Error ID: 1108

Error parameters: This error does not have any parameters.

2.2.1.5.17.4 EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_INTERNAL_ERROR Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to contact the domain controller to access configuration information. Replication is stopped. The service will try again during the next configuration polling cycle. This event can be caused by TCP/IP connectivity, firewall, Active Directory, or DNS issues.

Error ID: 1202

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
1202.1	The domain controller network name, in FQDN format.
1202.2	The domain controller polling interval, in minutes.

2.2.1.5.17.5 EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_RPC_LISTENER_ERROR Message

Error description: The DFS-R service failed to start an RPC listener. Replication is disabled on this computer.

Error ID: 1208

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
1208.1	The port.
1208.2	The implementation-specific error code.
1208.3	The implementation-specific error string.

2.2.1.5.17.6 EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_DEBUG_LOG_STOP Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service encountered an error while writing to the debug log file. Failure to write to the debug log file can occur because the disk is full, the disk is failing, or a quota limit has been reached for the folder where the logs are written. Logging will be disabled until this error is resolved.

Error ID: 1302

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
1302.1	The implementation-specific error code.
1302.2	The implementation-specific error string.
1302.3	The path of the debug log file.
1302.4	The maximum number of debug log files.
1302.5	The implementation-specific value that specifies how verbose the information in the log is.
1302.6	The maximum count of debug log messages.

2.2.1.5.17.7 EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_LOG_INITIALIZATION_FAILED Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service encountered errors while configuring the debug log files. Logging is disabled until this error is resolved.

Error ID: 1312

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
1312.1	The implementation-specific error code.
1312.2	The implementation-specific error string.
1312.3	The path of the debug log file.

2.2.1.5.17.8 EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_ERROR Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service stopped replication on the volume. This failure can occur because the disk is full, the disk is failing, or a quota limit has been reached. This failure can also occur if the DFS Replication service encounters errors while it is attempting to stage files for a replicated folder on this volume. Replication is disabled until the error is resolved.

Error ID: 2004

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
2004.1	The volume GUID.
2004.2	The volume path.
2004.3	The implementation-specific error code.
2004.4	The implementation-specific error string.

2.2.1.5.17.9 EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_JOURNAL_WRAP Message

Error description: The DFS-R service has detected a file system change journal wrap error on the volume.

A journal wrap error occurs only when change journal entries that have not been processed by DFS-R are overwritten with newer entries. This can occur for the following reasons:

- The file system change journal on the volume has been truncated.
- The DFS-R service was not running on this computer for an extended period of time.
- The DFS-R service could not keep up with the rate of file changes on the volume. [<25>](#)

Error ID: 2202

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
2202.1	The volume GUID.
2202.2	The volume path.

2.2.1.5.17.10 EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_DATABASE_ERROR Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to recover from an internal database error on the volume. Replication has been stopped for all replicated folders on this volume.

Error ID: 2104

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
2104.1	The volume GUID.
2104.2	The volume path.
2104.3	The implementation-specific error code.
2104.4	The implementation-specific DFS-R error string.
2104.5	The implementation-specific database error. .<26>

2.2.1.5.17.11 EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_JOURNAL_LOSS Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service has detected a file system change journal loss on the volume. The service has automatically initiated the journal loss recovery process. [.<27>](#)

Error ID: 2204

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
2204.1	The volume GUID.
2204.2	The volume path.

2.2.1.5.17.12 EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_JOURNAL_RECOVERY_FAILED Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to recover from a file system change journal wrap or loss on the volume. Recovery will be attempted periodically. [.<28>](#)

Error ID: 2208

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
2208.1	The volume GUID.
2208.2	The volume path.
2208.3	The time between retry attempts.
2208.4	The implementation-specific error code.
2208.5	The implementation-specific error string.

2.2.1.5.17.13 EVENT_DFSR_CS_ERROR Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service stopped replication on the replicated folder because of an error.

Error ID: 4004

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4004.1	The replicated folder GUID.
4004.2	The implementation-specific error context.
4004.3	The root path of the replicated folder.
4004.4	The implementation-specific error code.
4004.5	The implementation-specific error string.
4004.6	The name of the replicated folder.
4004.7	The name of the replicated group.
4004.8	The replicated group GUID.
4004.9	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.14 EVENT_DFSR_CS_DISABLED Message

Error description: The replicated folder at the local path was disabled by an administrator. The replicated folder does not participate in replication until it is enabled.

Error ID: 4114

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4114.1	The replicated folder GUID.
4114.2	The root path of the replicated folder.
4114.3	The name of the replicated folder.
4114.4	The name of the replication group.
4114.5	The replication group GUID.
4114.6	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.15 EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_CLEANUP_STARTED Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service has detected that the staging space that is in use for the replicated folders is above the high-water mark. The service attempts to clean up the staging folder. Performance may be affected.

The server MAY choose to use the high-water mark and low-water mark to determine when to start and stop cleanup of the staging space. The high-water mark and low-water mark are implementation-specific values; each is a function of the configured size of the staging folder. [<29>](#)

Error ID: 4202

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4202.1	The replicated folder GUID.
4202.2	The root path of the replicated folder.
4202.3	The staging folder path.
4202.4	The staging folder configured size.
4202.5	The space in use in the staging folder.
4202.6	The staging folder high-water mark.
4202.7	The staging folder low-water mark.
4202.8	The replicated folder name.
4202.9	The replication group name.
4202.10	The replication group GUID.
4202.11	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.16 EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_CLEANUP_FAILED Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to clean up old staging files for the replicated folder. The service might fail to replicate some large files, and the replicated folder might get out of synchronization. The service automatically retries to clean up the staging space. The service may start cleanup earlier if it detects that some staging files have been unlocked.

Error ID: 4206

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4206.1	The replicated folder GUID.
4206.2	The root path of the replicated folder.
4206.3	The staging folder path.
4206.4	The configured size of the staging folder.
4206.5	The space in use in the staging folder.
4206.6	The staging folder high-water mark.
4206.7	The staging folder low-water mark.

Ref ID	Meaning
4206.8	The name of the replicated folder.
4206.9	The name of the replication group.
4206.10	The replication group GUID.
4206.11	The member GUID.
4206.12	The amount of time, in seconds, between retry attempts.

2.2.1.5.17.17 EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_EXCEEDED_SIZE Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected that the staging-space usage is above the staging quota for the replicated folder. The service might fail to replicate some large files, and the replicated folder might get out of synchronization. The service automatically attempts to clean up the staging space.

Error ID: 4208

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4208.1	The replicated folder GUID.
4208.2	The root path of the replicated folder.
4208.3	The staging folder path.
4208.4	The configured size of the staging folder.
4208.5	The space in use in the staging folder.
4208.6	The staging folder high-water mark.
4208.7	The staging folder low-water mark.
4208.8	The name of the replicated folder.
4208.9	The name of the replication group.
4208.10	The replication group GUID.
4208.11	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.18 EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_INACCESSIBLE Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected that the staging space usage is above the staging quota for the replicated folder. The service might fail to replicate some large files, and the replicated folder might get out of synchronization. The service automatically attempts to clean up the staging space.

Error ID: 4212

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4212.1	The replicated folder GUID.
4212.2	The root path of the replicated folder.
4212.3	The staging folder path.
4212.4	The name of the replicated folder.
4212.5	The name of the replication group.
4212.6	The replication group GUID.
4212.7	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.19 EVENT_DFSR_CS_SHARING_VIOLATION_LOCAL Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service was repeatedly prevented from replicating a file because of consistent sharing violations that were encountered on the file. A local sharing violation occurs when the service fails to receive an updated file because the local file is currently in use.

Error ID: 4302

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4302.1	The replicated folder GUID.
4302.2	The file path.
4302.3	The root path of the replicated folder.
4302.4	The implementation-specific file unique ID.
4302.5	The name of the replicated folder.
4302.6	The name of the replication group.
4302.7	The replication group GUID.
4302.8	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.20 EVENT_DFSR_CS_SHARING_VIOLATION_SERVING Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service was repeatedly prevented from replicating a file because of consistent sharing violations that were encountered on the file. The service failed to stage a file for replication because of a sharing violation.

Error ID: 4304

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4304.1	The replicated folder GUID.

Ref ID	Meaning
4304.2	The file path.
4304.3	The root path of the replicated folder.
4304.4	The implementation-specific file unique ID.
4304.5	The name of the replicated folder.
4304.6	The name of the replication group.
4304.7	The replication group GUID.
4304.8	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.21 EVENT_DFSR_CS_SHARING_VIOLATION_WALKING Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to get folder information when walking the file system on a journal wrap or loss recovery because of repeated sharing violations that were encountered on a folder. The service cannot replicate the folder and files in that folder until the sharing violation is resolved.

Error ID: 4312

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4312.1	The replicated folder GUID.
4312.2	The folder path.
4312.3	The root path of the replicated folder.
4312.4	The implementation-specific folder unique ID.
4312.5	The name of the replicated folder.
4312.6	The name of the replication group.
4312.7	The replication group GUID.
4312.8	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.22 EVENT_DFSR_CS_UNSUPPORTED_ENCRYPTED_FILES Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service encountered an encrypted file. [<30>](#)

Error ID: 4402

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4402.1	The replicated folder GUID.

Ref ID	Meaning
4402.2	The file path.
4402.3	The root path of the replicated folder.
4402.4	The name of the replicated folder.
4402.5	The name of the replication group.
4402.6	The replication group GUID.
4402.7	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.23 EVENT_DFSR_CS_UNSUPPORTED_REPARSE_TAG Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service encountered an unsupported reparse point in a replicated folder. This reparse point will not be replicated because the replication of this type of reparse point is not supported by the DFS Replication service.

Error ID: 4406

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4406.1	The replicated folder GUID.
4406.2	The file path.
4406.3	The root path of the replicated folder.
4406.4	The name of the replicated folder.
4406.5	The name of the replication group.
4406.6	The replication group GUID.
4406.7	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.24 EVENT_DFSR_CS_DISK_FULL Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service encountered errors when it replicated one or more files because adequate free space was not available on the volume. This volume contains the replicated folder, the staging folder, or both. The service will periodically retry replication.

Error ID: 4502

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
4502.1	The replicated folder GUID .
4502.2	The root path of the replicated folder.
4502.3	The name of the replicated folder.

Ref ID	Meaning
4502.4	The name of the replicated folder.
4502.5	The replication group GUID.
4502.6	The member GUID.
4502.7	The volume GUID.
4502.8	The volume path.
4502.9	The path of the staging folder.

2.2.1.5.17.25 EVENT_DFSR_CONNECTION_ERROR Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service encountered an error communicating with the **partner** member.

Error ID: 5002

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
5002.1	The replicated folder GUID.
5002.2	The name of the partner member.
5002.3	The name of the replication group.
5002.4	The full name of the partner.
5002.5	The short name of the partner (the NetBIOS name).
5002.6	The IP Address of the partner.
5002.7	The implementation-specific error code.
5002.8	The implementation-specific error string.
5002.9	The replication group GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.26 EVENT_DFSR_CONNECTION_SERVICE_UNREACHABLE Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to communicate with the partner for the replication group. This error can occur if the host is unreachable or if the DFS Replication service is not running on the server.

Error ID: 5008

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
5008.1	The replicated folder GUID.

Ref ID	Meaning
5008.2	The name of the partner member.
5008.3	The name of the replication group.
5008.4	The full name of the partner.
5008.5	The short name of the partner (the NetBIOS name).
5008.6	The IP address of the partner.
5008.7	The implementation-specific error code.
5008.8	The implementation-specific error string.
5008.9	The replication group GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.27 EVENT_DFSR_CONNECTION_UNRECOGNIZED Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to communicate with the replication partner. The partner did not recognize the connection or the replication group configuration.

Error ID: 5012

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
5012.1	The replicated folder GUID.
5012.2	The name of the partner member.
5012.3	The name of the replicated folder.
5012.4	The full name of the partner.
5012.5	The short name of the partner (the NetBIOS name).
5012.6	The IP address of the partner.
5012.7	The implementation-specific error code.
5012.8	The implementation-specific error string.
5012.9	The replication group GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.28 EVENT_DFSR_INCOMPATIBLE_VERSION Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to communicate with the partner. The partner is running a different version of the communication protocol.

Error ID: 5102

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
5102.1	The replicated folder GUID.
5102.2	The partner member name.
5102.3	The replication group name.
5102.4	The local minor version.
5102.5	The local major version.
5102.6	The remote minor version.
5102.7	The remote major version.
5102.8	The replication group GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.29 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_INVALID_DATA Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected object data that is not valid while it was polling for configuration information.

Error ID: 6002

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6002.1	The configuration object type.
6002.2	The distinguished name of the configuration object.
6002.3	The attribute name.
6002.4	The domain controller.
6002.5	The polling cycle, in minutes.

2.2.1.5.17.30 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_DUPLICATE_DATA Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected a conflict between two or more objects while it was polling for configuration information. The DFS Replication service resolved the conflict by ignoring the duplicated object.

Error ID: 6004

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6004.1	The configuration object type.
6004.2	The distinguished name of the ignored duplicated object.
6004.3	The distinguished name of the subscriber.

Ref ID	Meaning
6004.4	The domain controller.
6004.5	The polling cycle, in minutes.

2.2.1.5.17.31 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_INCONSISTENT_DATA Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected an inconsistent object while it was polling for configuration information: an object referenced another object that does not exist.

Error ID: 6006

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6006.1	The configuration object type.
6006.2	The distinguished name of the first object.
6006.3	The distinguished name of the second object.
6006.4	The domain controller.
6006.5	The polling cycle, in minutes.

2.2.1.5.17.32 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected a bad parameter in the configuration, and the service could recover from this error.

Error ID: 6006

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6006.1	The configuration block name.
6006.2	The GUID of the object.
6006.3	The parameter name.
6006.4	The reason for the error.
6006.5	The default value of the parameter.

2.2.1.5.17.33 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_INVALID_PARAMETER_WARNING Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected a bad parameter in the configuration. The service has ignored the input value and used the default value instead.

Error ID: 6008

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6008.1	The configuration block name.
6008.2	The GUID of the object.
6008.3	The parameter name.
6008.4	The reason for the warning.
6008.5	The default value of the parameter.

2.2.1.5.17.34 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_INVALID_SCHEMA_VERSION Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected an incompatible Active Directory schema version while it was trying to read configuration objects from the server. The service disconnected from this server and will try again in the next polling cycle.

Error ID: 6012

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6012.1	The domain controller.
6012.2	The expected version.
6012.3	The actual version.
6012.4	The domain controller.
6012.5	The polling cycle, in minutes.

2.2.1.5.17.35 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_UPDATE_FAILED Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to update the configuration in Active Directory. The service will retry this operation periodically. [<31>](#)

Error ID: 6016

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6016.1	The object class.
6016.2	The distinguished name of the object.
6016.3	The implementation-specific error code.
6016.4	The implementation-specific error string.
6016.5	The domain controller.
6016.6	The polling cycle, in minutes.

2.2.1.5.17.36 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_WMI_PROVIDER_REGISTRATION_FAILED Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to register the WMI provider.

Error ID: 6104

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6104.1	The implementation-specific error code.
6104.2	The implementation-specific error string.

2.2.1.5.17.37 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_VOLUME_NOT_SUPPORTED Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service is unable to start replication on the volume because the volume is not supported. [<32>](#)

Error ID: 6302

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6302.1	The volume GUID.
6302.2	The volume path.

2.2.1.5.17.38 EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to initialize the replicated folder because the service detected that one of its private folders overlaps with an existing File Replication Service (FRS) replica set. This is an unsupported configuration. The condition under which this event is generated is controlled by DFS Replication, as specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#).

Error ID: 6402

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6402.1	The replicated folder GUID.
6402.2	The replicated folder root.
6402.3	The overlapped folder.
6402.4	The replicated folder root.
6402.5	The replicated folder name.
6402.6	The replication group name.
6402.7	The replication group GUID.

Ref ID	Meaning
6402.8	The member GUID.
6402.9	The FRS folder name.

2.2.1.5.17.39 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_CS_ROOT_INVALID Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to replicate the replicated folder because the local path is not the fully qualified path name of an existing accessible local folder.

Error ID: 6404

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6404.1	The replicated folder GUID.
6404.2	The replicated folder root.
6404.3	The replicated folder name.
6404.4	The replication group name.
6404.5	The replication group GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.40 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_CS_ROOT_STALE Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected that the local path of a replicated folder does not match the newly configured local path of the replicated folder. The service will replicate the new path, and the old replicated folder will no longer be tracked as a replicated folder.

This event is expected if the local path of the replicated folder has been changed.

Error ID: 6406

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6406.1	The replicated folder GUID.
6406.2	The previous path of the folder root.
6406.3	The new folder root.
6406.3	The replicated folder name.
6406.4	The replication group name.
6406.5	The replication group GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.41 EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING_WITH_FRS1 Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to initialize the replicated folder because the service detected that one of its folders overlaps with an existing folder that is replicated by using DFS Replication. This is an unsupported configuration.

Error ID: 6408

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6408.1	The replicated folder GUID.
6408.2	The replicated folder root.
6408.3	The overlapped folder.
6408.4	The replicated folder root.
6408.5	The replicated folder name.
6408.6	The replication group name.
6408.7	The replication group GUID.
6408.8	The member GUID.
6408.9	The overlapped folder in another replicated folder.
6408.10	Another replicated folder root.
6408.11	Another replicated folder name.
6408.12	Another replicated folder GUID.
6408.13	Another replication group name.
6408.14	Another replication group GUID.
6408.15	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.42 EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING_WITH_SYSTEM Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to initialize the replicated folder because the service detected that one of its working folders overlaps an operating system folder. This is an unsupported configuration. The condition under which this event is generated is controlled by DFS Replication, as specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#).

Error ID: 6410

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6410.1	The replicated folder GUID.
6410.2	The replicated folder root.

Ref ID	Meaning
6410.3	The overlapped folder.
6410.4	The replicated folder root.
6410.5	The replicated folder name.
6410.6	The replication group name.
6410.7	The replication group GUID.
6410.8	The member GUID.
6410.9	The system folder path.

2.2.1.5.17.43 EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING_WITH_LOG Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service failed to initialize the replicated folder because the service detected that one of its working folders overlaps with the debug log folder. This is an unsupported configuration. The condition under which this event is generated is controlled by DFS Replication, as specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#).

Error ID: 6412

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6412.1	The replicated folder GUID.
6412.2	The replicated folder root.
6412.3	The overlapped folder.
6412.4	The replicated folder root.
6412.5	The replicated folder name
6412.6	The replication group name.
6412.7	The replication group GUID.
6412.8	The member GUID.
6412.9	The log folder path.

2.2.1.5.17.44 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_VOLUME_CONSISTENCY_CHECK_FAILED Message

Error description: The DFS Replication service detected and discarded an inconsistent volume configuration.

Error ID: 6602

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6602.1	The volume GUID.
6602.2	The implementation-specific error code.
6602.3	The implementation-specific error path.
6602.4	The volume path.

2.2.1.5.17.45 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_NO_CONNECTIONS_ENABLED Message

Error description: No connections are enabled for the replication group.

Error ID: 6802

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6802.1	The replication group GUID.
6802.2	The replication group name.
6802.3	The member GUID.

2.2.1.5.17.46 EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_NO_CONNECTIONS_EXIST Message

Error description: No connections are defined for the replication group.

Error ID: 6804

Error parameters:

Ref ID	Meaning
6804.1	The replication group GUID.
6804.2	The replication group name.
6804.3	The member GUID .

3 Protocol Details

3.1 Server Role Details

3.1.1 Abstract Data Model

No abstract data model is required.

3.1.2 Timers

No timers are required.

3.1.3 Initialization

The server MUST be considered to be initialized after a successful activation of one of the three interfaces that are registered with the [Distributed Component Object Model \(DCOM\) Remote Protocol](#) infrastructure, as specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) section 1.3.6.

3.1.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

All method invocations are triggered by higher-layer events, such as commands issued within administrative and diagnostic applications. The details of method invocations are provided in the following sections.

3.1.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

3.1.5.1 Methods with Prerequisites

The methods of the [IServerHealthReport](#), [IADProxy](#), and [IADProxy2](#) interfaces require no prerequisite calls against the server.

3.1.5.2 IADProxy Interface

The **IADProxy** interface, as specified in [MS-DCOM](#), inherits the IUnknown interface. Method **opnum** field values start with 3; opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown_QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object using the UUID {4BB8AB1D-9EF9-4100-8EB6-DD4B4E418B72}.

In these methods, the DFS-R Helper Protocol calls several Windows APIs and returns the error codes returned by these APIs. In the following sections, these codes are referred to as nonzero implementation-specific error codes.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
CreateObject	Create an Active Directory object with the specified distinguished name and attributes. Opnum: 3
DeleteObject	Delete an Active Directory object with the specified distinguished name. Opnum: 4

Method	Description
ModifyObject	Add, delete, or modify attributes of an Active Directory object with the specified distinguished name. Opnum: 5

3.1.5.2.1 CreateObject Method (Opnum 3)

The **CreateObject** method MUST execute an LDAP command under machine security credentials to create an Active Directory object with a specified distinguished name and attributes. [<33>](#)

```
HRESULT CreateObject(
    [in] BSTR domainControllerName,
    [in] BSTR distinguishedName,
    [in] SAFEARRAY( _AdAttributeData )* attributes,
    [in] BSTR verifyNameDomainControllerName
);
```

domainControllerName: MUST be the FQDN of the domain controller to which the method sends the LDAP request.

distinguishedName: MUST be the distinguished name of the Active Directory object that is being created. The distinguished name of any object in Active Directory can be used. The format of the distinguished name is specified in [\[RFC2251\]](#) section 4.1.3.

attributes: The safe array of attributes that MUST be created for the new object. As an input parameter, the SAFEARRAY is created by the client.

verifyNameDomainControllerName: If the attributes of the object refer to an object in another domain, the client MUST specify the domain controller in that domain that will be used to verify the reference. The LDAP_SERVER_VERIFY_NAME_OID control will be added to the LDAP command. If this parameter does not specify a domain controller that can be contacted to validate these references, the method MUST fail and return an LDAP protocol failure.

The LDAP control is specified in [\[MS-ADTS\]](#) section **3.1.1.3.4.1.16**.

Return Values: The method MUST return:

- 0 on success.
- For LDAP protocol failures:
 - If the LDAP error is LDAP_OPERATIONS_ERROR, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the server-side error code.
 - For all other LDAP errors, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the LDAP return code. For more information, see [\[LDAP-ERR\]](#).
- For all other failures, an implementation-specific nonzero [HRESULT](#) error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

When the server receives this message, it MUST check whether the caller has sufficient rights to perform the operation. The implementation SHOULD perform a check to verify that the rights are appropriate for the creation of Active Directory objects.

If the user does not have sufficient rights, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return the `dfsHelperErrorNotLocalAdmin` error code as its response to the client.

If the server fails to perform this check because of an implementation-specific failure, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return an appropriate error as its response to the client.

If the check succeeds and the server can verify that the user has sufficient rights, the server MUST proceed to the next steps of the method.

After it receives this message, the server MUST validate the parameters:

- Verify that *domainControllerName* and *distinguishedName* are not NULL and are not empty strings.
- Verify that attributes are not NULL and present a valid one-dimensional safe array. SAFEARRAY is as specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#). For more information, see [\[SAFEARRAY\]](#).

If parameter validation fails, the server MUST immediately fail the operation and return an appropriate error as its response to the client.

If both the security check and the parameter validation succeed, the server MUST create a new LDAP command for creating a new Active Directory object that has the specified distinguished name and attributes.

If the *verifyNameDomainControllerName* parameter is not NULL or is an empty string, the server MUST append the LDAP_SERVER_VERIFY_NAME_OID control to the LDAP command. The value of the *verifyNameDomainControllerName* parameter MUST be passed to this control as a value. If for any reason this control cannot be created or appended to the command, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return the `dfsHelperErrorCreateVerifyServerControl` error code as its response to the client. [<34>](#)

Otherwise, the server MUST execute the LDAP command against the domain controller that is specified in *domainControllerName* and check the return value of the LDAP protocol.

If the LDAP protocol returns LDAP_SUCCESS, the server MUST return zero to the caller to indicate the success of the call; otherwise, if the LDAP protocol returned any return code other than LDAP_SUCCESS, the server MUST return the following error code to the caller:

- If the error is LDAP_OPERATIONS_ERROR, the server gets the server-side error code of the LDAP operation and MUST return `dfsHelperLdapErrorBase` + the server-side error code to the caller.
- For all other LDAP errors, the server MUST return `dfsHelperLdapErrorBase` + the LDAP return code to the caller.

3.1.5.2.2 DeleteObject Method (Opnum 4)

The **DeleteObject** method MUST execute an LDAP command under machine security credentials to delete an Active Directory object with a specified distinguished name. [<35>](#)

```
HRESULT DeleteObject(  
    [in] BSTR domainControllerName,  
    [in] BSTR distinguishedName  
);
```

domainControllerName: MUST be the FQDN of the domain controller to which the method sends the LDAP command.

distinguishedName: MUST be the distinguished name of the Active Directory object that is being deleted. The distinguished name of any object in Active Directory can be used. The format of the distinguished name is specified in [\[RFC2251\]](#) section 4.1.3.

Return Values: The method MUST return:

- 0 on success.
- For LDAP protocol failures:
 - If the LDAP error is LDAP_OPERATIONS_ERROR, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the server-side error code.
 - For all other LDAP errors, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the LDAP return code. For more information, see [\[LDAP-ERR\]](#).
- For all other failures, an implementation-specific nonzero [HRESULT](#) error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

After receiving this message, the server MUST check whether the caller has sufficient rights to perform the operation. The implementation SHOULD perform a platform-specific check to verify that the rights are appropriate for the deletion of Active Directory objects.

- If the user does not have sufficient rights, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return the dfsrHelperErrorNotLocalAdmin error code as its response to the client.
- If the server fails to perform this check because of an implementation-specific failure, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return an appropriate error as its response to the client. [<36>](#)

If the check succeeds and the server can verify that the user has sufficient rights, the server MUST proceed to the next steps of the method.

After the server receives this message, it MUST validate the parameters:

- Verify that *domainControllerName* and *distinguishedName* are not NULL and are not empty strings.
- If parameter validation fails, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return an appropriate error as its response to the client.

If both the security check and the parameter validation succeed, the server MUST create a new LDAP command to delete an existing Active Directory object with the specified distinguished name.

The server MUST execute this LDAP command against the domain controller that is specified in *domainControllerName* and check the return value of the LDAP protocol.

If the LDAP protocol returns LDAP_SUCCESS, the server MUST return zero to the caller to indicate the success of the call; otherwise, if the LDAP protocol returned any return code other than LDAP_SUCCESS, the server MUST return the following error code to the caller:

- If the error is LDAP_OPERATIONS_ERROR, the server gets the server-side error code of the LDAP operation and MUST return dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the server-side error code to the caller.
- For all other LDAP errors, the server MUST return dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the LDAP return code to the caller.

3.1.5.2.3 ModifyObject Method (Opnum 5)

The ModifyObject method MUST execute an LDAP command under machine security credentials to add, delete, or modify attributes of an Active Directory object with a specified distinguished name. <37>

```
HRESULT ModifyObject(  
    [in] BSTR domainControllerName,  
    [in] BSTR distinguishedName,  
    [in] SAFEARRAY(_AdAttributeData)* attributes  
);
```

domainControllerName: MUST be the FQDN of the domain controller to which the method sends the LDAP request. The format of the distinguished name is specified in [\[RFC2251\]](#) section 4.1.3.

distinguishedName: MUST be the distinguished name of the Active Directory object being modified. The distinguished name of any object in Active Directory MAY be used.

attributes: MUST be the safe array of attributes that are to be added, modified, or deleted.

Return Values: The method MUST return:

- 0 on success.
- For LDAP protocol failures:
 - If the LDAP error is LDAP_OPERATIONS_ERROR, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the server-side error code.
 - For all other LDAP errors, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the LDAP return code. For more information, see [\[LDAP-ERR\]](#).
- For all other failures, an implementation-specific nonzero [HRESULT](#) error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

After the server receives this message, it MUST check whether the caller has sufficient rights to perform the operation. The implementation SHOULD perform a platform-specific check to verify that the rights are appropriate for the modification of Active Directory objects.

- If the user does not have sufficient rights, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return the dfsrHelperErrorNotLocalAdmin error code as its response to the client.
- If the server fails to perform this security check because of an implementation-specific failure, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return an appropriate error as its response to the client. <38>

If the security check succeeds and the server can verify that the user has sufficient rights, the server MUST proceed to the next steps of the method.

When the server receives this message, it MUST validate the parameters:

- Verify that *domainControllerName* and *distinguishedName* are not NULL and are not empty strings.

If parameter validation fails, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return an appropriate error as its response to the client.

If both the security check and the parameter validation succeed, the server MUST create a new LDAP command for modifying an existing Active Directory object with the specified distinguished name and attributes.

The server MUST execute this LDAP command against the domain controller that is specified in *domainControllerName* and check the return value of the LDAP protocol.

If the LDAP protocol returns LDAP_SUCCESS, the server MUST return zero to the caller to indicate the success of the call; otherwise, if the LDAP protocol returns any return code other than LDAP_SUCCESS, the server MUST return the following error code to the caller:

- If the error is LDAP_OPERATIONS_ERROR, the server gets the server-side error code of the LDAP operation and MUST return dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the server-side error code to the caller.
- For all other LDAP errors, the server MUST return dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the LDAP return code to the caller.

3.1.5.3 IADProxy2 Interface

The **IADProxy2** interface, as specified in [MS-DCOM](#), inherits from the IADProxy interface, which in turn inherits from the IUnknown interface. Method opnum field values start with 6. Opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown::QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively. Opnums 3 through 5 are inherited from [IADProxy](#).

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object using the UUID {C4B0C7D9-ABE0-4733-A1E1-9FDEDF260C7A}.

In these methods, the DFS-R Helper Protocol calls several Windows APIs and returns the error codes that are returned by these APIs. These are referred to as nonzero implementation-specific error codes in the following sections.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
CreateObject	Create an Active Directory object with the specified distinguished name and attributes. Opnum: 6
DeleteObject	Delete an Active Directory object with the specified distinguished name and attributes. Opnum: 7
ModifyObject	Add, delete, or modify attributes of the specified Active Directory object. Opnum: 8

3.1.5.3.1 CreateObject Method (Opnum 6)

The **CreateObject** method MUST execute an LDAP command under machine security credentials, or for a cluster, under the specified network name credentials in order to create an Active Directory object that has a specific distinguished name and attributes. [<39>](#)

```
HRESULT CreateObject(  
    [in] BSTR domainControllerName,
```

```
[in] BSTR distinguishedName,
[in] SAFEARRAY(_AdAttributeData)* attributes,
[in] BSTR verifyNameDomainControllerName,
[in] BSTR networkNameResourceName
);
```

domainControllerName: MUST be the FQDN of the domain controller to which the method sends the LDAP request. The format of the distinguished name MUST be as specified in [\[RFC2251\]](#) section 4.1.3.

distinguishedName: MUST be the distinguished name of the Active Directory object that is being created. The distinguished name of any object in Active Directory MAY be used. The format of the distinguished name is specified in [\[RFC2251\]](#) section 4.1.3.

attributes: MUST be the safe array of attributes that are to be created for the new object.

verifyNameDomainControllerName: If the attributes of the object refer to an object in another domain, the client MUST specify the domain controller in that domain that will be used to verify the reference. The LDAP_SERVER_VERIFY_NAME_OID control MUST be added to the LDAP command. The LDAP_SERVER_VERIFY_NAME_OID control is specified in [\[MS-ADTS\]](#) section 3.1.1.3.4.1.16. If this parameter does not specify a domain controller that can be contacted to validate these references, the method MUST fail and return an LDAP protocol failure.

networkNameResourceName: MUST be the name of the cluster resource (the resource type MUST be "Network Name"). If this parameter is a non-empty string, the server MUST execute the LDAP command under the account that corresponds to this network name. There are no constraints regarding the format of the network name except the requirement that its length MUST NOT be longer than 32,767 characters. Otherwise, if this parameter is NULL or an empty string, the server MUST use the machine account to execute the LDAP command.

Return Values: Return Values: The method MUST return:

- 0 on success.
- For LDAP protocol failures:
 - If the LDAP error is LDAP_OPERATIONS_ERROR, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the server-side error code.
 - For all other LDAP errors, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the LDAP return code. For more information, see [\[LDAP-ERR\]](#).
- For all other failures, an implementation-specific nonzero [HRESULT](#) error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

The server MUST handle this message by using the same sequence of steps as for [IADProxy::CreateObject](#) (as specified in section [3.1.5.2.1](#)), with the following additional step:

- The server MUST execute the LDAP command under the credentials that correspond to the network resource name that is supplied in the *networkNameResourceName* parameter.

3.1.5.3.2 DeleteObject Method (Opnum 7)

The **DeleteObject** method executes an LDAP command to delete an Active Directory object with a specified distinguished name and attributes. The command MUST be executed under the machine security credentials, or for a cluster, under the specified network name credentials. [<40>](#)

```
HRESULT DeleteObject(  
    [in] BSTR domainControllerName,  
    [in] BSTR distinguishedName,  
    [in] BSTR networkNameResourceName  
);
```

domainControllerName: MUST be the FQDN of the domain controller to which the method sends the LDAP request.

distinguishedName: MUST be the distinguished name of the Active Directory object that is being deleted. The distinguished name of any object in Active Directory MAY be used. The format of the distinguished name is specified in [\[RFC2251\]](#) section 4.1.3.

networkNameResourceName: MUST be the name of the cluster resource (the resource type MUST be "Network Name"). If this parameter is a non-empty string, the server MUST execute the LDAP command under the account that corresponds to this network name. There are no constraints regarding the format of the network name except the requirement that its length be no more than 32,767 characters. Otherwise, if this parameter is NULL or an empty string, the server MUST use the machine account to execute the LDAP command.

Return Values: The method MUST return:

- 0 on success.
- For LDAP protocol failures:
 - If the LDAP error is LDAP_OPERATIONS_ERROR, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the server-side error code.
 - For all other LDAP errors, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the LDAP return code. For more information, see [\[LDAP-ERR\]](#).
- For all other failures, an implementation-specific nonzero error code.

The server MUST handle this message by using the same sequence of steps as for [IADProxy::DeleteObject](#) (as specified in section [3.1.5.2.2](#)), with the following additional step:

- The server MUST execute the LDAP command under the credentials that correspond to the network resource name that is supplied in the *networkNameResourceName* parameter.

3.1.5.3.3 ModifyObject Method (Opnum 8)

The **ModifyObject** method executes an LDAP command to add, delete, or modify attributes of a specified Active Directory object. The command MUST be executed under machine security credentials, or for a cluster, under the specified network name credentials in order to create an Active Directory object with a specific distinguished name and attributes. [<41>](#)

```
HRESULT ModifyObject(  
    [in] BSTR domainControllerName,
```

```

[in] BSTR distinguishedName,
[in] SAFEARRAY(_AdAttributeData)* attributes,
[in] BSTR networkNameResourceName
);

```

domainControllerName: MUST be the FQDN of the domain controller to which the method sends the LDAP request.

distinguishedName: MUST be the distinguished name of the Active Directory object that is being modified. The distinguished name of any object in Active Directory MAY be used. The format of the distinguished name is specified in [\[RFC2251\]](#) section 4.1.3.

attributes: MUST be the safe array of attributes that are to be added, modified, or deleted.

networkNameResourceName: MUST be the name of the cluster resource (the resource type MUST be "Network Name"). If this parameter is a non-empty string, the server MUST execute the LDAP command under the account that corresponds to this network name. There are no constraints regarding the format of the network name except the requirement that its length be no more than 32,767 characters. Otherwise, if this parameter is NULL or an empty string, the server MUST use the machine account to execute the LDAP command.

Return Values: The method MUST return:

- 0 on success.
- For LDAP protocol failures:
 - If the LDAP error is LDAP_OPERATIONS_ERROR, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the server-side error code.
 - For all other LDAP errors, dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase + the LDAP return code. For more information, see [\[LDAP-ERR\]](#).
 - For all other failures, an implementation-specific nonzero [HRESULT](#) error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

The server MUST handle this message by using the same sequence of steps as for [IADProxy::ModifyObject](#) (as specified in section [3.1.5.2.3](#)), with the following additional step:

- The server MUST execute the LDAP command under the credentials that correspond to the network resource name that is supplied in the *networkNameResourceName* parameter.

3.1.5.4 IServerHealthReport Interface

The **IServerHealthReport** interface, as specified in [MS-DCOM](#), inherits the IUnknown interface. Method opnum field values start with 3; opnum values 0 through 2 represent the IUnknown_QueryInterface, AddRef, and Release methods, respectively.

To receive incoming remote calls for this interface, the server MUST implement a DCOM object using the UUID {E65E8028-83E8-491b-9AF7-AAF6BD51A0CE}.

Methods in RPC Opnum Order

Method	Description
GetReport	Retrieves health information for the specified replication group and global health data of the DFS-R service on the server. Opnum: 3
GetCompressedReport	Gets the health information for the specified replication group and the global health data of the DFS-R service on the server. Opnum: 4
GetRawReportEx	Not implemented. Opnum: 5
GetReferenceVersionVectors	Gets the version vectors for all replicated folders in the specified replication group. Opnum: 6
GetMemberVersionVectorsAndBacklogCounts	Local use only. MUST not be called by the client. Opnum: 7
GetReferenceBacklogCount	Gets the outbound backlog for a replicated folder on the member, relative to specified version vectors. Opnum: 8

3.1.5.4.1 GetReport Method (Opnum 3)

The **GetReport** method retrieves health information for the specified replication group that is hosted on the server in addition to the global health data of the DFS-R service on the server.

```
HRESULT GetReport(
    [in] GUID replicationGroupGuid,
    [in] BSTR referenceMember,
    [in] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData)* referenceVersionVectors,
    [in] long flags,
    [out] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData)* memberVersionVectors,
    [out] BSTR* reportXML
);
```

replicationGroupGuid: MUST be the identifier of the replication group for which the server gets health information. This field corresponds to the **objectGUID** field of the msDFSR-ReplicationGroup configuration object in Active Directory. The msDFSR-ReplicationGroup is specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.3.5.

referenceMember: If the flags parameter has REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG set, this parameter MUST be set to the name of the reference member. Otherwise, this parameter MUST be set to NULL.

referenceVersionVectors: If the flags parameter has REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG set, the set of version vectors for replicated folders on the reference member MUST be passed by using this parameter. Otherwise, this parameter MUST be set to NULL. The [VersionVectorData](#) structure is specified in section [2.2.1.4](#).

flags: Any values of the [DfsrReportingFlags](#) enumeration MUST be combined together by using a bitwise OR operation. For more information about **DfsrReportingFlags**, see section [2.2.1.2](#).

memberVersionVectors: If the flags parameter has REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG set, the set of version vectors for the replicated folders on the server together with outgoing MUST be returned in this output parameter. The **VersionVectorData** structure is specified in section [2.2.1.4](#).

reportXML: The report body in the XML format MUST be returned in this output parameter. For more information about the XML format of the report, see section [2.2.1.5](#).

Return Values: The method MUST return 0 on success; or return an implementation-specific nonzero [HRESULT](#) error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF on failure. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

After receiving this message, the server MUST validate parameters:

- Verify that the *reportXML* pointer is not NULL.

If parameter validation fails, the server MUST fail the operation immediately and return an appropriate error as its response to the client. [<42>](#)

If the REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG flag was set in the flags parameter, the server MUST get the member version vector for each enabled replicated folder in the replication group with the GUID that is specified by the replicationGroupGuid parameter. The server MUST save information about the version vectors in the *memberVersionVectors* output parameter.

The server MUST also generate report XML. The server MUST get the following information (for more information, see section [2.2.1.5](#)):

- Information about the configuration of the replicated folder (replicated folder root path, staging folder path, conflict folder path, and configured staging size).
- Information about files that were received from other DFS-R members since the DFS-R service started, which SHOULD occur when the system is booted. The required information is the count and cumulative compressed size of the files received, as well as the cumulative compressed size of the files received from other members.
- Information about available errors that were encountered by the DFS-R service since the server started. These errors are specified in section [2.2.1.5.17](#).
- If the REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG flag was specified in message parameters, the server MUST also get the count of pending incoming changes that are known to the reference member (as specified by the version vectors passed in the method parameters) but that are not yet received on the local member.
- If the REPORTING_FLAGS_FILES flag was specified in message parameters, the server MUST also count the number of files and cumulative file sizes for:
 - Files under the replicated folder root that are available for replication. The server MUST NOT count any files that are excluded from replication.
 - Files in the conflict folder.

- Files in the staging folder. For the staging folder, the server MUST count only the cumulative size of the files and specify -1 instead of the count of files.

If an error is encountered while the server is getting the information listed above, the server MAY choose to abort further processing and return the implementation-specific error to the client. Alternatively, the server MAY choose to proceed with getting other health information and to exclude from the report the information that it was unable to collect. [<43>](#)

3.1.5.4.2 GetCompressedReport Method (Opnum 4)

The **GetCompressedReport** method gets the health information for the specified replication group that is hosted on the server in addition to the global health data of the DFS-R service on the server.

```
HRESULT GetCompressedReport (
    [in] GUID replicationGroupGuid,
    [in] BSTR referenceMember,
    [in] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData)* referenceVersionVectors,
    [in] long flags,
    [out] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData)* memberVersionVectors,
    [out] BSTR* reportCompressed,
    [out] long* uncompressedReportSize
);
```

replicationGroupGuid: MUST be the identifier of the replication group for which the server gets health information. This field corresponds to the **objectGUID** field of the msDFSR-ReplicationGroup configuration object in Active Directory. The msDFSR-ReplicationGroup is specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.3.5.

referenceMember: If the flags parameter has REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG set, this parameter MUST be set to the name of the reference member. Otherwise, this parameter MUST be set to NULL.

referenceVersionVectors: If the flags parameter has REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG set, the set of version vectors for replicated folders on the reference member MUST be passed by using this parameter. Otherwise, this parameter MUST be set to NULL. The [VersionVectorData](#) structure is specified in section [2.2.1.4](#).

flags: MUST be zero or more combinations of values of DfsrReportingFlags enumeration. The DfsrReportingFlags enumeration is specified in section [2.2.1.2](#).

memberVersionVectors: If the flags parameter has REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG set, the set of version vectors for the replicated folders on the server together with outgoing MUST be returned in this output parameter. The **VersionVectorData** structure is specified in section [2.2.1.4](#).

reportCompressed: The compressed report body in the XML format MUST be returned in this output parameter. The format of the XML MUST be the same as for the *reportXML* member of the [GetReport](#) method. This MUST be an encoded field whose format is specified by the Windows Server 2003 decompression algorithm in [\[MS-DRSR\]](#) section **4.1.10.2.13**.

uncompressedReportSize: The size, in bytes, of the uncompressed data returned in the *reportCompressed* parameter.

Return Values: The method MUST return zero on success, or an implementation-specific nonzero [HRESULT](#) error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000

and 0xFFFFFFFF on failure. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

After receiving this message, the server MUST create the **IServerHealthReport::GetReport** message with the same input parameters and then process this message.

If a nonzero return code was received as a result of processing the **IServerHealthReport::GetReport** message, the server MUST immediately return this return code to the client.

For a zero error code, the server MUST return the size of the uncompressed report that is returned from **IServerHealthReport::GetReport** through the *uncompressedReportSize* output parameter. The server MUST also return the information about the version vectors that is returned by **IServerHealthReport::GetReport** through the *memberVersionVectors* output parameter.

The server MUST encode the report as a field in the format that is specified by the Windows Server 2003 compression algorithm in [\[MS-DRSR\]](#) section **4.1.10.2.13**. After examining the compressed report size:

- If the compressed report size is less than the uncompressed size, the server MUST return the compressed report through the *reportCompressed* output parameter.
- If the compressed report size is greater than or equal to the uncompressed size, the server MUST return the uncompressed report through the *reportCompressed* output parameter.

The server MUST return the response to the client. The response MUST contain the output parameters that are mentioned above and also the status of the operation.

3.1.5.4.3 GetRawReportEx Method (Opnum 5)

The **GetRawReportEx** method is not currently in use and has never been implemented in any version of the DFS-R Helper Protocol. It is reserved for future use.

```
HRESULT GetRawReportEx(  
    [in] GUID replicationGroupGuid,  
    [in] SAFEARRAY(VARIANT)* reportOptions,  
    [out] SAFEARRAY(VARIANT)* report  
);
```

replicationGroupGuid: Not implemented.

reportOptions: Not implemented.

report: Not implemented.

Return Values: Return Values: The server MUST return the E_NOTIMPL error code (numeric value 0x80000001L) and take no action. [<44>](#)

Return value/code	Description
0x80000001 E_NOTIMPL	Not implemented.

3.1.5.4.4 GetReferenceVersionVectors Method (Opnum 6)

The **GetReferenceVersionVectors** method gets the version vectors for all replicated folders in the specified replication group.

```
HRESULT GetReferenceVersionVectors(  
    [in] GUID replicationGroupGuid,  
    [out] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData)* referenceVersionVectors  
);
```

replicationGroupGuid: MUST be the identifier of the replication group for which the server gets version vectors.

referenceVersionVectors: MUST be the array of version vectors for the replicated folders on the server. MUST be returned in this output parameter. For more information, see section [2.2.1.4](#).

Return Values: The method MUST return zero on success or return an implementation-specific nonzero **HRESULT** error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF on failure. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

Upon receiving this message, the server MUST get all version vectors for replicated folders in the replication group with the GUID that is specified by *replicationGroupGuid*.

The server MUST save information about these version vectors in the *referenceVersionVectors* output parameter and return zero to indicate success. If failure, the *referenceVersionVectors* output parameter MUST be set to contain a NULL pointer value for the SAFEARRAY and return a failure **HRESULT** error code in the range (0x80000000 – 0xFFFFFFFF).

The server MUST return the response to the client. The response MUST contain the output parameters that are mentioned above, and also the status of the operation.

3.1.5.4.5 GetMemberVersionVectorsAndBacklogCounts Method (Opnum 7)

The method MUST NOT be called from a remote client; therefore, the description of this method is not provided.

```
HRESULT GetMemberVersionVectorsAndBacklogCounts(  
    [in] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData)* referenceVersionVectors,  
    [out] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData)* memberVersionVectors  
);
```

referenceVersionVectors: For local use only.

memberVersionVectors: For local use only.

Return Values: The method MUST return an implementation-specific **HRESULT** error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF on failure. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures and take no action when called from a remote client.

3.1.5.4.6 GetReferenceBacklogCount Method (Opnum 8)

The **GetReferenceBacklogCount** method gets the outbound backlog for a replicated folder on the member, relative to specific version vectors.

```
HRESULT GetReferenceBacklogCounts(  
    [in] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData)* flatMemberVersionVectors,  
    [out] SAFEARRAY(long)* backlogCounts  
);
```

flatMemberVersionVectors: MUST be the version vector of the replication group on another member that is participating in the same replication group. If multiple members are specified in the *flatMemberVersionVectors* array, the *backlogCounts* array contains the backlog counts for each reference vector specified.

backlogCounts: The relative backlog for each reference vector in *flatMemberVersionVectors* MUST be returned in this output parameter. The length of the *backlogCounts* array MUST be the same as the length of *flatMemberVersionVectors*. The value on each position in the returned array MUST correspond to the version vector on the same position in the *flatMemberVersionVectors* array.

Return Values: The method MUST return 0 on success or return an implementation-specific nonzero [HRESULT](#) error code, as specified in [\[MS-ERREF\]](#) section 2.1, between 0x80000000 and 0xFFFFFFFF on failure. For protocol purposes, all nonzero values MUST be treated as equivalent failures.

After the server receives this message, it MUST get the backlog count for each version vector that is supplied in the message parameters. If the server fails to retrieve a backlog count, it returns a special value in the *backlogCounts* array at an index that corresponds to the index in the *flatMemberVersionVectors* for the entry that was used as input. The overall method MAY still return success (S_OK). These special values are as follows:

- BACKLOG_CONTENT_SET_NOT_PRESENT (0xffffffff): The content set is not present in DFS-R.
- BACKLOG_ERROR_VECTOR_DECOMPRESS_FAILED (0xfffffffffe): The flat member version vector could not be decompressed by using Xpress.
- BACKLOG_ERROR_EMPTY_VECTOR_FROM_MEMBER (0xfffffffffe): The version vector is empty, that is, it has a 0 length.
- BACKLOG_ERROR_GET_BACKLOG_FAILED (0xfffffffffe): Other run-time errors or implementation-specific errors that prevent the calculation of the backlog count.

The backlog counts MUST be saved in the *backlogCounts* output parameter.

The server MUST return the response to the client. The response MUST contain the output parameters that were previously mentioned and also the status of the operation.

3.1.6 Timer Events

No timer events are used in the DFS-R Helper Protocol.

3.1.7 Other Local Events

No other local events are used in the DFS-R Helper Protocol.

3.2 Client Role Details

3.2.1 Abstract Data Model

No abstract data model is required.

3.2.2 Timers

No timers are required.

3.2.3 Initialization

A client MUST initialize by creating an RPC binding handle to one of the interfaces. For more information and a description of how to get a client-side RPC binding handle for an interface, see [\[MS-DCOM\]](#).

No additional initialization is required. The client can call the method of the interfaces immediately after binding.

3.2.4 Higher-Layer Triggered Events

All method invocations are triggered by higher-layer events, such as commands issued in administrative and diagnostic applications.

3.2.5 Message Processing Events and Sequencing Rules

The DFS-R Helper Protocol client does not maintain any state. It MUST send to the server the command that is issued by administrative and diagnostic applications. All error codes are returned directly to the application.

3.2.5.1 Methods with Prerequisites

The methods of the [IServerHealthReport](#), [IADProxy](#), and [IADProxy2](#) interfaces require no prerequisite calls against the server.

3.2.6 Timer Events

No timer events are used in the DFS-R Helper Protocol.

3.2.7 Other Local Events

No other local events are used in the DFS-R Helper Protocol.

4 Protocol Examples

4.1 Example of Messages Between a Client and Server

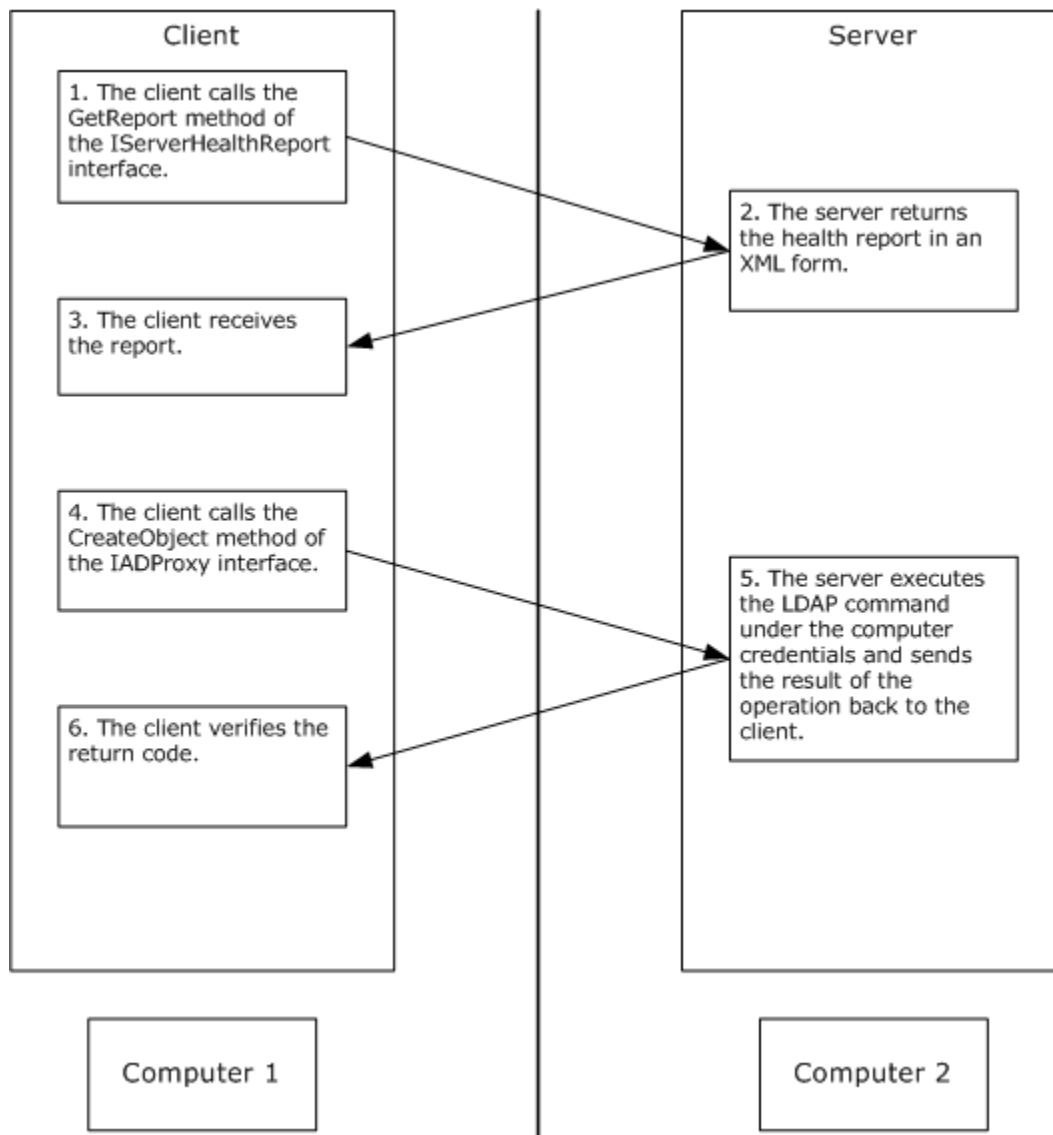


Figure 1: Example of messages between a client and server

4.2 Example of the Server Health Report in XML Format

The following is an example of the server health report in XML format.

```
<server name="REPLICATION001"
  dns="replication001.microsoft.com"
  domain="microsoft.com"
  ipAddress="192.168.0.1"
  site="EUROPE"
```

```

        ServerReportVersion="1.0"
        dfsrHelperVersion="5.2.3790.2590">
<serviceInfo>
  <state>4</state>
  <version>5.2.3790.2075</version>
  <timestamp timezone="60">
    <fileTime>127831243048498000</fileTime>
    <systemTime>Monday, January 30, 2006 20:51:44</systemTime>
  </timestamp>
</serviceInfo>
<serverInfo>
  <referenceDC dnsName="dc01.microsoft.com"
    domain="microsoft.com"/>
</serverInfo>
<contentSets>
  <set name="PROGRAMS"
    guid="F1E9D5E7-8BB6-4DA5-8EA2-851D48AD3845">
    <status>4</status>
    <fileFilter>~*, *.bak, *.tmp</fileFilter>
    <directoryFilter></directoryFilter>
    <folder type="root">
      <path>D:\PROGRAMS</path>
      <fileCount>100</fileCount>
      <folderCount>10</folderCount>
      <size>100000000</size>
      <configSize>0</configSize>
    </folder>
    <folder type="conflict">
      <path>D:\PROGRAMS\ConflictAndDeleted</path>
      <fileCount>10</fileCount>
      <folderCount>1</folderCount>
      <size>9999</size>
      <configSize>50000</configSize>
    </folder>
    <folder type="staging">
      <path>D:\PROGRAMS\DfsrPrivate\Staging</path>
      <fileCount>-1</fileCount>
      <folderCount>-1</folderCount>
      <size>300000</size>
      <configSize>15728640000</configSize>
    </folder>
    <dfsrStats>
      <sizeOfFilesReceived>7777</sizeOfFilesReceived>
      <totalBytesReceived>1111</totalBytesReceived>
    </dfsrStats>
    <transactions>
      <recvdfiles>15</recvdfiles>
      <backlogInbound>1</backlogInbound>
      <backlogOutbound>2</backlogOutbound>
    </transactions>
  </set>
</contentSets>
<disks>
  <drive letter="D:"
    volumeGuid="7C4BEA43-058E-11D6-B46D-0002A5D5A948"
    name="Content">
    <totalSpace>109244235776</totalSpace>
    <freeSpace>61027024896</freeSpace>
    <journalSize>536870912</journalSize>
  </drive>
  <drive letter="C:"
    volumeGuid="9790DAD9-052B-11D6-9DA1-806D6172696F"
    name="SYSTEM">
    <totalSpace>9262448640</totalSpace>
    <freeSpace>1497842688</freeSpace>

```

```

    <journalSize>0</journalSize>
  </drive>
</disks>
<serverErrors>
  <error id="5012"
    type="warning">
    <timestamp timezone="240">
      <fileTime>127727764510000000</fileTime>
      <systemTime>Monday, October 03, 2005 05:27:31</systemTime>
    </timestamp>
    <affectedContentSets sets="all" />
    <errorReferences>
      <ref refId="5012.1">C9E160FE-F285-4DDF-BBD1-E73D7DD33634</ref>
      <ref refId="5012.2">SERVER01</ref>
      <ref refId="5012.3">PROGRAMS</ref>
      <ref refId="5012.4">SERVER01.microsoft.com</ref>
      <ref refId="5012.5">server01</ref>
      <ref refId="5012.6">192.168.0.100</ref>
      <ref refId="5012.7">9027</ref>
      <ref refId="5012.8">A failure was reported by the remote partner</ref>
      <ref refId="5012.9">D5D8B7F9-C70B-4BF6-B283-199141DEF967</ref>
      <ref refId="5012.10">2</ref>
    </errorReferences>
  </error>
</serverErrors>
</server>

```

5 Security

All security considerations that apply to DCOM interfaces, as specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#) section 5, are also applicable to the DFS-R Helper Protocol.

In addition, the [IADProxy](#) and [IADProxy2](#) interfaces expose methods for changing Active Directory configuration objects. These configuration objects SHOULD have restricted access, as specified in section [1.3](#). Before processing the methods of **IADProxy** and **IADProxy2**, an implementation of the DFS-R Helper Protocol SHOULD verify the identity of the caller and verify that the caller has privileges to change these objects. The details of this check are implementation-specific and depend on the security model of the implementation. [<45>](#)

6 Appendix A: Full IDL

The DFS-R Helper Protocol contains one interface, whose IDL definition is listed in this section.

For ease of implementation, the full **IDL** is provided. The IDL definition for this interface imports "ms-oaut.idl", which in turn imports "ms-dcom.idl" and "ms-dtyp.idl", where "ms-oaut.idl" is the IDL specified in [\[MS-OAUT\]](#), Appendix A; "ms-dcom.idl" is the IDL specified in [\[MS-DCOM\]](#), Appendix A; and "ms-dtyp.idl" is the IDL specified in [\[MS-DTYP\]](#), Appendix A.

```
import "ms-oaut.idl";

#define SAFEARRAY(datatype) SAFEARRAY

[
    uuid(9009D654-250B-4e0d-9AB0-ACB63134F69F)
]
typedef enum DfsrHelperErrorsEnum
{
    dfsrHelperErrorNotLocalAdmin = 0x80042001,
    dfsrHelperErrorCreateVerifyServerControl = 0x80042002,
    dfsrHelperLdapErrorBase = 0x80043000
} DfsrHelperErrorsEnum;

[
    uuid(CEB5D7B4-3964-4f71-AC17-4BF57A379D87)
]
typedef enum DfsrReportingFlags
{
    REPORTING_FLAGS_NONE= 0,
    REPORTING_FLAGS_BACKLOG = 1,
    REPORTING_FLAGS_FILES   = 2,
} DfsrReportingFlags;

typedef [uuid(D3766938-9FB7-4392-AF2F-2CE8749DBBD0)]
struct AdAttributeData
{
    long operation;
    BSTR attributeName;
    BSTR attributeValue;
    VARIANT_BOOL isString;
    long length;
}
_AdAttributeData;

typedef
[uuid(7A2323C7-9EBE-494a-A33C-3CC329A18E1D)]
struct VersionVectorData
{
    long uncompressedSize;
    long backlogCount;
    BSTR contentSetGuid;
    VARIANT versionVector;
}
_VersionVectorData;

//-----

[
    object,
    uuid(4BB8AB1D-9EF9-4100-8EB6-DD4B4E418B72),
    oleautomation,
    helpstring("IADProxy Interface"),
```



```

        pointer_default(unique)
    ]
    interface IADProxy : IUnknown
    {
        HRESULT CreateObject(
            [in] BSTR domainControllerName,
            [in] BSTR distinguishedName,
            [in] SAFEARRAY(_AdAttributeData) *attributes,
            [in] BSTR verifyNameDomainControllerName);

        HRESULT DeleteObject(
            [in] BSTR domainControllerName,
            [in] BSTR distinguishedName);

        HRESULT ModifyObject(
            [in] BSTR domainControllerName,
            [in] BSTR distinguishedName,
            [in] SAFEARRAY(_AdAttributeData) *attributes);
    };

//-----

[
    object,
    uuid(C4B0C7D9-ABE0-4733-A1E1-9FDEDF260C7A),
    oleautomation,
    helpstring("IADProxy2 Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IADProxy2 : IADProxy
{
    HRESULT CreateObject(
        [in] BSTR domainControllerName,
        [in] BSTR distinguishedName,
        [in] SAFEARRAY(_AdAttributeData) *attributes,
        [in] BSTR verifyNameDomainControllerName,
        [in] BSTR networkNameResourceName);

    HRESULT DeleteObject(
        [in] BSTR domainControllerName,
        [in] BSTR distinguishedName,
        [in] BSTR networkNameResourceName);

    HRESULT ModifyObject(
        [in] BSTR domainControllerName,
        [in] BSTR distinguishedName,
        [in] SAFEARRAY(_AdAttributeData) *attributes,
        [in] BSTR networkNameResourceName);
};

//-----

[
    object,
    uuid(E65E8028-83E8-491b-9AF7-AAF6BD51A0CE),
    oleautomation,
    helpstring("IServerHealthReport Interface"),
    pointer_default(unique)
]
interface IServerHealthReport : IUnknown
{
    HRESULT GetReport(
        [in] GUID replicationGroupGuid,
        [in] BSTR referenceMember,
        [in] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData) *referenceVersionVectors,

```

```

    [in] long flags,
    [out] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData) *memberVersionVectors,
    [out] BSTR *reportXML);

HRESULT GetCompressedReport(
    [in] GUID replicationGroupGuid,
    [in] BSTR referenceMember,
    [in] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData) *referenceVersionVectors,
    [in] long flags,
    [out] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData) *memberVersionVectors,
    [out] BSTR *reportCompressed,
    [out] long *uncompressedReportSize);

HRESULT GetRawReportEx(
    [in] GUID replicationGroupGuid,
    [in] SAFEARRAY(VARIANT) *reportOptions,
    [out] SAFEARRAY(VARIANT) *report);

HRESULT GetReferenceVersionVectors(
    [in] GUID replicationGroupGuid,
    [out] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData) *referenceVersionVectors);

HRESULT GetMemberVersionVectorsAndBacklogCounts(
    [in] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData) *referenceVersionVectors,
    [out] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData) *memberVersionVectors);

HRESULT GetReferenceBacklogCounts(
    [in] SAFEARRAY(_VersionVectorData) *flatMemberVersionVectors,
    [out] SAFEARRAY(long) *backlogCounts);
}

```

7 Appendix B: Windows Behavior

The information in this specification is applicable to the following versions of Windows:

- Windows 95
- Windows 98
- Windows 2000
- Windows Me
- Windows XP
- Windows Vista
- Windows NT
- Windows NT 4.0
- Windows NT Server
- Windows 2000 Server
- Windows Server 2003
- Windows Server 2003 SP1
- Windows Server 2008

Exceptions, if any, are noted below. Unless otherwise specified, any statement of optional behavior in this specification prescribed using the terms SHOULD or SHOULD NOT implies Windows behavior in accordance with the SHOULD or SHOULD NOT prescription. Unless otherwise specified, the term MAY implies that Windows does not follow the prescription.

[<1> Section 1.1:](#) The DFS-R service excludes the following files from replication:

- Files that have a temporary flag.
- Specific types of reparse points that are not supported by DFS-R. (Supported and unsupported reparse points are specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#).)
- Encrypted files.

[<2> Section 1.3:](#) A server that is running Windows Server 2003 R2 or Windows Server 2008 and the DFS-R Helper Protocol verifies that the calling user account is in the administrators group on that server computer. Windows 2000 and Windows Server 2003 (other than R2), and client operating systems such as Windows XP and Windows Vista, do not support the DFS-R Helper Protocol.

[<3> Section 1.5:](#) The user account under which the client runs MUST be a member of the administrators group on the server computer on which the Distributed File System: Replication Helper (DFS-R Helper) Protocol is running for it to be able to configure DFS-R and monitor the state of the DFS-R service on the computer.

[<4> Section 1.7:](#) The [IADProxy](#) and [IServerHealthReport](#) interfaces are available on Windows Server 2003 R2 and Windows Server 2008.

The [IADProxy2](#) interface is available on Windows Server 2008.

The [IADProxy](#) interface MUST be used with Windows Server 2003 R2 and MAY be used with Windows Server 2008.

The [IADProxy2](#) interface MUST be used with a server cluster that is running Windows Server 2008. Either [IADProxy2](#) or [IADProxy](#) MAY be used for nonclustered servers that are running Windows Server 2008.

[<5> Section 2.1:](#) Windows does not configure any transport-authentication settings. Instead, Windows relies on activation and access security for limiting access to DFS Replication Helper.

[<6> Section 2.1:](#) The [IADProxy](#) and [IADProxy2](#) interfaces require the caller to be a member of the administrators security group on the server for both launch and access. Access to the [IServerHealthReport](#) interface is not restricted. However, the implementation of [IServerHealthReport](#) uses the client credentials to access health data of the DFS-R service. Only members of the administrators security group on the server have access to the health data of DFS-R. Therefore, IServerHealth report relies on the DFS-R service to make the necessary security checks.

[<7> Section 2.2.1.5.2:](#) The format of the systemTime element is {the name, in text, of the day of the week} + " " + {the name, in text, of the month} + " " + {the day, in numerals, of the month} + " " + {the year, in numerals} + " " + {the hour, in numerals, using time as represented by a 24-hour clock} + ":" + {the minutes, in numerals} + ":" + {the seconds, in numerals; for example: Monday, January 30, 2006, 20:51:44}.

[<8> Section 2.2.1.5.5:](#) A Windows-based client uses the [IServerHealthReport::GetReferenceVersionVectors](#) method to get the version vector from another server.

[<9> Section 2.2.1.5.5:](#) A Windows-based client uses the [IServerHealthReport::GetReferenceVersionVectors](#) method to get the version vector from another server.

[<10> Section 2.2.1.5.6:](#) The DFS Replication Helper server always sets this field to 0.

[<11> Section 2.2.1.5.7:](#) The DFS-R service excludes the following files from replication:

- Files that have a temporary flag.
- Specific types of reparse points that are not supported by DFS-R.
- Supported and unsupported reparse points that are specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#).
- Encrypted files.

[<12> Section 2.2.1.5.8:](#) For folders where the value of the status field is "6" (disabled replicated folders), the server does not include any [folder](#) elements.

For folders that have any other status, the DFS Replication Helper server adds exactly three [folder](#) elements: one "root", one "staging", and one "conflict".

[<13> Section 2.2.1.5.8:](#) In Windows Server 2003 R2 and Windows Server 2008, DFS-R accesses files on the basis of NTFS semantics. This implies respecting NTFS-sharing semantics, which then means that if other applications have files open—effectively denying shared-read access—DFS-R cannot read these files from disk. Similarly, if applications have files open, thereby denying shared delete access, DFS-R cannot update these files.

[<14> Section 2.2.1.5.9:](#) The version of the dfsr.exe binary (for example, 5.2.3790.1830). This is the same as the version number of the Windows operating system.

[<15> Section 2.2.1.5.10:](#) A computer's site is determined at the time that computer discovers a domain controller in its domain. When the computer discovers a domain controller, the computer connects to it. The IP address that is used on the client to deliver the connection to the domain controller is passed to the domain controller to map it to the site name. The site name is returned to the client via the response, and the client caches the site locally. For more information, see [\[MS-ADTS\]](#).

[<16> Section 2.2.1.5.10:](#) This is the version number of the DFSRHelper.dll binary that is installed on the server.

[<17> Section 2.2.1.5.11:](#) Windows puts the FQDN of the domain in the **domain** attribute.

[<18> Section 2.2.1.5.12:](#) The value of journalSize is **USN journal** size. Windows tracks changes on the volume in the USN journal.

[<19> Section 2.2.1.5.12:](#) The value of this field is the volume GUID.

[<20> Section 2.2.1.5.12:](#) The value of this field is the volume label.

[<21> Section 2.2.1.5.17:](#) All error messages that are specified in this section are detected and reported by the DFS Replication Helper server.

[<22> Section 2.2.1.5.17:](#) The return code of a failed operation is used as the error code, and the verbose string that describes the operation failure is used as the error string. The error string is in the language of the operating system that is installed on the server; regional language settings are not taken into consideration.

[<23> Section 2.2.1.5.17:](#) The values of the error parameters correspond to the specification provided. The error description that is specified for each error corresponds to the event text that is put in the event log when that error is encountered.

[<24> Section 2.2.1.5.17.1:](#) By default, the service is restarted by the service control manager. An administrator may configure the DFS Replication service to not restart automatically. The service will restart automatically if configured to do so.

[<25> Section 2.2.1.5.17.9:](#) This error is returned if the DFS-R service detects an NTFS change journal wrap on the volume.

[<26> Section 2.2.1.5.17.10:](#) The error string that is returned by the database implementation.

[<27> Section 2.2.1.5.17.11:](#) This error is returned if the DFS Replication service detects an NTFS change journal (USN Journal) loss on the volume.

[<28> Section 2.2.1.5.17.12:](#) This error is returned if the DFS Replication service fails to recover from an NTFS change journal (USN Journal) wrap or loss on the volume.

[<29> Section 2.2.1.5.17.15:](#) The value of the high-water mark equals 90 percent of the configured size of the staging folder. The value of the low-water mark equals 60 percent of the configured size of the staging folder. The cleanup process for the staging space is triggered when the high-water mark is met for the staging folder. The cleanup process continues to delete staging files on the basis of their last access time until the low-water mark is reached.

[<30> Section 2.2.1.5.17.22:](#) This error is raised when the file is encrypted by using the Encrypting File System (EFS) in a replicated folder. This file will not be replicated because the replication of files encrypted by EFS is not supported by the DFS Replication service.

[<31> Section 2.2.1.5.17.35:](#) The polling cycle is able to be set in the configuration for DFS-R and has a default value of 60. Valid values are from 1 minute to 596.5 hours.

[<32> Section 2.2.1.5.17.37:](#) The volume MUST be a local, non-removable volume that is formatted by using NTFS.

[<33> Section 3.1.5.2.1:](#) A Windows-based client uses this method only to create the DFS Replication configuration objects that are specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.3.

[<34> Section 3.1.5.2.1:](#) Return standard Windows HRESULTs and Windows errors mapped for [HRESULT](#) (the specific returned code is 0x80070057).

[<35> Section 3.1.5.2.2:](#) A Windows-based client uses this method only to delete the DFS Replication configuration objects that are specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.3.

[<36> Section 3.1.5.2.2:](#) The server checks whether the caller is a member of the administrators group on the local computer.

- Return 0x80042001 if the caller is not a local administrator on the server.

[<37> Section 3.1.5.2.3:](#) A Windows-based client uses this method only to modify the DFS Replication configuration objects that are specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.3.

[<38> Section 3.1.5.2.3:](#) The server verifies that the caller is a member of the administrators group on the local computer.

- Return 0x80042001 if the caller is not a local administrator on the server.

[<39> Section 3.1.5.3.1:](#) A Windows-based client uses this method only to create the DFS Replication configuration objects that are specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.3.

[<40> Section 3.1.5.3.2:](#) A Windows-based client uses this method only to delete the DFS Replication configuration objects that are specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.3.

[<41> Section 3.1.5.3.3:](#) A Windows-based client uses this method only to modify the DFS Replication configuration objects that are specified in [\[MS-FRS2\]](#) section 2.2.3.

[<42> Section 3.1.5.4.1:](#) Return the standard Windows [HRESULT](#) and Windows errors mapped for [HRESULT](#) (the specific code returned is 0x80070057).

[<43> Section 3.1.5.4.1:](#) The server running the DFS-R Helper Protocol in Windows tries to recover from errors and proceeds with collecting other pieces of diagnostic information. The server excludes from the report all health parameters it was unable to collect.

- The server MUST save the report XML in the *reportXML* output parameter.
- The server MUST return a response to the client. The response MUST contain the output parameters previously mentioned and also the status of the operation.

[<44> Section 3.1.5.4.3:](#) The [GetRawReportEx](#) method is not implemented in any version of the DFS-R Helper Protocol.

[<45> Section 5:](#) The server verifies that the caller is a member of the administrators group for that server.

8 Index

[_AdAttributeData structure](#)
[_VersionVectorData structure](#)

A

Abstract data model
 [client](#)
 [server](#)
[AdAttributeData](#)
[affectedContentSets](#)
[affectedFileSet](#)
[Applicability](#)

C

[Capability negotiation](#)
Client
 [abstract data model](#)
 [higher-layer triggered events](#)
 [initialization](#)
 [local events](#)
 [message processing](#)
 [overview](#)
 [sequencing rules](#)
 [timer events](#)
 [timers](#)
CreateObject method ([section 3.1.5.2.1](#), [section 3.1.5.3.1](#))

D

Data model - abstract
 [client](#)
 [server](#)
[Data types](#)
DeleteObject method ([section 3.1.5.2.2](#), [section 3.1.5.3.2](#))
[DfsrHelperErrorsEnum](#)
[DfsrHelperErrorsEnum enumeration](#)
[DfsrReportingFlags](#)
[DfsrReportingFlags enumeration](#)
[dfsrStats](#)
[drive](#)

E

[error](#)
[Error types](#)
[errorReferences](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_CS_ROOT_INVALID](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_CS_ROOT_STALE](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_DUPLICATE_DATA](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_INCONSISTENT_DATA](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_INVALID_DATA](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_DS_UPDATE_FAILED](#) ([section 2.2.1.5.17.34](#), [section 2.2.1.5.17.35](#))
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_INVALID_PARAMETER_ERROR](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_INVALID_PARAMETER_WARNIN](#)
[G](#)

[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_NO_CONNECTIONS_ENABLED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_NO_CONNECTIONS_EXIST](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_VOLUME_CONSISTENCY_CHECK_FAILED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_VOLUME_NOT_SUPPORTED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONFIG_WMI_PROVIDER_REGISTRATION_FAILED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONNECTION_ERROR](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONNECTION_SERVICE_UNREACHABLE](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CONNECTION_UNRECOGNIZED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_DISABLED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_DISK_FULL](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_ERROR](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING_WITH_FRS1](#) ([section 2.2.1.5.17.38](#), [section 2.2.1.5.17.41](#))
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING_WITH_LOG](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_OVERLAPPING_WITH_SYSTEM](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_SHARING_VIOLATION_LOCAL](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_SHARING_VIOLATION_SERVING](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_SHARING_VIOLATION_WALKING](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_CLEANUP_FAILED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_CLEANUP_STARTED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_EXCEEDED_SIZE](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_STAGE_INACCESSIBLE](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_UNSUPPORTED_ENCRYPTED_FILES](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_CS_UNSUPPORTED_REPARSE_TAG](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_INCOMPATIBLE_VERSION](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_DEBUG_LOG_STOP](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_FAILED_PROCESSING_RESTORE_VOLUME_LIST](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_INTERNAL_ERROR](#) ([section 2.2.1.5.17.1](#), [section 2.2.1.5.17.4](#))
[EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_LOG_INITIALIZATION_FAILED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_SERVICE_RESUME_FAILED_AFTER_BACKUP_RESTORE](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_DATABASE_ERROR](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_ERROR](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_JOURNAL_LOSS](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_JOURNAL_RECOVERY_FAILED](#)
[EVENT_DFSR_VOLUME_JOURNAL_WRAP](#)
Examples
 [health report XML](#)
 [messages between client and server](#)
 [overview](#)

F

[Fields - vendor-extensible](#)
[file](#)
[folder](#)

G

[GetCompressedReport method](#)
[GetMemberVersionVectorsAndBacklogCounts method](#)
[GetRawReportEx method](#)
[GetReferenceBacklogCounts method](#)
[GetReferenceVersionVectors method](#)
[GetReport method](#)

[Glossary](#)

H

[Health report XML example](#)

Higher-layer triggered events

[client](#)
[server](#)

I

[IADProxy interface methods](#)

[IADProxy:: DeleteObject method](#)

[IADProxy:: ModifyObject method](#)

[IADProxy:: CreateObject methods](#)

[IADProxy2 interface methods](#)

[IADProxy2:: DeleteObject method](#)

[IADProxy2:: ModifyObject method](#)

[IADProxy2:: CreateObject method](#)

[Informative references](#)

Initialization

[client](#)
[server](#)

[Introduction](#)

[IServerHealthReport interface methods](#)

[IServerHealthReport:: GetReport method](#)

[IServerHealthReport:: GetCompressedReport method](#)

[IServerHealthReport:: GetMemberVersionVectorsAndBacklogCounts method](#)

[IServerHealthReport:: GetRawReportEx method](#)

[IServerHealthReport:: GetReferenceBacklogCount method](#)

[IServerHealthReport:: GetReferenceVersionVectors method](#)

L

Local events

[client](#)
[server](#)

M

Message processing

[client](#)
[server](#)

Messages

[data types](#)
[overview](#)
[syntax](#)
[transport](#)

[Messages between client and server example](#)

Methods ([section 3.1.5.1](#), [section 3.2.5.1](#))

ModifyObject method ([section 3.1.5.2.3](#), [section 3.1.5.3.3](#))

N

[Normative references](#)

O

[Overview](#)

P

[Preconditions](#)

[Prerequisites](#)

R

[ref](#)

References

[informative](#)
[normative](#)
[overview](#)

[Relationship to other protocols](#)

S

[Security](#)

Sequencing rules

[client](#)
[server](#)

[server](#)

[abstract data model](#)

[higher-layer triggered events](#)

[initialization](#)

[local events](#)

[message processing](#)

[overview](#)

[sequencing rules](#)

[timer events](#)

[timers](#)

[Server health report XML](#)

[serverInfo](#)

[serviceInfo](#)

[set](#)

[Standards assignments](#)

[Syntax](#)

T

Timer events

[client](#)
[server](#)

Timers

[client](#)
[server](#)

[timestamp](#)

[transactions](#)

[Transport](#)

Triggered events - higher-layer

[client](#)
[server](#)

V

[Vendor-extensible fields](#)

[VENT_DFSR_SERVICE_RPC_LISTENER_ERROR](#)

[Versioning](#)

[Version-specific behavior](#)
[VersionVectorData](#)

X

[xs namespace](#)